

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:ssspta1621con

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

\* \* \* \* \* Welcome to STN International \* \* \* \* \*

NEWS	1		Web Page for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS	2	DEC 01	ChemPort single article sales feature unavailable
NEWS	3	JUN 01	CAS REGISTRY Source of Registration (SR) searching enhanced on STN
NEWS	4	JUN 26	NUTRACEUT and PHARMAML no longer updated
NEWS	5	JUN 29	IMSCOPROFILE now reloaded monthly
NEWS	6	JUN 29	EPFULL adds Simultaneous Left and Right Truncation (SLART) to AB, MCLM, and TI fields
NEWS	7	JUL 09	PATDPAFULL adds Simultaneous Left and Right Truncation (SLART) to AB, CLM, MCLM, and TI fields
NEWS	8	JUL 14	USGENE enhances coverage of patent sequence location (PSL) data
NEWS	9	JUL 27	CA/CAPLUS enhanced with new citing references
NEWS	10	JUL 16	GBFULL adds patent backfile data to 1855
NEWS	11	JUL 21	USGENE adds bibliographic and sequence information
NEWS	12	JUL 28	EPFULL adds first-page images and applicant-cited references
NEWS	13	JUL 28	INPADOCDB and INPAFAMDB add Russian legal status data
NEWS	14	AUG 08	Improve STN by completing a survey and be entered to win a gift card
NEWS	15	AUG 10	Time limit for inactive STN sessions doubles to 40 minutes
NEWS	16	AUG 17	CAS REGISTRY, the Global Standard for Chemical Research, Approaches 50 Millionth Registration Milestone
NEWS	17	AUG 18	COMPENDEX indexing changed for the Corporate Source (CS) field

NEWS EXPRESS MAY 26 09 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.4,  
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 06 APRIL 2009.

NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability  
NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN customer agreement. This agreement limits use to scientific research. Use for software development or design, implementation of commercial gateways, or use of CAS and STN data in the building of commercial

products is prohibited and may result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*  
\* Please take a couple of minutes to complete our short survey. Your \*  
\* name will be entered to win one of five \$20 Amazon.com gift cards. \*  
\*  
\* See NEWS 14 for details or go directly to the survey at: \*  
\* <http://www.zoomerang.com/Survey/?p=WEB229H4S8Q5UL> \*  
\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* STN Columbus \* \* \* \* \*

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:34:00 ON 20 AUG 2009

=> FILE REG		
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.22	0.22

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:34:12 ON 20 AUG 2009  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2009 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 19 AUG 2009 HIGHEST RN 1174705-31-7  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 19 AUG 2009 HIGHEST RN 1174705-31-7

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

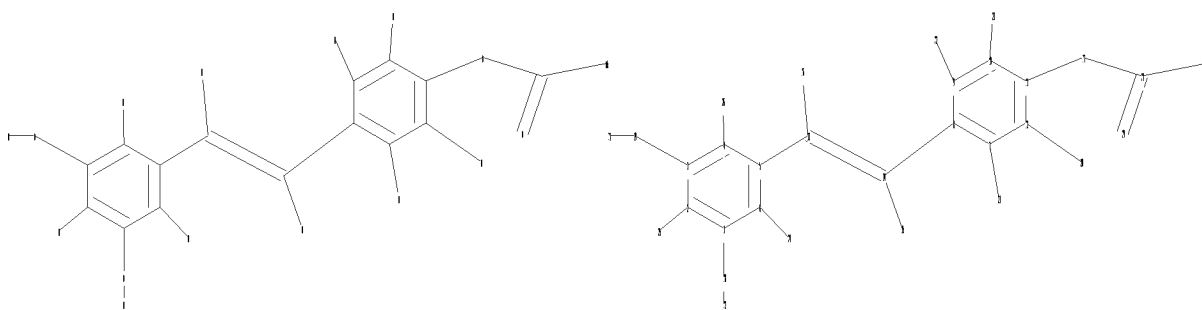
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH June 26, 2009.

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html>

=>  
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\NO22A.str



chain nodes :

13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

chain bonds :

1-18 2-25 3-19 4-26 5-13 6-24 7-21 8-14 9-22 10-23 11-17 12-20 13-14  
13-16 14-15 17-27 18-32 19-31 27-29 27-28

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12

exact/norm bonds :

1-18 3-19 11-17 17-27 27-29 27-28

exact bonds :

2-25 4-26 5-13 6-24 7-21 8-14 9-22 10-23 12-20 13-14 13-16 14-15 18-32  
19-31

normalized bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12

G1: Cy, Ak

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom  
11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS  
19:CLASS 20:CLASS 21:CLASS 22:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS  
27:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS 31:CLASS 32:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> S L1 FULL

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 16:34:42 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1728 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 1728 ITERATIONS

27 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L2 27 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> FILE CAPLUS

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	185.88	186.10

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:34:51 ON 20 AUG 2009  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2009 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 20 Aug 2009 VOL 151 ISS 8  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 Aug 2009 (20090819/ED)  
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Jun 2009  
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Jun 2009

CAPLUS now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the second quarter of 2009.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

<http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html>

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

The ALL, BIB, MAX, and STD display formats in the CA/CAPLUS family of databases have been updated to include new citing references information. This enhancement may impact record import into database management software. For additional information, refer to NEWS 9.

=> S L2

L3 43 L2

=> D L3 IBIB ABS HITSTR 1-43

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2009:296715 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 150:313286

TITLE: Resveratrol ferulate compounds, topical compositions containing the compounds, and methods of using the same in skin lightening and anti-aging cosmetic formulations

INVENTOR(S): Bratescu, Daniela; Mohammadi, Fatemeh; Zecchino, Jules; Daneshyar, Fred

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Elc Management LLC, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 59pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2009032896	A2	20090312	WO 2008-US75210	20080904
WO 2009032896	A3	20090507		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA				
US 20090068132	A1	20090312	US 2008-204064	20080904
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2007-970943P	P 20070908
			US 2008-29600P	P 20080219

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 150:313286

AB The present invention relates to cosmetic compns. containing resveratrol ferulate in a topically acceptable carrier. Such compns. are particularly effective for skin lightening and anti-aging applications and have excellent color stability and extended shelf life. Thus, resveratrol ferulates were synthesized by liquid-phase esterification: 91.3 g of resveratrol (approx. 0.4 M) was first dissolved in 300 mL of THF to form a first solution; 77.7 g of ferulic acid (approx. 0.4 M) was dissolved in 300 mL of THF to form a second solution; 0.1 g of p-toluene sulfuric acid was dissolved in 20 mL of THF to form a third solution; the three solns. were then mixed followed by addition of 10 mL of benzene, heated until boiling, and the boiling was continued under reflux for 5 h to collect 50 mL of distillate; next, 50 mL of THF and 10 mL of benzene were added into the liquid mixture, which was continued to be heated under reflux for another 5 h to collect another 50 mL of distillate; another 50 mL of THF and 10 mL of benzene were added into the liquid mixture, followed by continuous heating of the liquid mixture under reflux for yet another 5 h. All the distillate so collected was discarded, and boiling of the liquid mixture was continued to distill off more solvent until the liquid mixture in the flask became viscous, but before any solid phase started to form in it (if a solid phase started to form, add some THF into the liquid mixture to dissolve it); the heat was then turned off, and the contents of the flask were allowed to cool slowly, thereby forming solid crystals in the liquid mixture. The end product formed was a mixture of resveratrol monoferulate, resveratrol diferulate, and/or resveratrol triferulate and their resp. isomers; such mixture is therefore jointly to as "resveratrol ferulates" and was formulated into various topical or cosmetic compns.

IT 1129399-79-6

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);  
 USES (Uses)

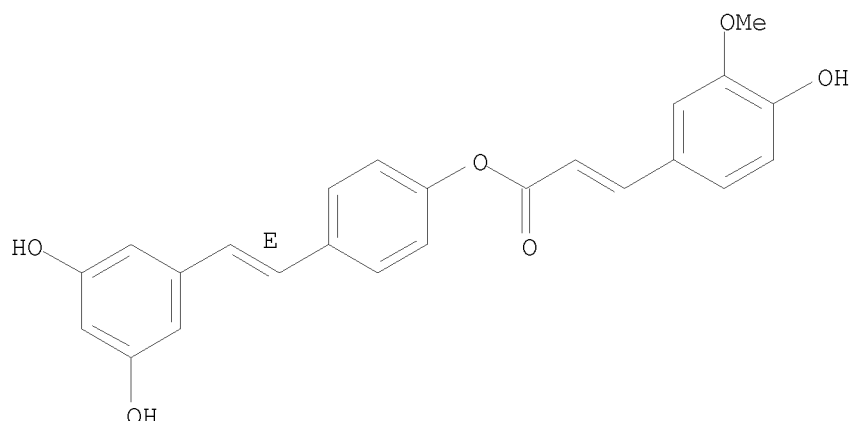
(resveratrol ferulate compds., topical compns. containing compds., and methods of using same in skin lightening and anti-aging cosmetic

formulations)

RN 1129399-79-6 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-,  
4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.



L3 ANSWER 2 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2009:116085 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 150:176361

TITLE: Resveratrol complex and process for the preparation

INVENTOR(S): Arigony Souto, Andre

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Uniao Brasileira De Educacao E Assitencia-Mantenedora  
Da Pucrs, Brazil; Eurofarma Laboratorios Ltda.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 36pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2009012551	A1	20090129	WO 2008-BR216	20080723
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: BR 2007-5319 A 20070723

AB The present invention provides products having resveratrol with high water solubility and nutraceutical and/or phytotherapeutic compns. having said

substances. The processes for obtaining them include the solubility increase of the polyphenol corresponding to a resveratrol compound, preferably trans-resveratrol in water, by its complexation with cyclodextrin under specific conditions that favor thermodyn. equilibrium The products of the invention present high solubility and purity in aqueous medium, being, therefore, useful to

prepare nutraceutical compns. (pharmaceutical and/or alimentary) with antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, antiviral, antidiabetics, cardioprotective, neuroprotective, chemoprotective activities; besides protecting against infections and ischemia, reducing obesity, and preventing aging. Phytotherapeutic compns. useful to the same therapeutical activities, prepared from the complex of resveratrol and cyclodextrin compound, preferably beta- cyclodextrin/trans-resveratrol, are also provided.

IT 411233-11-9

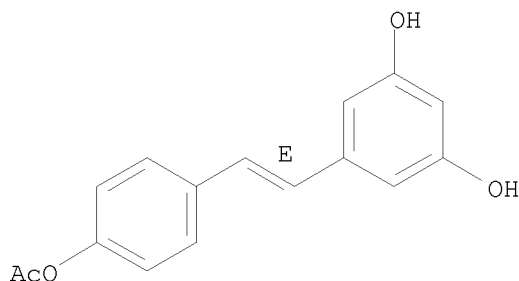
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(resveratrol complex and process for the preparation)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:1530346 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 150:77699

TITLE: Compositions and methods of use for treating or preventing lipid related disorders

INVENTOR(S): Currie, Mark; Talley, John; Cali, Brian

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ironwood Pharmaceuticals, Inc, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 197pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

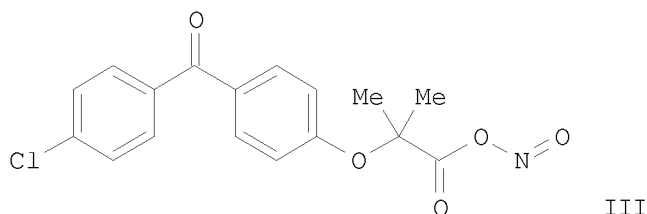
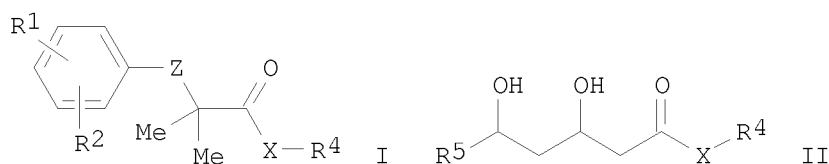
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	---	-----	-----	-----
WO 2008157537	A2	20081224	WO 2008-US67204	20080617
WO 2008157537	A3	20090402		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ,

CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA

US 20090054450 A1 20090226 US 2008-140637 20080617  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2007-944934P P 20070619  
 US 2008-23744P P 20080125  
 US 2008-30778P P 20080222

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 150:77699  
 GI



AB Disclosed herein are compds. of formula I and II and their compns. and methods for treating or preventing a variety of disorders and conditions associated with lipid metabolism. The methods generally include administering to

a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more fibric acid or statin derivative

compns. alone or in combination with one or more lipid altering agents and/or PDE inhibitors. Compds. of formula I and II wherein R1 is H and halo; R2 is H, halo, (un)substituted cycloalkyl, (un)substituted benzoyl, etc.; Z is O, and (CH2)1-3-O; X is a bond, O, NH, and amino acid residue; R4 is Oh, NO, NO2, amino acid residue, fibric acid residue, guanidine, tetrazolyl, agmatine, etc.; R5 is a statin residue; are claimed. Example compound III was prepared by a general procedure. The invention compds. were evaluated for their ability to treat lipid related disorders.

IT 1094098-94-8P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); SPN (Synthetic

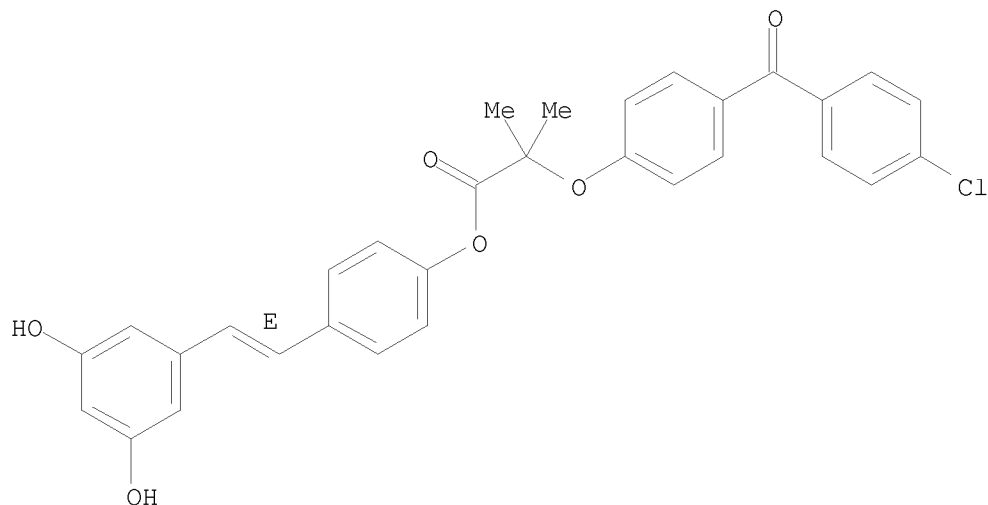


preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP  
(Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of compds. for treatment, prevention and combination therapy of  
lipid-related disorders)

RN 1094098-94-8 CAPLUS

CN Propanoic acid, 2-[4-(4-chlorobenzoyl)phenoxy]-2-methyl-,  
4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L3 ANSWER 4 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:1344410 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 150:472457

TITLE: Chemoenzymatic synthesis and some biological  
properties of O-phosphoryl derivatives of  
(E)-resveratrol

AUTHOR(S): Aleo, Danilo; Cardile, Venera; Chillemi, Rosa;  
Granata, Giuseppe; Sciuto, Sebastiano

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dipartimento di Scienze Chimiche, Universita di  
Catania, Catania, 95125, Italy

SOURCE: Natural Product Communications (2008), 3(10),  
1693-1700

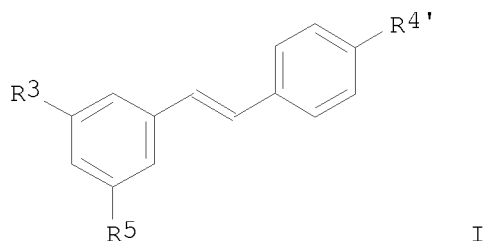
CODEN: NPCACO; ISSN: 1934-578X

PUBLISHER: Natural Product Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI



AB 3-O-, 3,5-di-O- and 4'-O-phosphoryl derivs. I [R3 = OPO3H2, R4' = OH, R5 = OH; R3 = OPO3H2, R4' = OH, R5 = OPO3H2; R3 = OH, R4' = OPO3H2, R5 = OH, resp.] of (E)-resveratrol I [R3 = R4' = R5 = OH] were prepared via a chemoenzymic strategy. Acylated resveratrol derivs. were obtained first by exploiting regioselective properties of *Pseudomonas cepacea* or *Candida antarctica* lipases in organic solvents. Each acyl-resveratrol was then phosphorylated by the phosphoramidite chemical protocol and in sequence freed of protective groups, affording the desired O-phosphoryl derivative. Following UV-absorption spectroscopic investigation on the interaction of the newly synthesized compds. with DNA, 4'-O-phosphorylresveratrol exhibited the best binding affinity. As a result of cytotoxicity tests, 3-O-phosphorylresveratrol was more active than resveratrol against DU 145 prostate cancer cells.

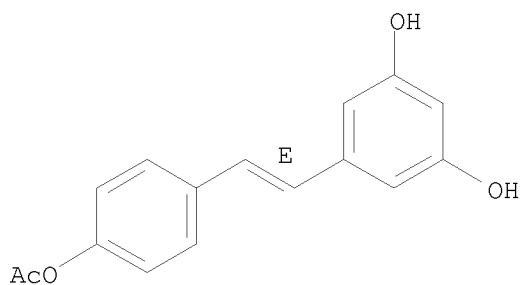
IT 411233-11-9P

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(synthesis of O-phosphoryl derivs. of resveratrol via enzymic acetylation, enzymic hydrolysis and phosphorylation and evaluation of UV absorption properties and cytotoxicity against BPH-1, fibroblasts and prostate cancer cells)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 5 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:1017188 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:471246

TITLE: Heck arylation of styrenes with arenediazonium salts:

short, efficient, and stereoselective synthesis of resveratrol, DMU-212, and analogues

AUTHOR(S): Moro, Angelica Venturini; Cardoso, Flavio Segal P.; Correia, Carlos Roque D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Instituto de Quimica, UNICAMP, Universidade Estadual de Campinas, Sao Paulo, CEP. 13084-971, Brazil

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (2008), 49(39), 5668-5671

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 149:471246

AB Short, efficient, and stereoselective synthesis of the trans-stilbenes resveratrol, DMU-212, and analogs of both compds. are described. The synthesis of these important anti-cancer agents feature the palladium catalyzed Heck-Matsuda arylation of styrenes with arenediazonium tetrafluoroborates.

IT 411233-11-9P

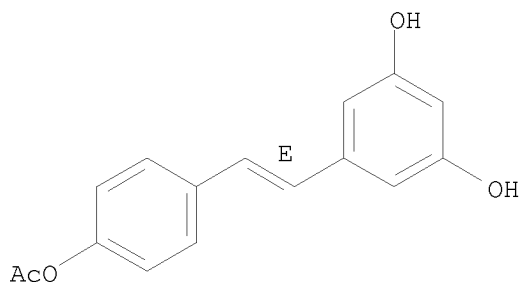
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(stereoselective synthesis of resveratrol, DMU-212, and analogs via Heck-Matsuda arylation of styrenes with arenediazonium tetrafluoroborates)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 40 THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 6 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:200736 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:258960

TITLE: Conjugation of resveratrol with RGD and KGD derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Koutsas, C.; Sarigiannis, Y.; Stavropoulos, G.; Liakopoulou-Kyriakides, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Faculty of Chemical Engineering, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Thessaloniki, 54124, Greece

SOURCE: Protein & Peptide Letters (2007), 14(10), 1014-1020

CODEN: PPELEN; ISSN: 0929-8665

PUBLISHER: Bentham Science Publishers Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 149:258960

AB The reaction between Arg-Gly-Asp (RGD) and Lys-Gly-Asp (KGD) derivs. with 3,4',5-trihydroxy-trans-stilbene (resveratrol) was investigated. Knowing that resveratrol, RGD as well as KGD analogs inhibit human platelet aggregation in vitro, it was tempting for us to examine whether their coupling products present enhanced biol. activity. Here, we report on the synthesis and identification of these coupling products. The N-protected peptides were synthesized by solid phase technique, using the 2-chlorotrityl-chloride resin, by the method of carbodiimides. Coupling reactions with resveratrol took place in solution using N,N-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC) as coupling reagent and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP) as catalyst. The reaction products were purified by reversed phase HPLC and identified by ESI-MS. The mono-esterified resveratrol derivative was the main (or only) reaction product, whereas the di- and the tri-ester (to a less extent) formation was noticed in some cases.

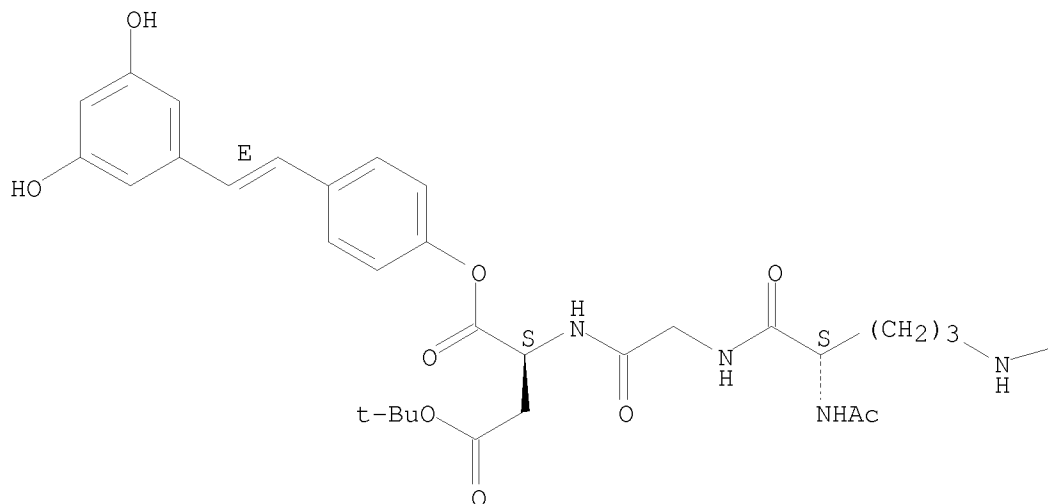
IT 1046808-76-7P 1046808-79-0P 1046808-80-3P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(conjugation of resveratrol with RGD and KGD derivs. for preparation of platelet aggregation inhibitors)

RN 1046808-76-7 CAPLUS

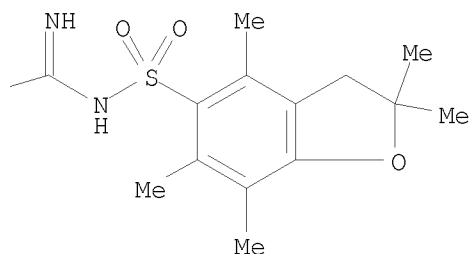
CN L-Aspartic acid, N2-acetyl-N5-[[[(2,3-dihydro-2,2,4,6,7-pentamethyl-5-benzofuranyl)sulfonyl]amino]iminomethyl]-L-ornithylglycyl-, 31-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl] 34-(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

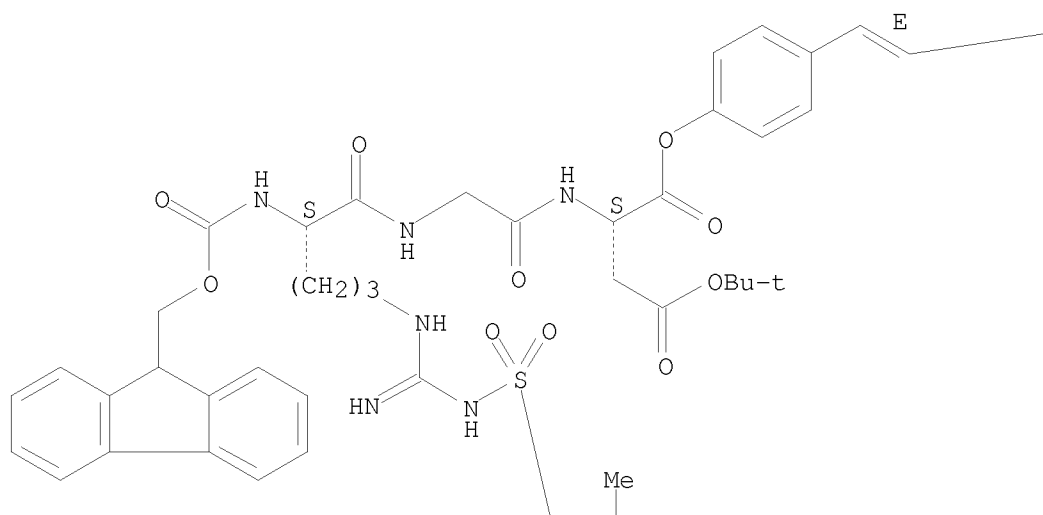


RN 1046808-79-0 CAPLUS

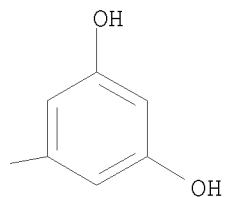
CN L-Aspartic acid, N5-[[[(2,3-dihydro-2,2,4,6,7-pentamethyl-5-benzofuranyl)sulfonyl]amino]iminomethyl]-N2-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-ornithylglycyl-, 31-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl] 34-(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.

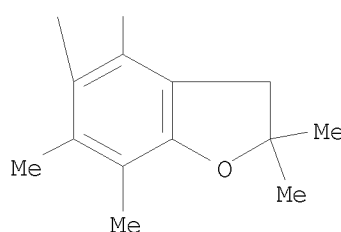
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



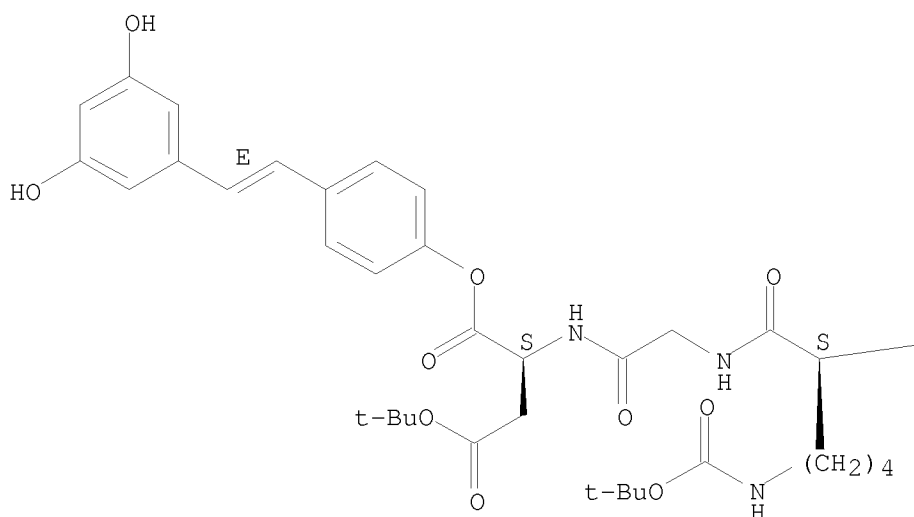
PAGE 2-A

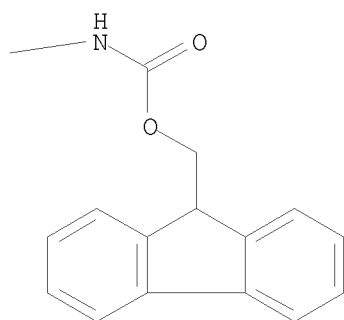


RN 1046808-80-3 CAPLUS  
 CN L-Aspartic acid, N6-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-N2-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-lysylglycyl-,  
 31-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl] 34-(1,1-dimethylethyl)  
 ester (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A





REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 7 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:27416 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:144915

TITLE: Preparation of carotenoid ester analogs or derivatives for the inhibition and amelioration of ischemic reperfusion injury

INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel Fournier; O'Malley, Sean; Watumull, David G.; Hix, Laura M.; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski, Geoff

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 137pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 629,538. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 16

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 7317008	B2	20080108	US 2004-793703	20040304
US 20050037995	A1	20050217		
US 20040162329	A1	20040819	US 2003-629538	20030729
US 7145025	B2	20061205		
US 20050065097	A1	20050324	US 2004-793696	20040304
US 20050075337	A1	20050407	US 2004-793702	20040304
US 20060229446	A1	20061012	US 2006-357897	20060217

## PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2002-399194P	P	20020729
US 2003-467973P	P	20030505
US 2003-472831P	P	20030522
US 2003-473741P	P	20030528
US 2003-485304P	P	20030703
US 2003-629538	A2	20030729

## OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 148:144915

AB Carotenoid ester analogs or derivs. are prepared for the treatment of ischemic reperfusion injury. The carotenoid analog may include a conjugated polyene with 7 to 14 double bonds, and may include a cyclic ring including at least one substituent with an ester functionality. The method may include administering to the subject an effective amount of a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation of the carotenoid analog. The subject may be administered a carotenoid analog or derivative, either alone or in combination with another carotenoid analog or derivative, or co-antioxidant formulation. Thus, disodium astaxanthin disuccinate (mixture of stereoisomers) was prepared, and increased assembly of Cx43 in treated murine 10T1/2 cells.

IT 835885-11-5P 835885-12-6P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

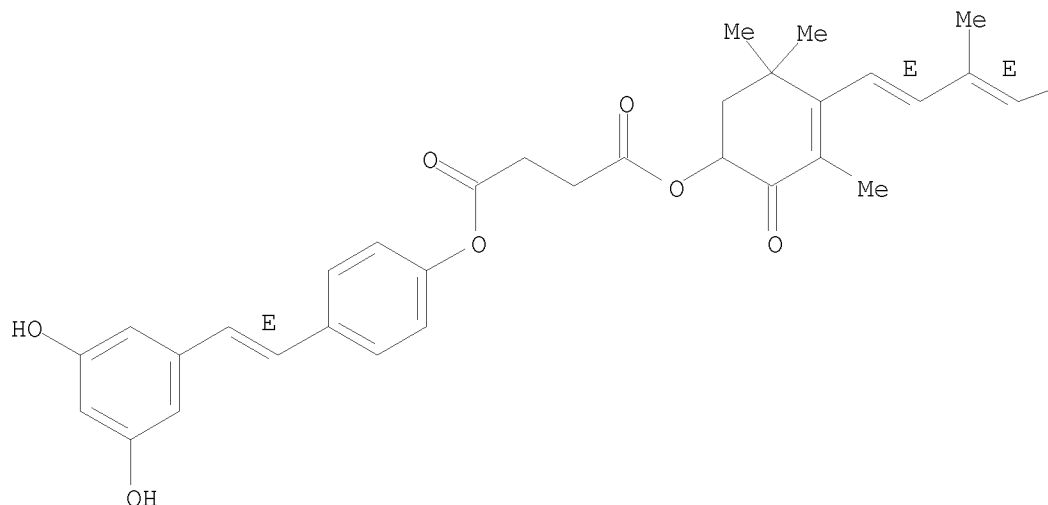
(preparation of carotenoid esters for treatment of ischemic reperfusion injury)

RN 835885-11-5 CAPLUS

CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

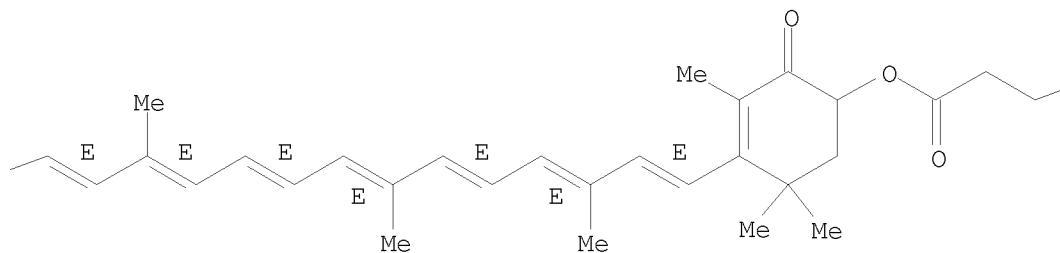
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A





PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C

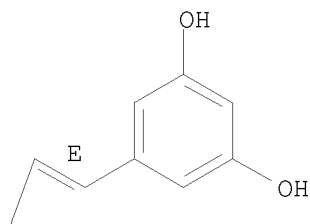
CO<sub>2</sub>H

RN 835885-12-6 CAPLUS

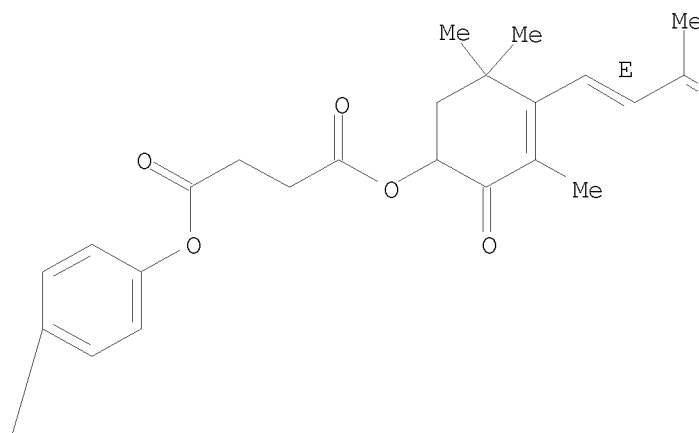
CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
dioxobutoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

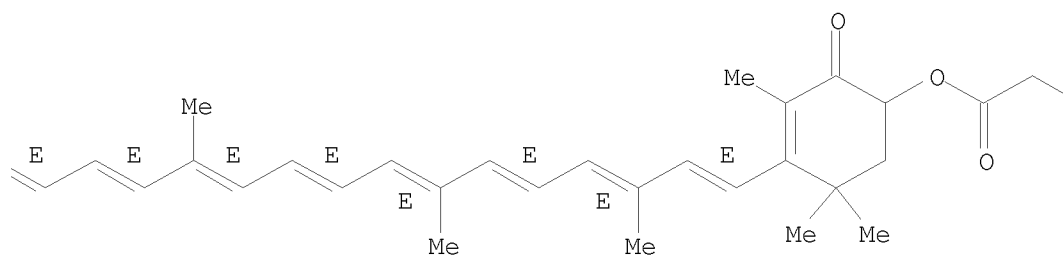
PAGE 1-C



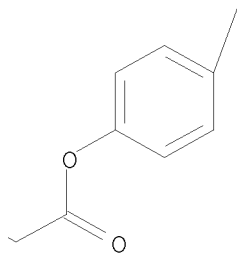
PAGE 2-A



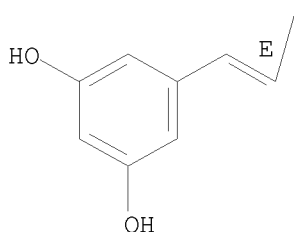
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (15 CITINGS)  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 470 THERE ARE 470 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 8 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1064480 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:371217

TITLE: Cosmetic, pharmaceutical, food and veterinary compositions whose activating action on genes of sirtuin type makes it possible to delay ageing in mammals and the harmful effects thereof

INVENTOR(S): Fructus, Alain

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Af Consulting, Fr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 17pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2007104867	A2	20070920	WO 2007-FR449	20070315
WO 2007104867	A3	20071115		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS,

RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,  
 UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,  
 IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF,  
 BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW,  
 GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,  
 BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA

FR 2898493 A1 20070921 FR 2006-2294 20060316

FR 2898493 B1 20080808

## PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

FR 2006-2294

A 20060316

AB Compns. for cosmetic, pharmaceutical, food or veterinary use, intended to delay aging in mammals through their activating action on genes of sirtuin type, which genes are naturally activated during calorie restriction. These compns. are characterized in that they contain one or more oligomers of resveratrol, and more particularly  $\epsilon$ -viniferin, and/or glucosides and/or the corresponding esters of these oligomers and/or the natural exts. containing them. It has been shown, on several living species, that calorie restriction extends the lifespan and reduces the deleterious effects of aging. Studies on primates and on human populations have corroborated these results. It has also been shown that calorie restriction activates certain genes called sirtuins (silent information regulator). Consequently, natural or synthetic ingredients or mols. which activate genes and make it possible to do without a difficult long-term calorie restriction have been sought. Resveratrol or 3,4',5-trihydroxystilbene is known to activate certain genes of the sirtuin family. The present invention describes, for the first time, the activation of these genes by oligomers of resveratrol, in particular P $\epsilon$ -viniferin. A specific test has been carried out and shows that P $\epsilon$ -viniferin and an extract of vine shoot containing it, and also other oligomers of resveratrol, completely activate the SIRT1 enzyme. Cosmetic, pharmaceutical, food and veterinary compns. are described by way of examples. The cosmetic composition described, and which contains an extract of vine shoot, was subjected to tests which showed that it is completely innocuous on human skin. It was also subjected to a test on humans showing its effectiveness in decreasing the effects of aging. The invention claims cosmetic, pharmaceutical, food and veterinary compns. whose activating action on sirtuin genes makes it possible to delay aging in mammals and combat the harmful effects thereof. An antiaging cosmetic contained  $\epsilon$ -viniferin pentaacetate 500 mg, polyvinylpyrrolidone 0.25 g, and magnesium stearate 0.25 g.

IT 411233-11-9

RL: FFD (Food or feed use); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU

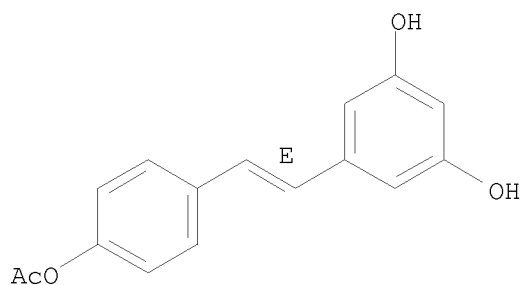
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cosmetic, pharmaceutical, food and veterinary compns. whose activating action on genes of sirtuin type makes it possible to delay aging in mammals and harmful effects thereof)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L3 ANSWER 9 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:938725 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:4688

TITLE: Design and synthesis of compounds that extend yeast replicative lifespan. [Erratum to document cited in CA147:005220]

AUTHOR(S): Yang, Hongying; Baur, Joseph A.; Chen, Allen; Miller, Christine; Adams, Jeffrey K.; Kisielewski, Anne; Howitz, Konrad T.; Zipkin, Robert E.; Sinclair, David A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pathology, Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, 02115, USA

SOURCE: Aging Cell (2007), 6(4), 593  
CODEN: ACGECQ; ISSN: 1474-9718

PUBLISHER: Blackwell Publishing Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB There were some author names that were not included in the author list; The correct author list and affiliations are provided. In addition the authors have a supplementary Figure S1 available, titled "Figure S1: Synthetic schemes for synthesis of resveratrol derivatives 1-5". This material is available as part of the online article from:  
<http://www.blackwell-synergy.com/doi/abs/10.1111/j.1474-9726.2007.00317.x>.

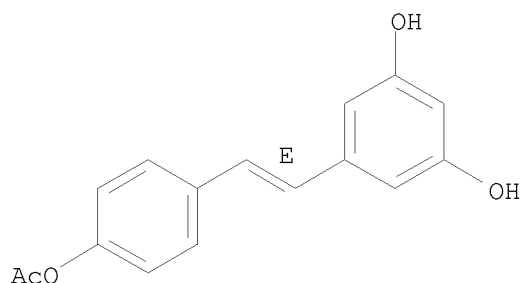
IT 411233-11-9P

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(design and synthesis of compds. that extend yeast replicative lifespan (Erratum))

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 10 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:254816 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:5220

TITLE: Design and synthesis of compounds that extend yeast replicative lifespan

AUTHOR(S): Yang, Hongying; Baur, Joseph A.; Chen, Allen; Miller, Christine; Sinclair, David A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pathology, Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, 02115, USA

SOURCE: Aging Cell (2007), 6(1), 35-43

CODEN: ACGECQ; ISSN: 1474-9718

PUBLISHER: Blackwell Publishing Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB This past decade has seen the identification of numerous conserved genes that extend lifespan in diverse species, yet the number of compds. that extend lifespan is relatively small. A class of compds. called STACs, which were identified as activators of Sir2/SIRT1 NAD<sup>+</sup>-dependent deacetylases, extend the lifespans of multiple species in a Sir2-dependent manner and can delay the onset of age-related diseases such as cancer, diabetes and neuro-degeneration in model organisms. Plant-derived STACs such as fisetin and resveratrol have several liabilities, including poor stability and relatively low potency as SIRT1 activators. To develop improved STACs, stilbene derivs. with modifications at the 4' position of the B ring were synthesized using a Horner-Emmons-based synthetic route or by hydrolyzing deoxyrhapontin. Here, we describe synthetic STACs with lower toxicity toward human cells, and higher potency with respect to SIRT1 activation and lifespan extension in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. These studies show that it is possible to improve upon naturally occurring STACs based on a number of criteria including lifespan extension.

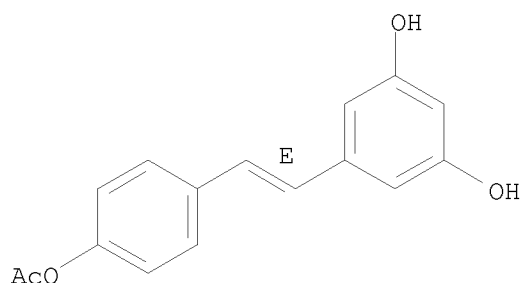
IT 411233-11-9P

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(design and synthesis of compds. that extend yeast replicative lifespan)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (17 CITINGS)  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 59 THERE ARE 59 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 11 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:61185 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:169320

TITLE: Compositions for treating or preventing obesity, insulin resistance and mitochondrial-associated disorders

INVENTOR(S): Milburn, Michael; Milne, Jill; Auwerx, Johan; Argmann, Carmen; Lagouge, Marie; Dipp, Michelle

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sirtris Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 337pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2007008548	A2	20070118	WO 2006-US26272	20060707
WO 2007008548	A3	20070809		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA			
US 20070149466	A1	20070628	US 2006-374295	20060316
AU 2006269459	A1	20070118	AU 2006-269459	20060707
CA 2613141	A1	20070118	CA 2006-2613141	20060707
EP 1898897	A2	20080319	EP 2006-786429	20060707
R:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR			
JP 2009500357	T	20090108	JP 2008-519734	20060707
CN 101257897	A	20080903	CN 2006-80033014	20080307

## PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2005-697443P	P	20050707
US 2005-736528P	P	20051114
US 2005-753606P	P	20051223
US 2006-783802P	P	20060316
WO 2006-US26272	W	20060707

AB Provided herein are methods and compns. for treating or preventing metabolic disorders, such as obesity and diabetes. Methods may comprise modulating the activity or level of a sirtuin, such as SIRT1 or Sir2. Exemplary methods comprise contacting a cell with a sirtuin activating compound, such as a flavone, stilbene, flavanone, isoflavone, catechin, chalcone, tannin or anthocyanidin, or an inhibitory compound, such as nicotinamide. Resveratrol increases the PGC-1 protein deacetylation.

IT 411233-11-9, BML 221

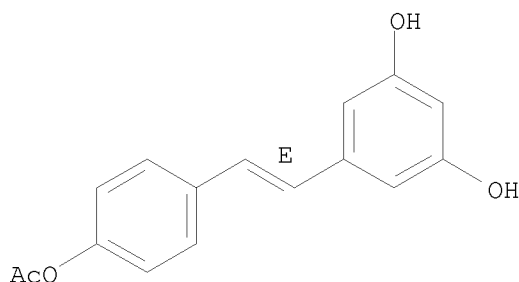
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(compns. for treating or preventing obesity and insulin resistance and mitochondrial-associated disorders)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (8 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 12 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:5410 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:176175

TITLE: Biological Activity of Acetylated Phenolic Compounds

AUTHOR(S): Fragopoulou, Elizabeth; Nomikos, Tzortzis; Karantonis, Haralabos C.; Apostolakis, Constantinos; Pliakis, Emmanuel; Samiotaki, Martina; Panayotou, George; Antonopoulou, Smaragdi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Science of Nutrition-Dietetics, Harokopio University of Athens, Athens, 17671, Greece

SOURCE: Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry (2007), 55(1), 80-89

CODEN: JAFCAU; ISSN: 0021-8561

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB In recent years an effort has been made to isolate and identify biol. active compds. that are included in the Mediterranean diet. The existence of naturally occurring acetylated phenolics, as well as studies with synthetic ones, provide evidence that acetyl groups could be correlated



with their biol. activity. Platelet activating factor (PAF) is implicated in atherosclerosis, whereas its inhibitors seem to play a protective role against cardiovascular disease. The aim of this study was to examine the biol. activity of resveratrol and tyrosol and their acetylated derivs. as inhibitors of PAF-induced washed rabbit platelet aggregation. Acetylation of resveratrol and tyrosol was performed, and separation was achieved by HPLC. Acetylated derivs. were identified by neg. mass spectrometry. The data showed that tyrosol and its monoacetylated derivs. act as PAF inhibitors, whereas diacetylated derivs. induce platelet aggregation. Resveratrol and its mono- and triacetylated derivs. exert similar inhibitory activity, whereas the diacetylated ones are more potent inhibitors. In conclusion, acetylated phenolics exert the same or even higher antithrombotic activity compared to the biol. activity of the initial one.

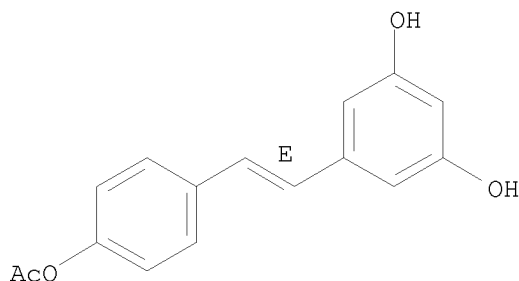
IT 411233-11-9P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(antithrombotic activity of acetylated phenolic compds.)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (9 CITINGS)  
REFERENCE COUNT: 37 THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 13 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:768911 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:181017

TITLE: Strategies for designing drugs that target the sir2 family of enzymes

INVENTOR(S): Wolberger, Cynthia; Avalos, Jose Luis

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Johns Hopkins University, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 75 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006081329	A2	20060803	WO 2006-US2713	20060125

WO 2006081329 A3 20090430

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA

EP 1844157 A2 20071017 EP 2006-733906 20060125

R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, BA, HR, MK, YU

US 20090012130 A1 20090108 US 2008-883015 20080828

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2005-646792P P 20050125

WO 2006-US2713 W 20060125

AB The invention describes methods for identifying compds. that modulate the activity of Sir2 enzymes. Sir2 enzymes form a unique class Of NAD+-dependent deacetylases required for diverse biol. processes including transcriptional silencing, regulation of apoptosis, fat mobilization, and lifespan regulation. Sir2 activity is regulated by nicotinamide, a non-competitive inhibitor that promotes a base exchange reaction at the expense of deacetylation.

IT 411233-11-9 411233-11-9D, analogs and derivs.

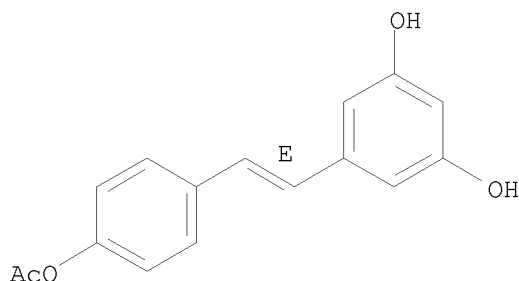
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(strategies for designing drugs that target sir2 family of enzymes)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

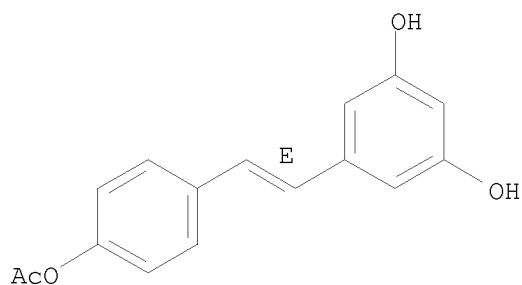
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L3 ANSWER 14 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:734482 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:202956

TITLE: Methods and compositions using sirtuin modulators for treating flushing and drug-induced weight gain

INVENTOR(S): Sinclair, David; Milburn, Michael; Langer, Robert S.; Westphal, Christoph H.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sirtris Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 268 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006079021	A2	20060727	WO 2006-US2267	20060120
WO 2006079021	A3	20070322		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
AU 2006206274	A1	20060727	AU 2006-206274	20060120
CA 2595486	A1	20060727	CA 2006-2595486	20060120
US 20060276416	A1	20061207	US 2006-336258	20060120
EP 1841415	A2	20071010	EP 2006-719216	20060120
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, BA, HR, MK, YU				
JP 2008528510	T	20080731	JP 2007-552335	20060120
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			US 2005-645916P	P 20050120
			US 2005-645962P	P 20050121
			WO 2006-US2267	W 20060120

AB The invention provides methods and compns. for treating and/or preventing

flushing and/or weight gain. The methods may comprise modulating the activity or level of a sirtuin, such as SIRT1 or Sir2. Exemplary embodiments include methods and compns. for counteracting drug-induced weight gain and/or drug-induced flushing by administering a sirtuin-activating compound. Compds. of the invention include e.g. resveratrol analogs (preparation described).

IT 411233-11-9, BML 221

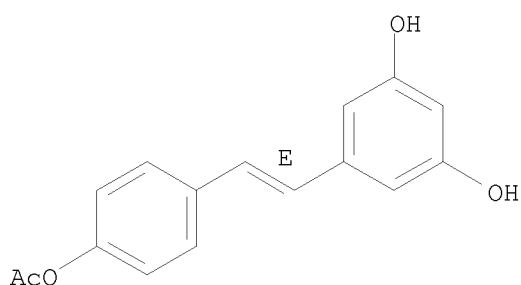
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(sirtuin modulators for treating flushing and drug-induced weight gain)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (5 CITINGS)  
REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 15 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:710888 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:180995

TITLE: Novel compositions for preventing and treating neurodegenerative and blood coagulation disorders

INVENTOR(S): Milburn, Michael; Milne, Jill; Westphal, Christopher H.; Normington, Karl D.; Fujii, Jennifer; Dipp, Michelle; Elliot, Peter

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sirtris Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 294 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

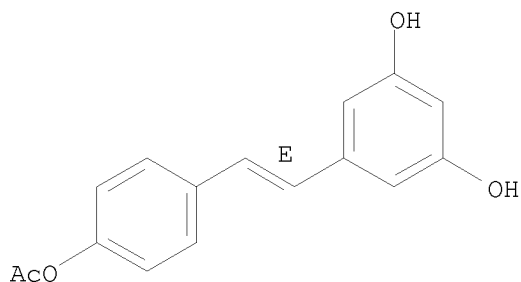
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006076681	A2	20060720	WO 2006-US1428	20060113
WO 2006076681	A3	20070628		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE,

SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC,  
VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,  
IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,  
CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,  
GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA  
AU 2006204699 A1 20060720 AU 2006-204699 20060113  
CA 2595159 A1 20060720 CA 2006-2595159 20060113  
US 20060276393 A1 20061207 US 2006-332056 20060113  
EP 1850840 A2 20071107 EP 2006-718495 20060113  
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,  
IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL,  
BA, HR, MK, YU  
JP 2008527002 T 20080724 JP 2007-551449 20060113  
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
US 2005-643921P P 20050113  
US 2005-667179P P 20050330  
US 2005-692785P P 20050622  
US 2005-736528P P 20051114  
US 2005-753606P P 20051223  
WO 2006-US1428 W 20060113  
AB Provided herein are methods and compns. for treating or preventing  
neurodegenerative disorders or blood coagulation disorders. Methods may  
comprise modulating the activity or level of a sirtuin, such as SIRT1 or  
Sir2. Exemplary methods comprise contacting a cell with a sirtuin  
activating compound, such as a flavone, stilbene, flavanone, isoflavone,  
catechin, chalcone, tannin or anthocyanidin; or an inhibitory compound, such  
as nicotinamide.  
IT 411233-11-9P, BML-221  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU  
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES  
(Uses)  
(compns. for preventing and treating neurodegenerative and blood  
coagulation disorders)  
RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS  
CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(2 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 16 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:693817 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:314709

TITLE: Synthesis of polyhydroxylated ester analogs of the stilbene resveratrol using decarbonylative Heck couplings

AUTHOR(S): Andrus, Merritt B.; Liu, Jing

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, Brigham Young University, Provo, UT, 84602, USA

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (2006), 47(32), 5811-5814  
CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

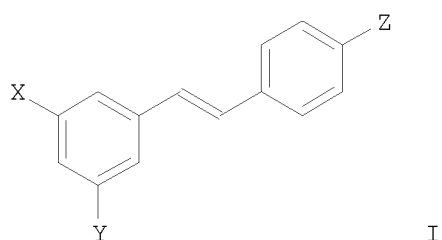
PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 145:314709

GI



AB Levulinate- and chloroacetate-protected 3,5-dihydroxybenzoyl chlorides were coupled with styrenes,  $\text{H}_2\text{C}:\text{CHC}_6\text{H}_4\text{X}-4$  ( $\text{X} = \text{OH}$ ,  $\text{OAc}$ ,  $\text{OCOCH}_2\text{Cl}$ ,  $\text{OCOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{COMe}$ ,  $\text{F}$ ), to give hydroxylated stilbenes, analogs of resveratrol I ( $\text{X} = \text{Y} = \text{Z} = \text{OH}$ ), an important antioxidant disease preventative agent isolated from grape skins and other dietary sources. Levulinate and chloroacetate protecting groups allowed for the selective production of mono- and di-acetate variations under palladium-N-heterocyclic carbene (NHC) catalyzed decarbonylative coupling conditions. Fluorinated analogs, such as I ( $\text{X} = \text{F}$ ,  $\text{Y} = \text{Z} = \text{OH}$ ;  $\text{X} = \text{Y} = \text{OH}$ ,  $\text{Z} = \text{F}$ ;  $\text{X} = \text{Y} = \text{F}$ ,  $\text{Z} = \text{OH}$ ;  $\text{X} = \text{Y} = \text{Z} = \text{F}$ ), were also produced using Heck conditions with bromofluorobenzenes. Human leukemia HL-60 cell assays showed the 4'-acetoxy variant I ( $\text{X} = \text{Y} = \text{OH}$ ,  $\text{Z} = \text{OAc}$ ) possessed improved activity ( $\text{ED}_{50} = 17 \mu\text{M}$ ) relative to resveratrol ( $\text{ED}_{50} = 24 \mu\text{M}$ ).

IT 411233-11-9P

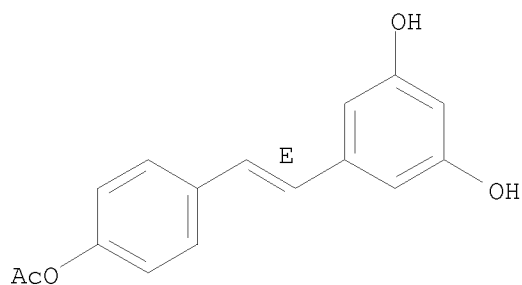
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of ester analogs of resveratrol using decarbonylative Heck coupling reaction, and evaluation of their anticancer activity in leukemia cells)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (8 CITINGS)  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 46 THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 17 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:491764 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:1047

TITLE: Methods and compositions using sirtuin modulators for treating or preventing obesity and insulin resistance disorders

INVENTOR(S): Sinclair, David A.; Alexander-Bridges, Maria

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): President and Fellows of Harvard College, USA; The General Hospital Corporation

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 154 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 27,779.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20060111435	A1	20060525	US 2005-174000	20050701
US 20050171027	A1	20050804	US 2004-27779	20041229
AU 2006266125	A1	20070111	AU 2006-266125	20060628
CA 2613636	A1	20070111	CA 2006-2613636	20060628
WO 2007005453	A2	20070111	WO 2006-US25138	20060628
WO 2007005453	A3	20070614		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW

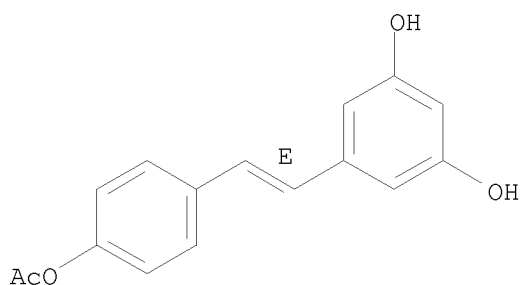
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA

EP 1912632 A2 20080423 EP 2006-774176 20060628

R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,

IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR  
JP 2009500331 T 20090108 JP 2008-519513 20060628  
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-533712P P 20031229  
US 2004-588643P P 20040716  
US 2004-27779 A2 20041229  
US 2005-174000 A 20050701  
WO 2006-US25138 W 20060628  
AB The invention provides methods and compns. for modulating the activity or  
level of a sirtuin, thereby treating or preventing obesity or an insulin  
resistance disorder, e.g. diabetes, in a subject. Exemplary methods  
comprise contacting a cell with a sirtuin activating compound or an  
inhibitory compound to thereby increase or decrease fat accumulation, resp.  
IT 411233-11-9  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)  
(sirtuin modulators for treatment or prevention of obesity and insulin  
resistance disorders)  
RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS  
CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(7 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 18 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:104637 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:184697

TITLE: Sirtuin related therapeutics and diagnostics for  
neurodegenerative diseases

INVENTOR(S): Sinclair, David A.; Tsai, Li-Huei; Nguyen, Minh Dang;  
Howitz, Konrad T.; Zipkin, Robert E.; Bitterman, Kevin  
J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): President and Fellows of Harvard College, USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 163 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.  
Ser. No. 884,022.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

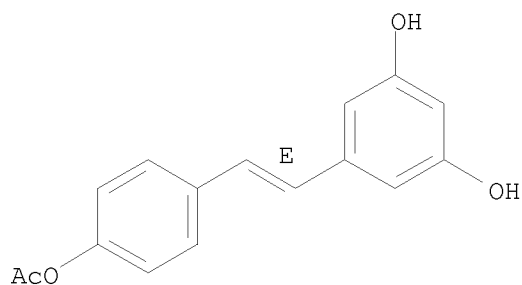
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20060025337	A1	20060202	US 2005-74374	20050307
US 20050096256	A1	20050505	US 2004-884022	20040701



US 20050136537 A1 20050623 US 2004-884879 20040701  
 US 7544497 B2 20090609  
 AU 2006220554 A1 20060914 AU 2006-220554 20060307  
 CA 2599125 A1 20060914 CA 2006-2599125 20060307  
 WO 2006096780 A2 20060914 WO 2006-US8290 20060307  
 WO 2006096780 A3 20070118  
 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,  
 CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,  
 GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR,  
 KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,  
 MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE,  
 SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC,  
 VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,  
 IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,  
 CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,  
 GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
 KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM  
 EP 1863461 A2 20071212 EP 2006-737459 20060307  
 R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,  
 IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR  
 JP 2008533024 T 20080821 JP 2008-500879 20060307  
 JP 2007326872 A 20071220 JP 2007-203287 20070803  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 US 2003-483949P P 20030701  
 US 2003-532158P P 20031223  
 US 2004-884022 A2 20040701  
 US 2004-884879 A2 20040701  
 JP 2006-518817 A3 20040701  
 US 2005-74374 A 20050307  
 WO 2006-US8290 W 20060307  
 AB Provided herein are methods and compns. for modulating the activity of  
 sirtuin deacetylase protein family members; p53 activity; apoptosis;  
 lifespan and sensitivity to stress of cells and organisms. Exemplary  
 methods comprise contacting a cell with an activating compound, such as a  
 flavone, stilbene, flavanone, isoflavone, catechin, chalcone, tannin or  
 anthocyanidin; or an inhibitory compound, such as a sphingolipid, e.g.,  
 sphingosine. Also disclosed herein are methods for treating, preventing  
 or diagnosing a disease associated with neuronal cell death, e.g., a  
 neurodegenerative disease.  
 IT 411233-11-9, BML-221  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (sirtuin related therapeutics and diagnostics for neurodegenerative  
 diseases)  
 RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)  
 Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(7 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 19 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:46182 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:162944

TITLE: An improved synthesis of resveratrol

AUTHOR(S): Farina, Angela; Ferranti, Carolina; Marra, Carolina

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dipartimento di Chimica dell'Universita "La Sapienza",  
Rome, 00185, Italy

SOURCE: Natural Product Research, Part A: Structure and  
Synthesis (2006), 20(3), 247-252

CODEN: NPRPC8

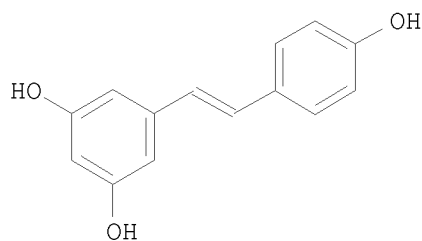
PUBLISHER: Taylor & Francis Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 146:162944

GI



I

AB An improved total synthesis of resveratrol (I) was reported which increased the overall yield from 22 to 71%. The synthesis reported in the author's previous publication was made up of two fundamental steps, a Wittig reaction and a Heck coupling. The yield of the Wittig reaction was increased up to 98%. However, reaction conditions better than those previously reported for the Heck coupling were not found.

IT 411233-11-9P

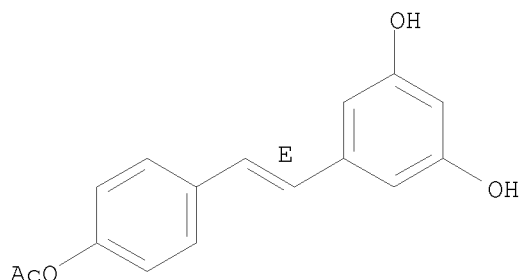
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(improved synthesis of resveratrol and its derivs. via Wittig  
olefination and stereoselective Heck coupling reactions)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (6 CITINGS)  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 20 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:31590 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:121811  
 TITLE: Compositions and methods for selectively activating human sirtuins  
 INVENTOR(S): Howitz, Konrad T.; Zipkin, Robert E.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Biomol Research Laboratories, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 91 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006004722	A2	20060112	WO 2005-US22874	20050624
WO 2006004722	A3	20090326		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA				
US 20060014705	A1	20060119	US 2005-166892	20050624
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2004-584943P	P 20040630

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 144:121811

AB Methods for identifying selective activators and or inhibitors of the sirtuin enzymes (class III histone deacetylases) SIRT5 and/or SIRT1 and methods for using these selective activators and or inhibitors in the modulation of SIRT5 and/or SIRT1 are provided. Another aspect of the present invention relates to a method for modulating mitochondrial

acetyl-CoA synthetase (AceS2) activity in cells which comprises contacting the cells with a human SIRT5 activating compound or a human SIRT5 inhibiting compound. Another aspect of the present invention relates to pharmaceutical compns. comprising a human SIRT5 activating compound and methods for their use as lipid-lowering agents. Such agents are expected to be useful in treatment of patients with hyperlipidemia and hypercholesterolemia as well as prevention and treatment of type 2 diabetes in patients.

IT 411233-11-9, BML 221

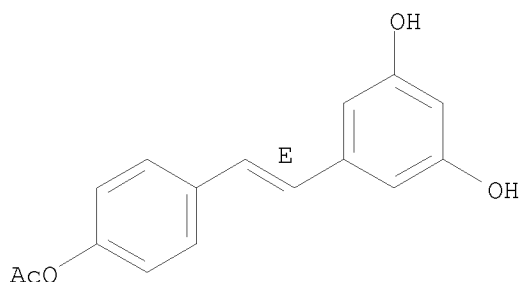
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(compns. and methods for selectively activating or inhibiting human sirtuin enzymes such as SIRT1 or SIRT5 to modulate mitochondrial acetyl-CoA synthetase as lipid-lowering agents for treatment of diseases)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 21 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1171066 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:432651

TITLE: Carotenoid analogs or derivatives for the inhibition and amelioration of inflammation

INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel F.; O'Malley, Sean; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski, Geoff

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hawaii Biotech, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 129 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

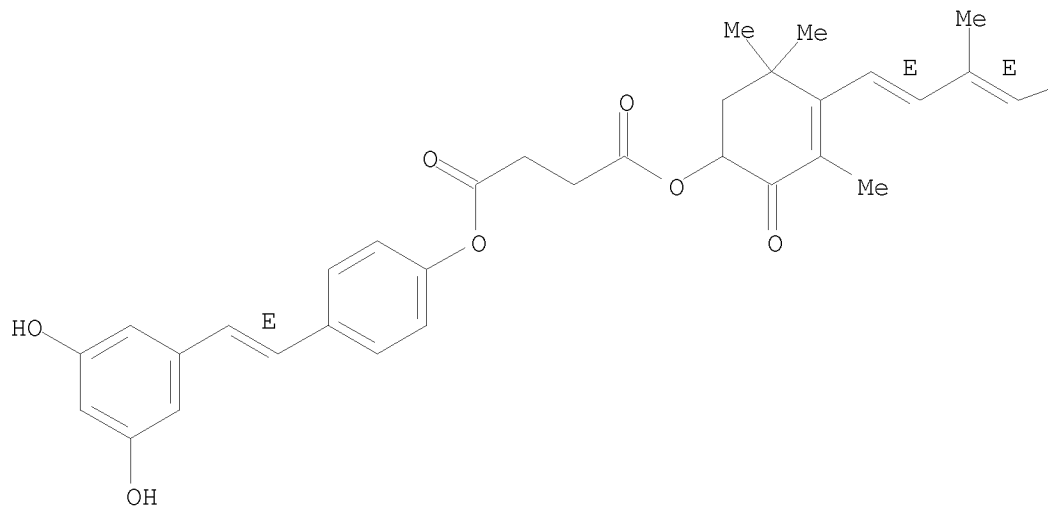
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005102356	A1	20051103	WO 2005-US12811	20050414
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL,				

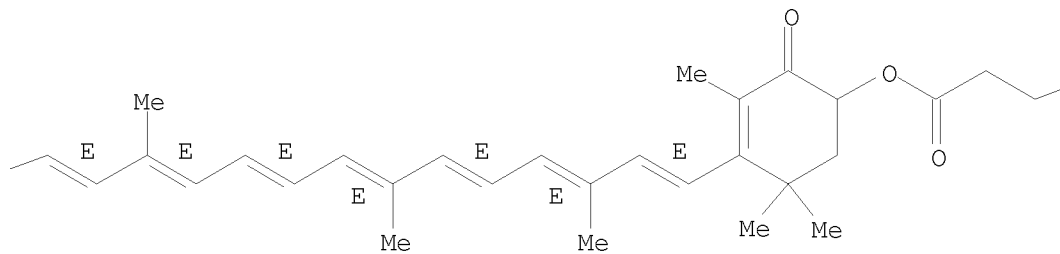
SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA,  
ZM, ZW  
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,  
AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,  
EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,  
RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,  
MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
CA 2564066 A1 20051103 CA 2005-2564066 20050414  
EP 1750723 A1 20070214 EP 2005-735338 20050414  
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,  
IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR  
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2004-562195P P 20040414  
WO 2005-US12811 W 20050414  
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:432651  
AB A method for inhibiting and/or ameliorating the occurrence of diseases in  
a human subject whereby a subject is administered a carotenoid analog or  
derivative, either alone or in combination with another carotenoid analog or  
derivative. In some embodiments, the administration of analogs or derivs. of  
carotenoids may inhibit and/or ameliorate the occurrence of diseases in  
subjects. In some embodiments, analogs or derivs. of carotenoids may be  
water-soluble and/or water dispersible. Maladies that may be treated with  
analogues or derivs. of carotenoids embodied herein may include diseases  
that provoke or trigger an inflammatory response. In an embodiment,  
asthma may be treated with analogs or derivs. of carotenoids embodied  
herein. In an embodiment, administering analogs or derivs. of carotenoids  
embodied herein to a subject may control or affect the bioavailability of  
eicosanoids. In an embodiment, atherosclerosis may be treated with  
analogues or derivs. of carotenoids embodied herein. In an embodiment,  
administering the analogs or derivs. of carotenoids embodied herein to a  
subject may control or affect the bioavailability of 5-LO-catalyzed  
eicosanoid metabolites. In an embodiment, 5-LO-catalyzed eicosanoid  
metabolites that may be controlled or affected by administering analogs or  
derivs. of carotenoids to a subject may include proinflammatory effector  
mols. (e.g., leukotrienes).  
IT 835885-11-5 835885-12-6  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(carotenoid analogs or derivs. for inhibition and amelioration of  
inflammation)  
RN 835885-11-5 CAPLUS  
CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-  
dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



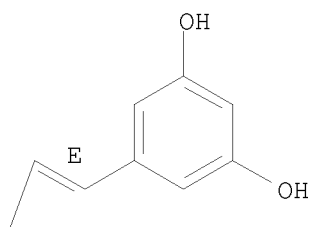
PAGE 1-C

CO<sub>2</sub>H

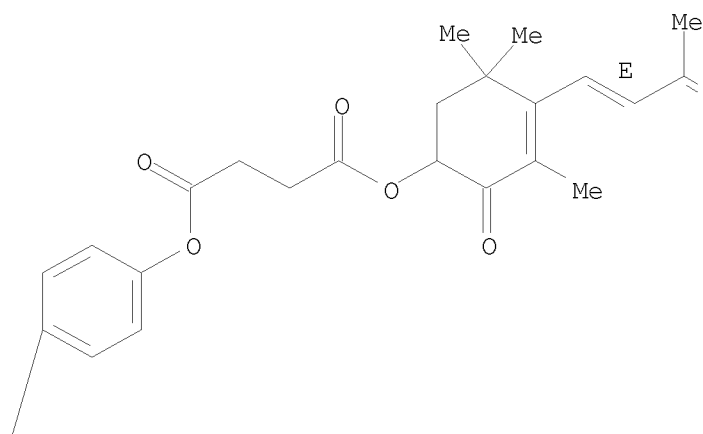
RN 835885-12-6 CAPLUS  
 CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
 3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
 dioxobutoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

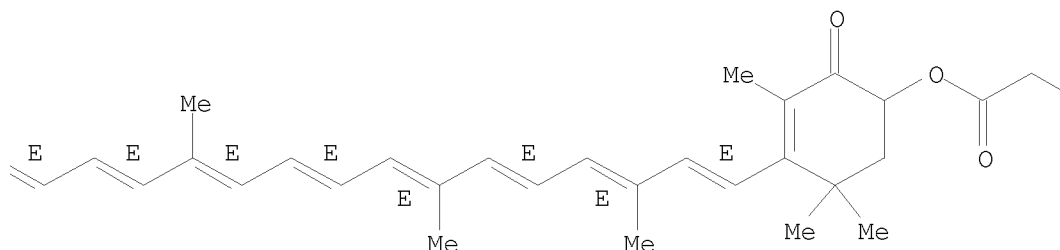
PAGE 1-C



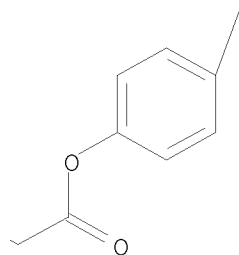
PAGE 2-A



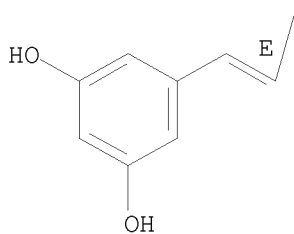
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



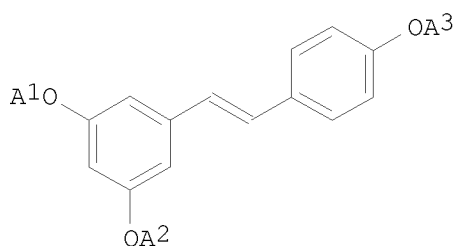
OS.CITING REF COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (7 CITINGS)  
REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 22 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:696641 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:172689  
TITLE: Preparation of resveratrol ester analogs as sirtuin activators  
INVENTOR(S): Andrus, Merritt B.; Liu, Jing  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Brigham Young University Technology Transfer Office, USA



SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 95 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005069998	A2	20050804	WO 2005-US2229	20050119
WO 2005069998	A3	20060105		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, SM				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2005207029	A1	20050804	AU 2005-207029	20050119
CA 2593576	A1	20060804	CA 2005-2593576	20050119
EP 1753708	A2	20070221	EP 2005-711939	20050119
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
US 20080255382	A1	20081016	US 2006-597335	20060721
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2004-537622P	P 20040120
			US 2004-616537P	P 20041006
			WO 2005-US2229	W 20050119
OTHER SOURCE(S):			CASREACT 143:172689; MARPAT 143:172689	
GI				



AB Resveratrol and ester analogs of formula I [A1-A3 = protecting group, acyl] are prepared. The compds. are made from a multi-step process including a N-heterocyclic carbene-type ligand coupling in the presence of a base with benzoyl halide and styrene coupling partners. These compds. show increased stability for use in the food, cosmetic and pharmaceutical industries (no data). Thus, resveratrol (I; A1-A3 = H) was prepared by decarbonylative Heck coupling of 3,5-diacetoxystyrene with benzoyl chloride using Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> and 1,3-bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)imidazolinium chloride and

3-acetoxystyrene followed by deprotection with NaOH.

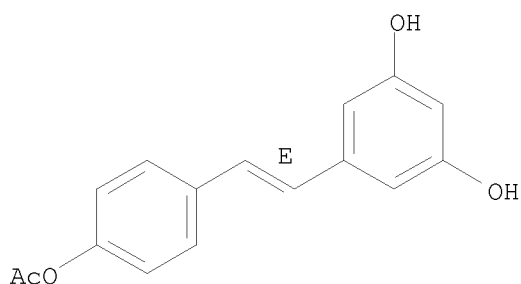
IT 411233-11-9P 861446-31-3P 861446-36-8P  
 861446-41-5P 861446-46-0P 861446-51-7P  
 861446-56-2P 861446-61-9P 861446-66-4P  
 861446-71-1P 861446-76-6P 861446-81-3P  
 861446-86-8P 861446-91-5P 861446-96-0P  
 861447-01-0P 861447-06-5P

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); FFD (Food or feed use); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of resveratrol ester analogs as sirtuin activators)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

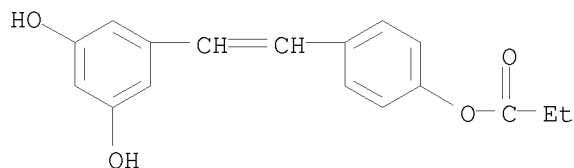
CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



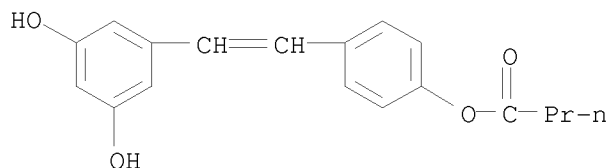
RN 861446-31-3 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[2-[4-(1-oxopropoxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



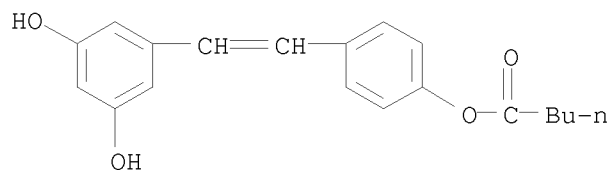
RN 861446-36-8 CAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



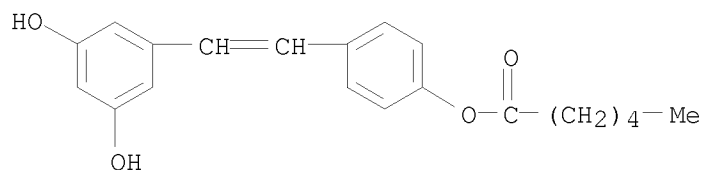
RN 861446-41-5 CAPLUS

CN Pentanoic acid, 4-[2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



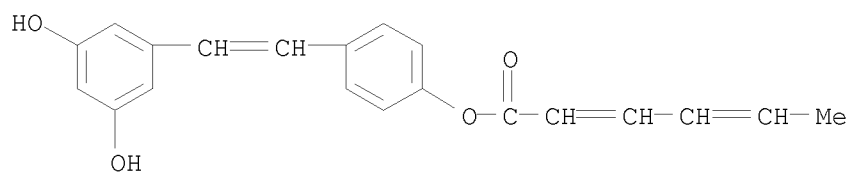
RN 861446-46-0 CAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 4-[2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



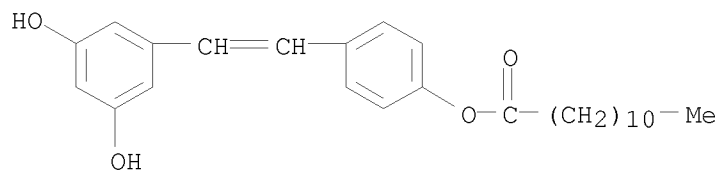
RN 861446-51-7 CAPLUS

CN 2,4-Hexadienoic acid, 4-[2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



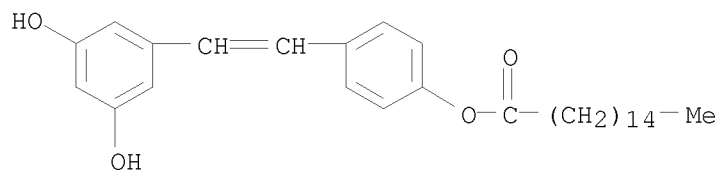
RN 861446-56-2 CAPLUS

CN Dodecanoic acid, 4-[2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



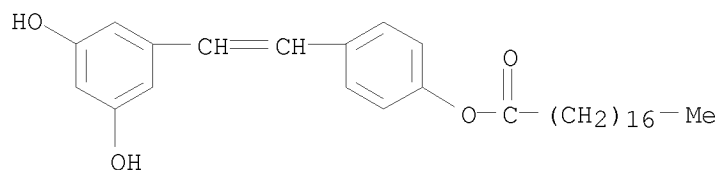
RN 861446-61-9 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanoic acid, 4-[2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 861446-66-4 CAPLUS

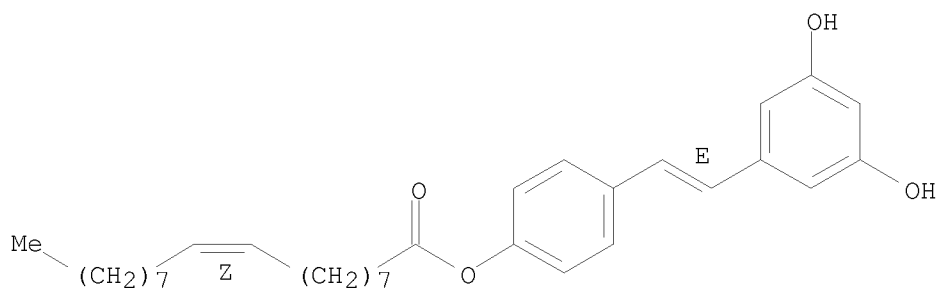
CN Octadecanoic acid, 4-[2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 861446-71-1 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)-, 4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

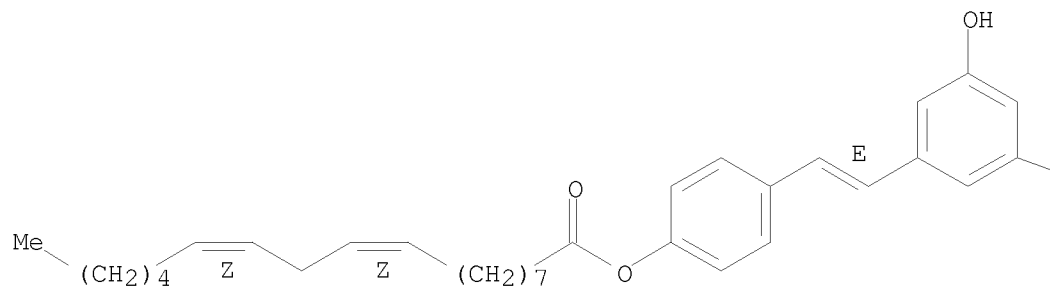


RN 861446-76-6 CAPLUS

CN 9,12-Octadecadienoic acid (9Z,12Z)-, 4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

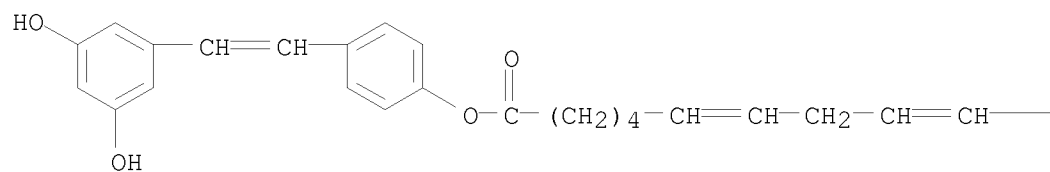


PAGE 1-B

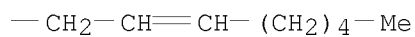


RN 861446-81-3 CAPLUS  
 CN 6,9,12-Octadecatrienoic acid, 4-[2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl  
 ester (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

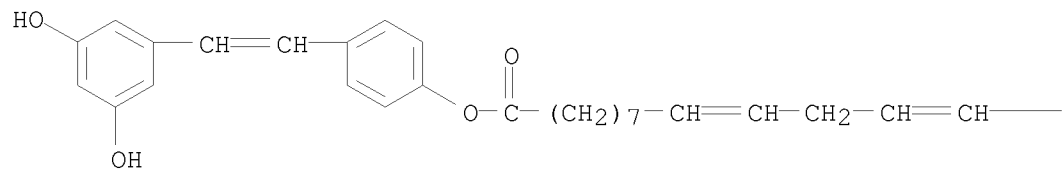


PAGE 1-B

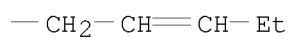


RN 861446-86-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 9,12,15-Octadecatrienoic acid, 4-[2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl  
 ester (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



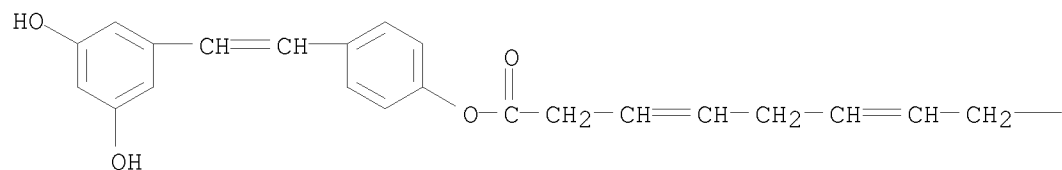
PAGE 1-B



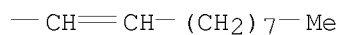
RN 861446-91-5 CAPLUS

CN 3,6,9-Octadecatrienoic acid, 4-[2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



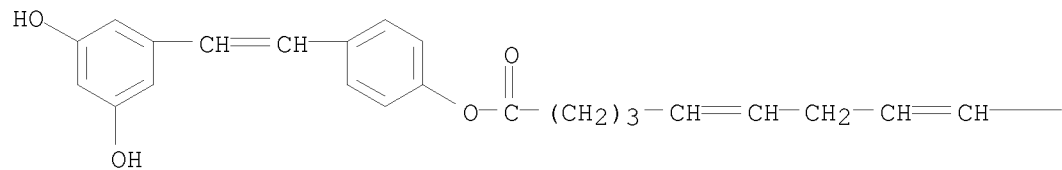
PAGE 1-B



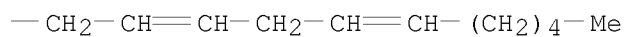
RN 861446-96-0 CAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, 4-[2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



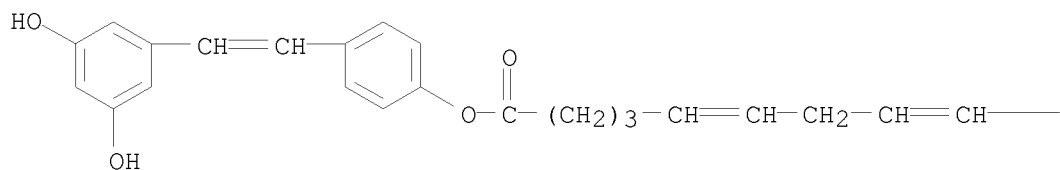
PAGE 1-B



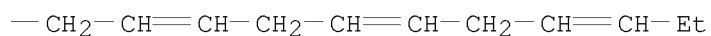
RN 861447-01-0 CAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14,17-Eicosapentaenoic acid,  
4-[2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



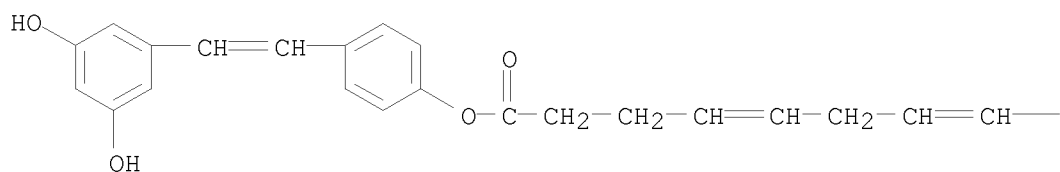
PAGE 1-B



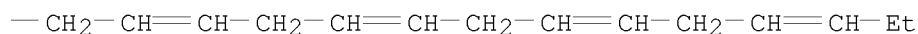
RN 861447-06-5 CAPLUS

CN 4,7,10,13,16,19-Docosahexaenoic acid,  
4-[2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

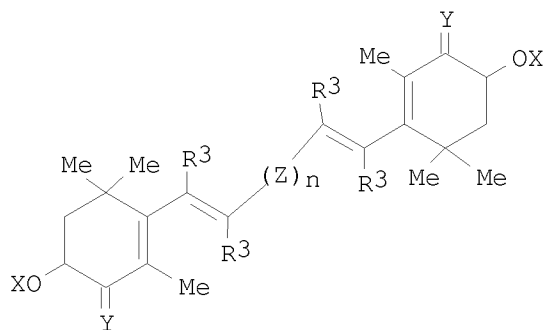
OS.CITING REF COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(6 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 23 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:588393 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:97547  
TITLE: Carotenoid ether analogs or derivatives for  
controlling connexin 43 expression  
INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel Fournier; O'Malley, Sean; Watumull,  
David G.; Hix, Laura M.; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski,  
Geoff  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 128 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.  
Ser. No. 629,538.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 16  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20050148517	A1	20050707	US 2004-793651	20040304
US 20040162329	A1	20040819	US 2003-629538	20030729
US 7145025	B2	20061205		
US 20050065097	A1	20050324	US 2004-793696	20040304
US 20050075337	A1	20050407	US 2004-793702	20040304
US 20060229446	A1	20061012	US 2006-357897	20060217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-399194P	P 20020729
			US 2003-467973P	P 20030505
			US 2003-472831P	P 20030522
			US 2003-473741P	P 20030528
			US 2003-485304P	P 20030703
			US 2003-629538	A2 20030729
OTHER SOURCE(S):			CASREACT 143:97547; MARPAT 143:97547	
GI				



I

AB A method of controlling (e.g., influencing or affecting) connexin 43 expression in a subject may include administering to the subject an effective amount of a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation. In some

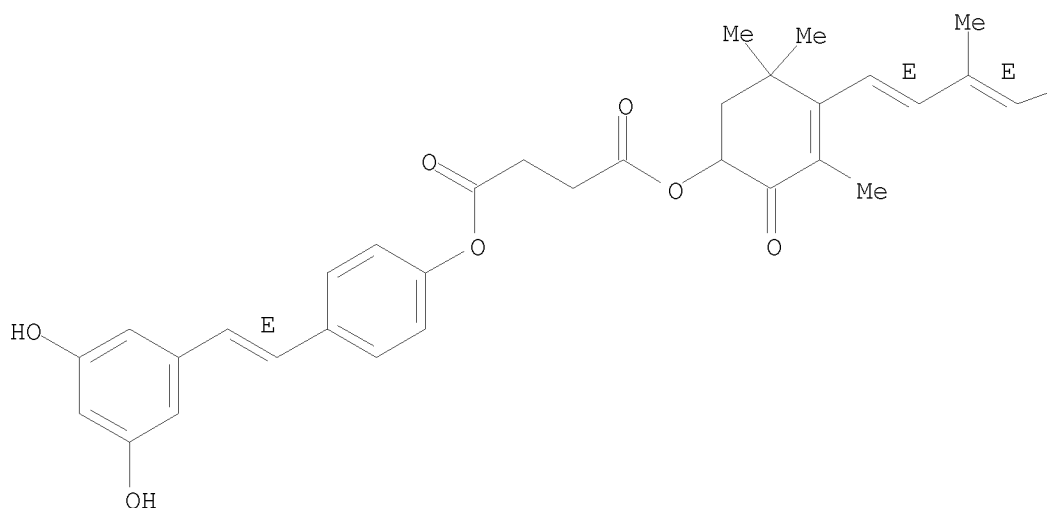


embodiments, controlling connexin 43 expression in a subject may effectively treat cardiac arrhythmia and/or cancerous and pre-cancerous cells in a subject. The pharmaceutically acceptable formulation may include a synthetic analog or derivative I [R1 = alkyl-N+(R2)3, aryl-N+(R2)3, , alkyl-CO2-, aryl-CO2-, (un)phosphorylated amino acid-NH3+, polyethylene glycol, dextran, H, alkyl, aryl, alkali salt; R2 = H, alkyl, aryl; R3 = H, Me; X = P(:O)(OR1)2, S(:O)(OR1)2, X1, alkyl-N+(R1)3, aryl-N+(R1)3, alkyl-CO2-, aryl-CO2-, (un)phosphorylated amino acid-NH3+, polyethylene glycol, dextran, alkyl, aryl; Y = O, H2; Z = CR3:CR3-(E); n = 5 - 12; with the proviso that the carotenoid has at least one chiral center] of a carotenoid. The subject may be administered a carotenoid analog or derivative, either alone or in combination with another carotenoid analog or derivative, or co-antioxidant formulation. The carotenoid analog may include a conjugated polyene with between 7 to 14 double bonds. The conjugated polyene may include a cyclic ring including at least one substituent. In some embodiments, a cyclic ring of a carotenoid analog or derivative may include at least one substituent. The substituent may be coupled to the cyclic ring with an ether functionality.

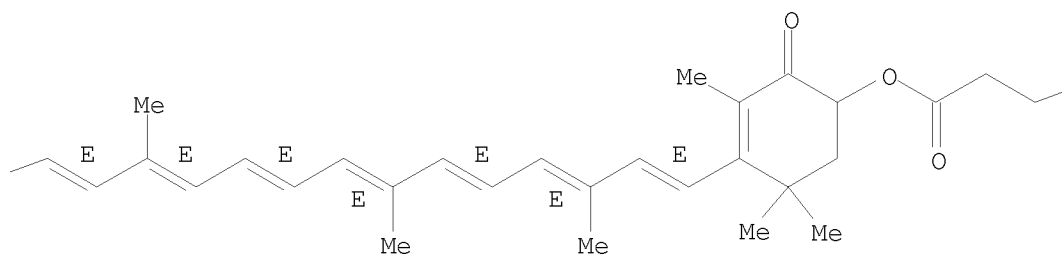
IT 835885-11-5P 835885-12-6P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (carotenoid ether analogs or derivs. for controlling connexin 43 expression)  
 RN 835885-11-5 CAPLUS  
 CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
 3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

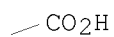
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C

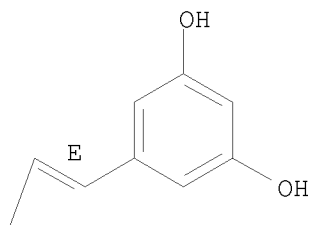


RN 835885-12-6 CAPLUS

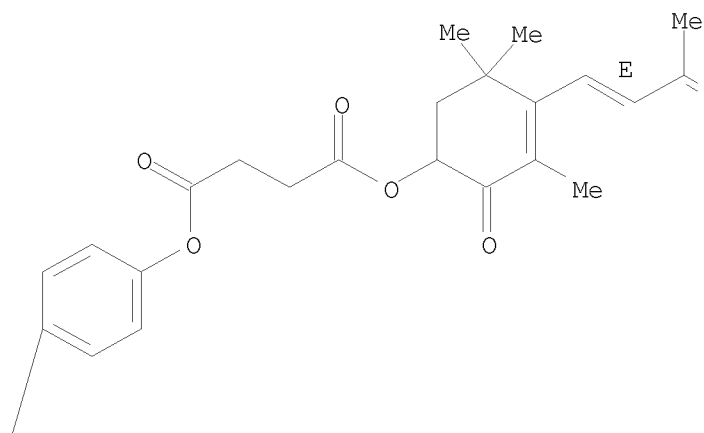
CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
dioxobutoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

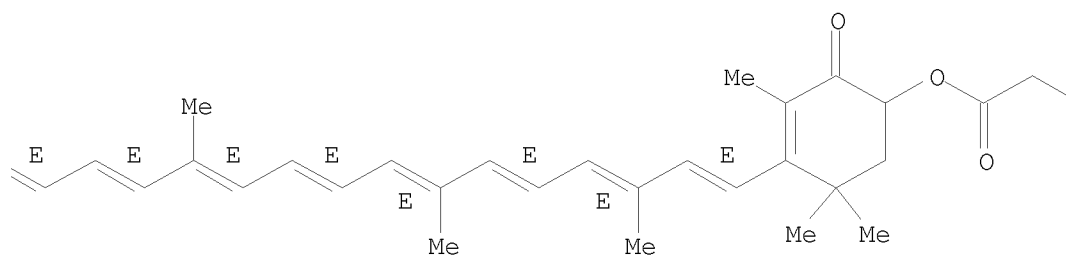
PAGE 1-C



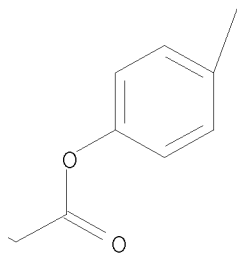
PAGE 2-A



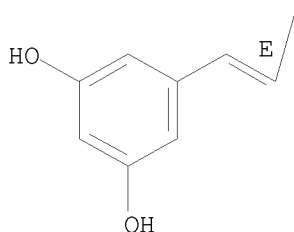
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



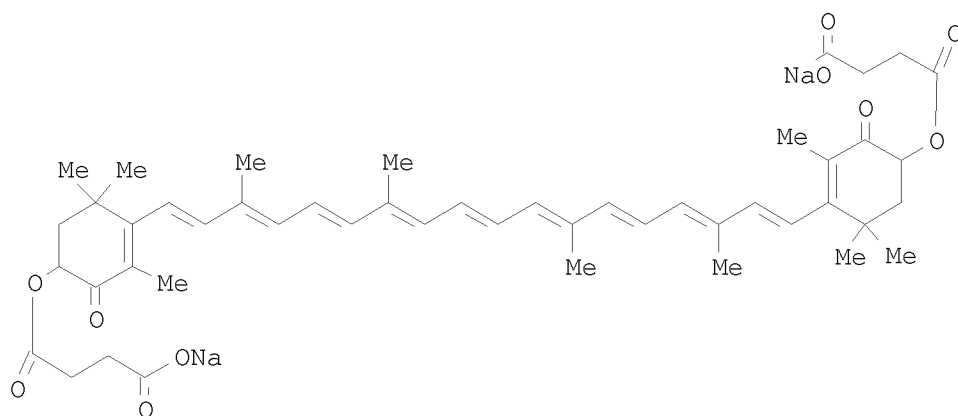
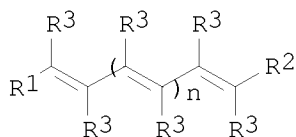
OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(3 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 24 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:570539 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:78324  
 TITLE: Carotenoid analogs or derivatives for the inhibition  
 and amelioration of ischemic reperfusion injury  
 INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel Fournier; O'Malley, Sean; Watumull,  
 David G.; Hix, Laura M.; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski,  
 Geoff  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 135 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.  
 Ser. No. 629,538.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 16  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20050143475	A1	20050630	US 2004-793661	20040304
US 20040162329	A1	20040819	US 2003-629538	20030729
US 7145025	B2	20061205		
US 20050065097	A1	20050324	US 2004-793696	20040304
US 20050075337	A1	20050407	US 2004-793702	20040304
US 20060229446	A1	20061012	US 2006-357897	20060217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-399194P	P 20020729
			US 2003-467973P	P 20030505
			US 2003-472831P	P 20030522

US 2003-473741P P 20030528  
 US 2003-485304P P 20030703  
 US 2003-629538 A2 20030729

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:78324; MARPAT 143:78324  
 GI



AB A method of treating ischemic reperfusion injury in a subject. The method may include administering to the subject an effective amount of a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation. The pharmaceutically acceptable formulation may include a synthetic analog or derivative I [R1, R2 = acyclic alkene, C4-10-ring with at least one substituent; R3 = H, Me (may be same or different); n = 5 - 12] of a carotenoid. The subject may be administered a carotenoid analog or derivative, either alone or in combination with another carotenoid analog or derivative, or co-antioxidant formulation. The carotenoid analog may include a conjugated polyene with between 7 to 14 double bonds. The conjugated polyene may include an acyclic alkene including at least one substituent and/or a cyclic ring including at least one substituent. In some embodiments, a carotenoid analog or derivative may include at least one substituent. Thus, (±)-astaxanthin disuccinate disodium salt (II) was prepared from (±)-astaxanthin via acylation with succinic anhydride in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> containing EtN(CHMe<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> and DMAP followed by treatment with NaOEt in EtOH. II was tested for: super oxide inhibition [95% inhibition at 3 mM]; infarct size reduction in Sprague-Rawley rats and Cardax-treated rabbits [55.4%]; plasma pharmacokinetics; tissue accumulation; reduction of alanine aminotransferase elevations in mice; and optical properties of dAST derivative with Human Serum Albumin.

IT 835885-11-5P 835885-12-6P

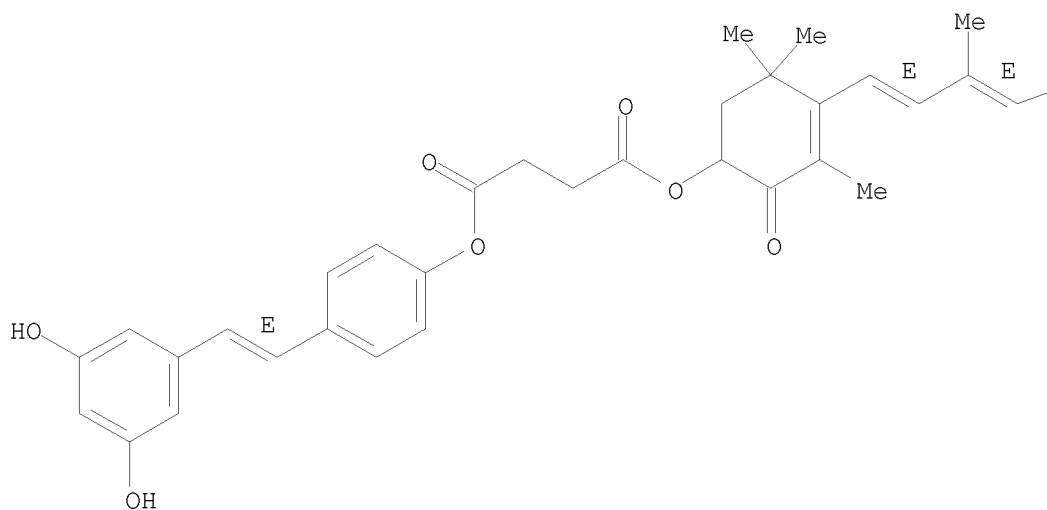
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(carotenoid analogs or derivs. for inhibition and amelioration of ischemic reperfusion injury)

RN 835885-11-5 CAPLUS

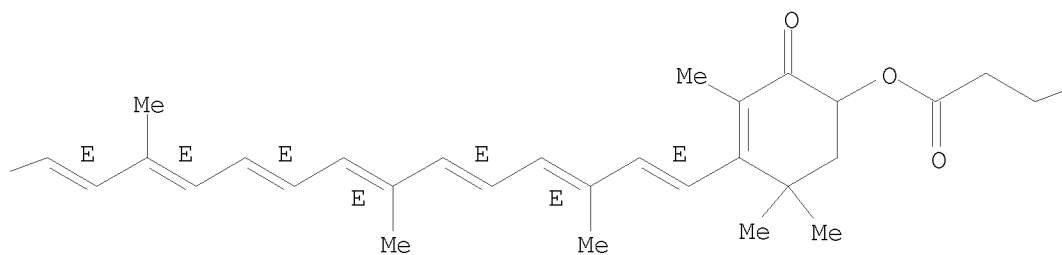
CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C

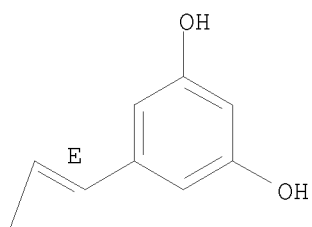
CO<sub>2</sub>H

RN 835885-12-6 CAPLUS

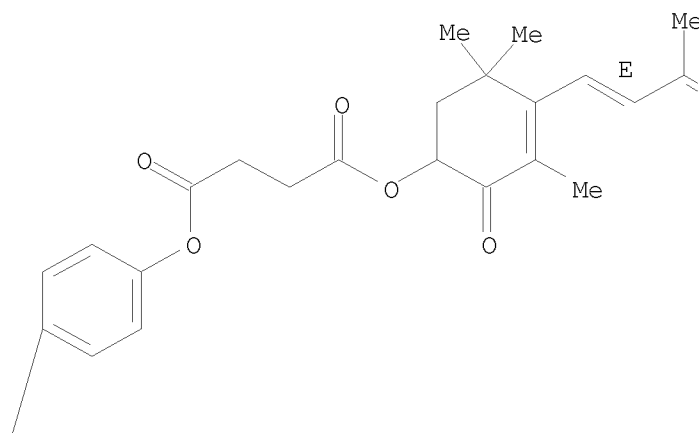
CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
dioxobutoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

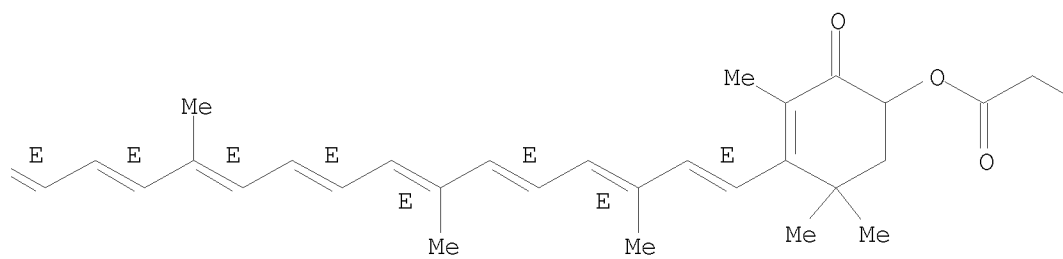
PAGE 1-C



PAGE 2-A

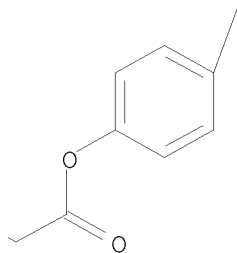


PAGE 2-B

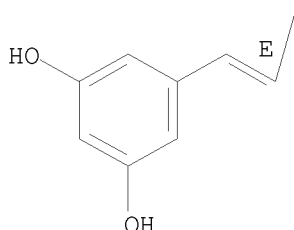




PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(4 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 25 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:536449 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:86610

TITLE: Regioselective acylation of several polyhydroxylated natural compounds by *Candida antarctica* lipase B

AUTHOR(S): Teng, Rong-Wei; Bui, Thi-Kim-Anh; McManus, David; Armstrong, David; Mau, Shaio-Lim; Bacic, Antony

CORPORATE SOURCE: CRC for Bioproducts, School of Botany, The University of Melbourne, 3010, Australia

SOURCE: Biocatalysis and Biotransformation (2005), 23(2), 109-116

CODEN: BOBOEQ; ISSN: 1024-2422

PUBLISHER: Taylor & Francis Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 144:86610

AB Regioselective acylation of four polyhydroxylated natural compds., deacetyl asperulosidic acid (1), asperulosidic acid (2), puerarin (3) and resveratrol (4) by *Candida antarctica* Lipase B in the presence of various acyl donors (vinyl acetate, vinyl decanoate or vinyl cinnamate) was studied. Compds. 1, 2 and 4 were regioselectively acetylated with vinyl acetate to afford products, 3'-O-acetyl-10-O-deacetylasperulosidic acid, 3',6'-O-diacetyl-10-O-deacetylasperulosidic acid, 3'-O-acetylasperulosidic acid, 3',6'-O-diacetylasperulosidic acid, 4'-O-acetylresveratrol, resp., with yields of 22 to 50%, while reactions with vinyl decanoate and vinyl cinnamate were slow with lower yields. Compound 3 was readily acylated with all three acyl donors and quant. converted to products 6"-O-acetylpuerarin, 6"-O-decanoylpuerarin, 6"-O-cinnamoylpuerarin, resp.

The structures of these acylated products were determined by spectroscopic methods (MS and NMR).

IT 411233-11-9P, 4'-O-Acetylresveratrol

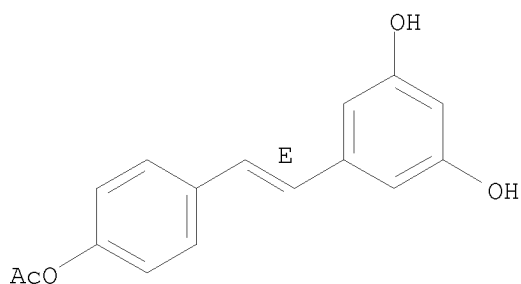
RL: BMF (Bioindustrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(regioselective acylation of several polyhydroxylated natural compds. by *Candida antarctica* lipase B)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (5 CITINGS)  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 26 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:453807 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:482170

TITLE: Carotenoid analogs or derivatives for the inhibition and amelioration of disease

INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel Fournier; O'Malley, Sean; Watumull, David G.; Hix, Laura M.; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski, Geoff

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 136 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 629,538.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

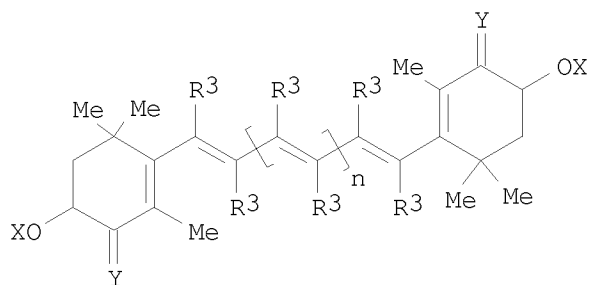
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 16

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20050113372	A1	20050526	US 2004-793670	20040304
US 7521584	B2	20090421		
US 20040162329	A1	20040819	US 2003-629538	20030729
US 7145025	B2	20061205		
US 20050065097	A1	20050324	US 2004-793696	20040304
US 20050075337	A1	20050407	US 2004-793702	20040304
US 20060229446	A1	20061012	US 2006-357897	20060217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-399194P	P 20020729
			US 2003-467973P	P 20030505

US 2003-472831P P 20030522  
 US 2003-473741P P 20030528  
 US 2003-485304P P 20030703  
 US 2003-629538 A2 20030729

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:482170; MARPAT 142:482170  
 GI



I

AB The preparation and evaluation of carotenoid derivs. I (R1, R2 = independently an acyclic alkene comprising at least one substituent, or a cyclic ring comprising at least one substituent; R3 = independently H or Me; n = 5-12) as antioxidants for the treatment of related disease is described. Thus, astaxanthin in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was treated with DIPEA and succinic anhydride to yield the disuccinic ester.

IT 653566-06-4P 653566-07-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

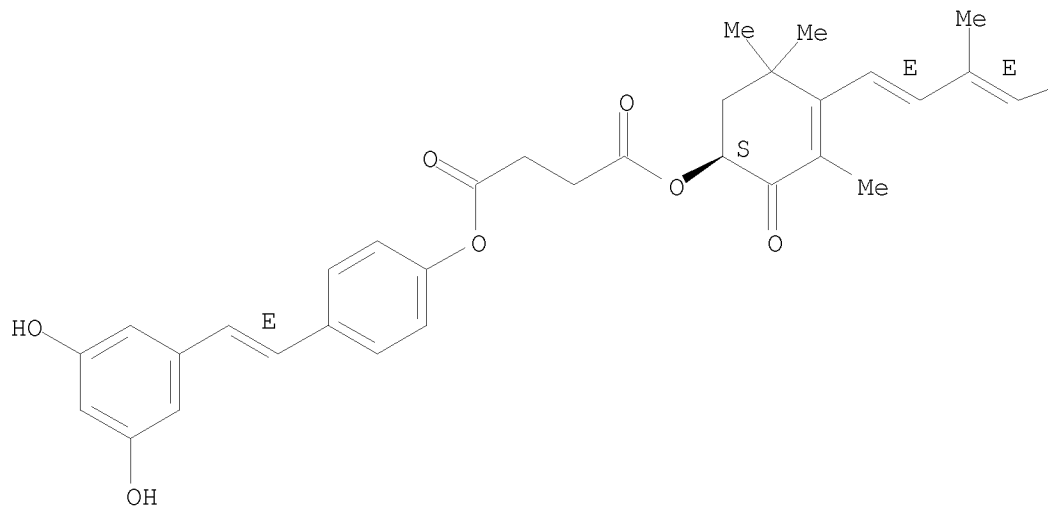
(preparation of carotenoid analogs as antioxidants for the inhibition and amelioration of liver disease)

RN 653566-06-4 CAPLUS

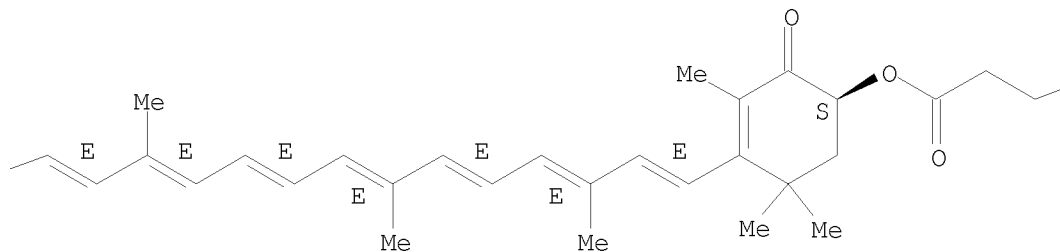
CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
 3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



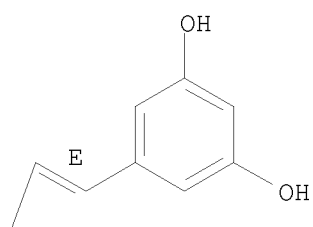
PAGE 1-C

—CO<sub>2</sub>H

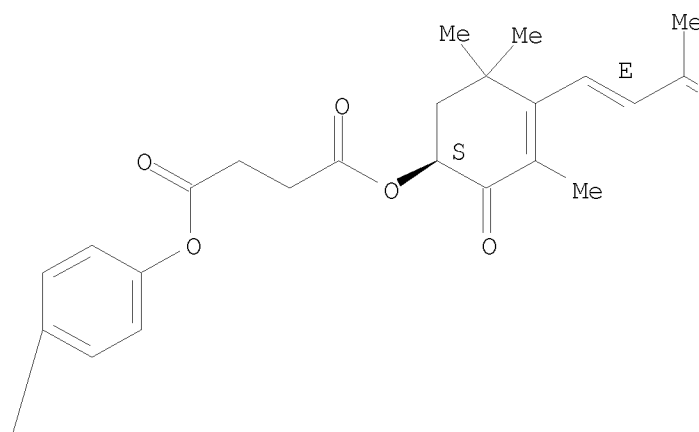
RN 653566-07-5 CAPLUS  
 CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
 3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
 dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry as shown.

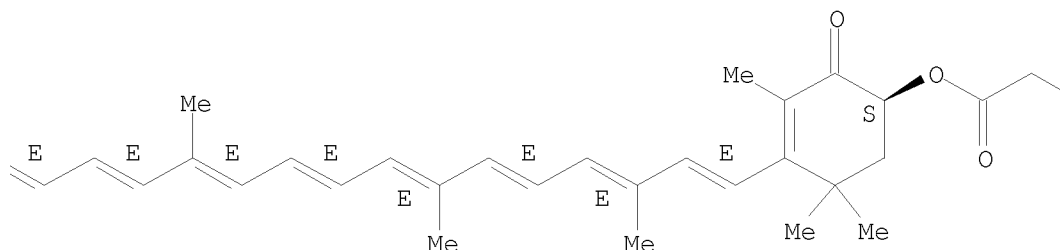
PAGE 1-C



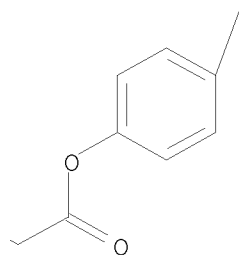
PAGE 2-A



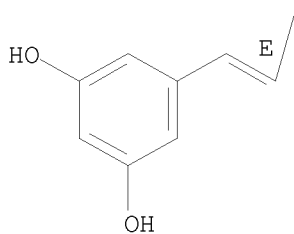
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(3 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 27 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:371018 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:411509  
TITLE: Preparation of carotenoid ester analogs or derivatives  
for the inhibition and amelioration of liver disease  
INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel Fournier; O'Malley, Sean; Watumull,  
David G.; Hix, Laura M.; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski,  
Geoff  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 139 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 629,538.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

16

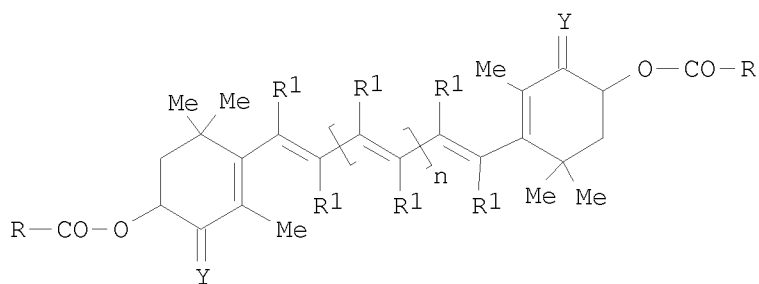
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20050090469	A1	20050428	US 2004-793660	20040304
US 20040162329	A1	20040819	US 2003-629538	20030729
US 7145025	B2	20061205		
US 20050065097	A1	20050324	US 2004-793696	20040304
US 20050075337	A1	20050407	US 2004-793702	20040304
US 20060229446	A1	20061012	US 2006-357897	20060217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-399194P	P 20020729
			US 2003-467973P	P 20030505
			US 2003-472831P	P 20030522
			US 2003-473741P	P 20030528
			US 2003-485304P	P 20030703
			US 2003-629538	A2 20030729

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 142:411509; MARPAT 142:411509

GI



I

AB A method of treating liver disease in a subject comprising administering to the subject an effective amount of a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation of a synthetic analog or derivative of a carotenoid. Carotenoid esters of formula I [R = (substituted) OH, (substituted) alkylamino, amino acid, alkyl, etc.; each R1 = H, Me; n = 5-12] are prepared. The subject may be administered a carotenoid analog or derivative, either alone or in combination with another carotenoid analog or derivative, or co-antioxidant formulation. Thus, astaxanthin disuccinate was prepared from astaxanthin and succinic anhydride. The prepared compds. were tested for inhibition of disease and pharmacokinetics.

IT 653566-06-4P 653566-07-5P 835885-11-5P  
835885-12-6P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of carotenoid esters for the treatment of liver disease)

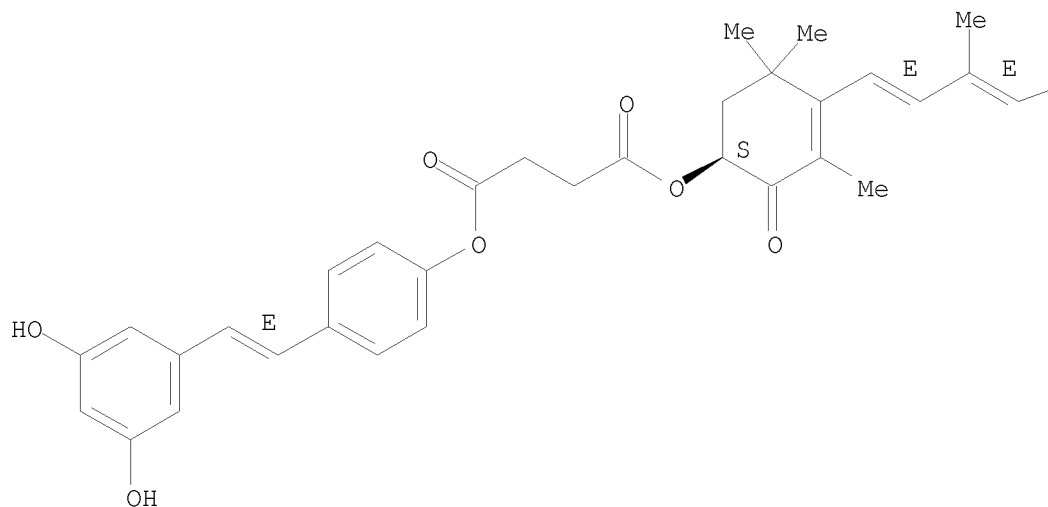
RN 653566-06-4 CAPLUS

CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-

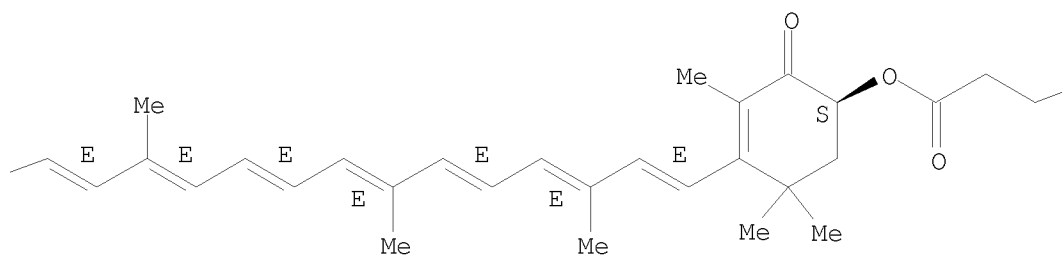
dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C

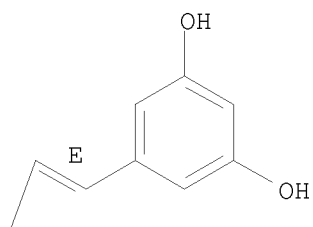
CO<sub>2</sub>H

RN 653566-07-5 CAPLUS  
CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

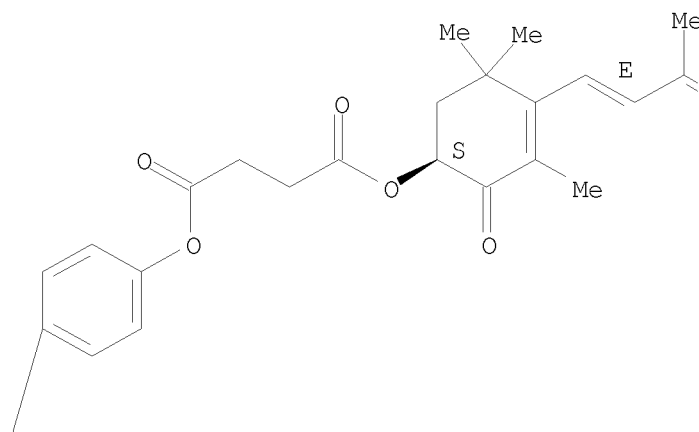


Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.

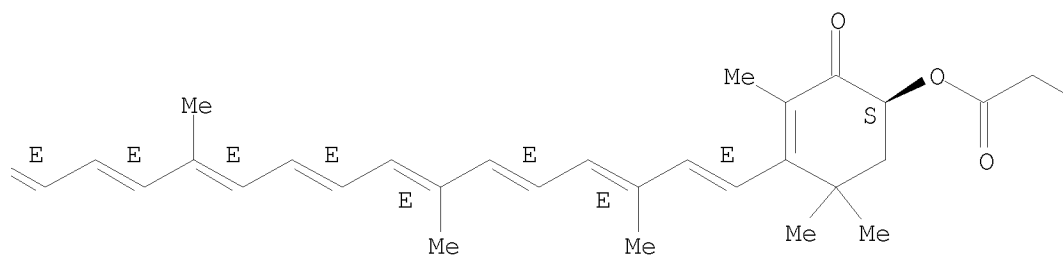
PAGE 1-C



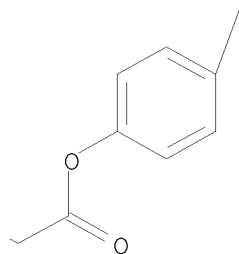
PAGE 2-A



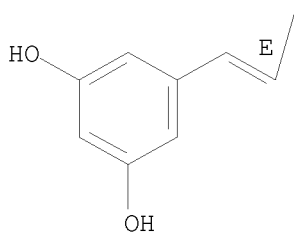
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C



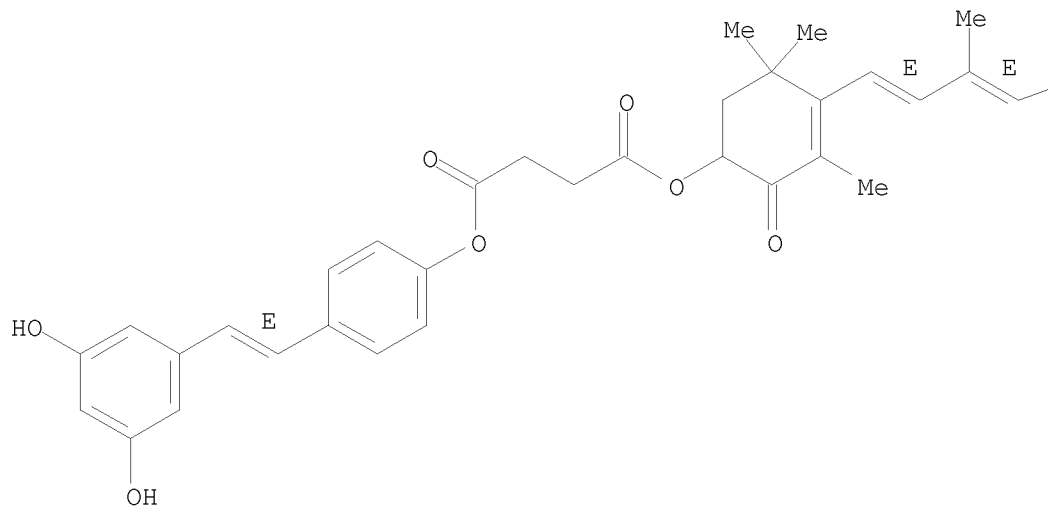
PAGE 3-A



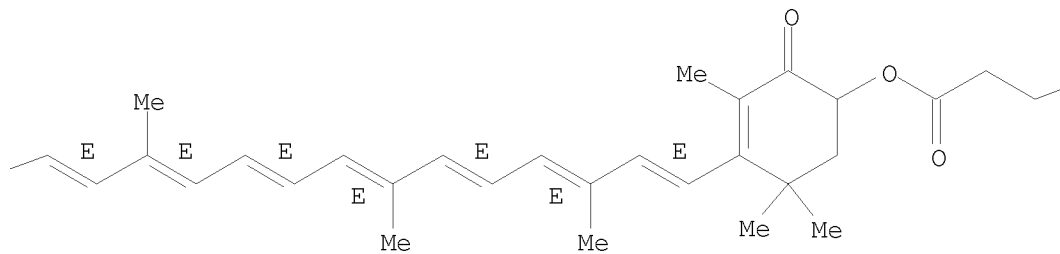
RN 835885-11-5 CAPLUS  
 CN  $\beta, \beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
 3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-  
 dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



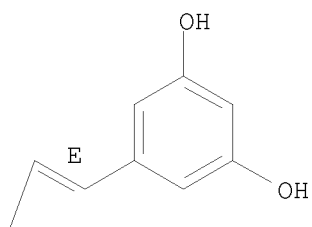
PAGE 1-C

CO<sub>2</sub>H

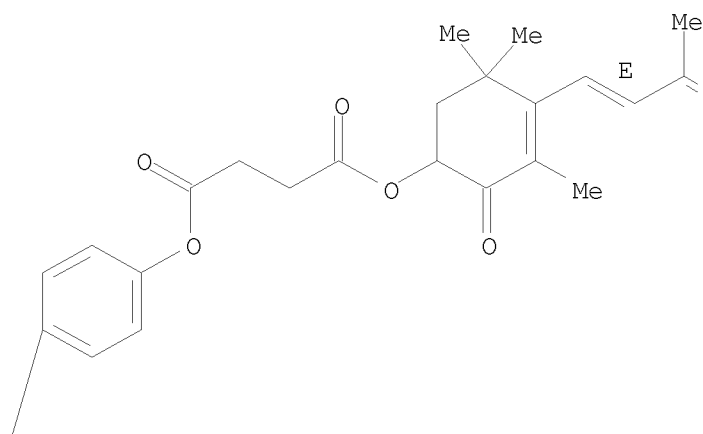
RN 835885-12-6 CAPLUS  
 CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
 3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
 dioxobutoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

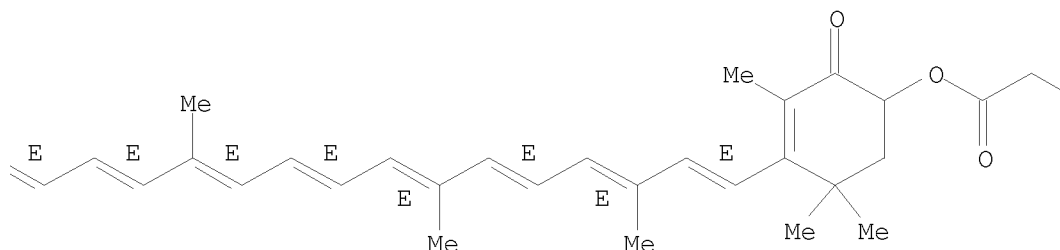
PAGE 1-C



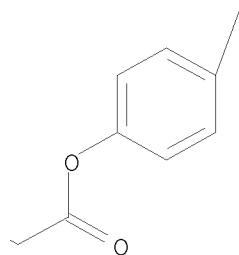
PAGE 2-A



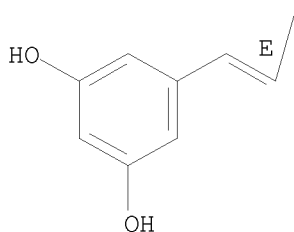
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(3 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 28 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:303393 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:373996

TITLE: Pharmaceutical compositions including carotenoid ester analogs or derivatives for the inhibition and amelioration of disease

INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel Fournier; O'Malley, Sean; Watumull, David G.; Hix, Laura M.; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski, Geoff

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 131 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 629,538.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 16  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20050075316	A1	20050407	US 2004-793692	20040304
US 7320997	B2	20080122		
US 20040162329	A1	20040819	US 2003-629538	20030729
US 7145025	B2	20061205		
US 20050065097	A1	20050324	US 2004-793696	20040304
US 20050075337	A1	20050407	US 2004-793702	20040304
US 20060229446	A1	20061012	US 2006-357897	20060217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-399194P	P 20020729
			US 2003-467973P	P 20030505
			US 2003-472831P	P 20030522
			US 2003-473741P	P 20030528
			US 2003-485304P	P 20030703
			US 2003-629538	A2 20030729
OTHER SOURCE(S):			CASREACT 142:373996; MARPAT 142:373996	
GI				

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB A method for inhibiting and/or ameliorating the occurrence of diseases associated with reactive oxygen species, reactive nitrogen species, radicals and/or non-radicals in a subject whereby a subject is administered a carotenoid analog or derivative, e.g., I [X1 = (CR3:CR3)z-(E); z = 5 - 12; R3 = H, Me; Y = O, H2; R = OR1, R1; R1 = alkyl-+N(R2)3, aryl-+N(R2)3, alkyl-CO2-, (un)phosphorylated N-protonated amino acid, polyethylene glycol, dextran, H, alkyl, aryl; R2 = H, alkyl, aryl], either alone or in combination with another carotenoid analog or derivative, or co-antioxidant formulation. The analog or derivative is administered such that the subject's risk of experiencing diseases associated with reactive oxygen species, reactive nitrogen species, radicals and/or non-radicals may be thereby reduced. The analog or analog combination may be administered to a subject for the inhibition and/or amelioration of any disease that involves production of reactive oxygen species, reactive nitrogen species, radicals and/or non-radicals. In some embodiments, the invention may include a pharmaceutical composition including a carotenoid analog or derivative

The carotenoid analog may include a conjugated polyene with between 7 to 14 double bonds. The conjugated polyene may include a cyclic ring including at least one substituent. In some embodiments, a cyclic ring of a carotenoid analog or derivative may include at least one substituent. The substituent may be coupled to the cyclic ring with an ester functionality. In some embodiments, a pharmaceutical composition may include a biol. inactive carrier. The pharmaceutical composition may be adapted to be administered to a human subject. Thus, (±)-Astaxanthin disuccinate disodium salt, was prepared, separated into pure stereoisomers, e.g., meso isomer [II; X2 =

CMe:CHCH:CHCMe:CHCH:CHCH:CMeCH:CHCH:CMe-(E)-all], and tested for: water solubility, radical cation formation, induction of connexin 43 protein expression, induction of intercellular gap junctional communication, direct superoxide anion scavenging as determined by EPR and bioavailability following oral administration.

IT 835885-11-5P 835885-12-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

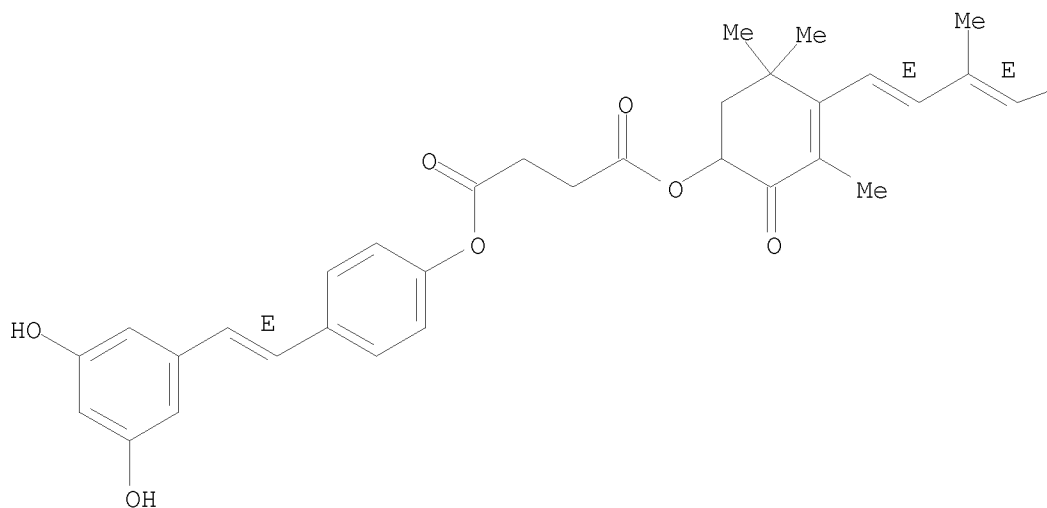
(pharmaceutical compns. including carotenoid ester analogs or derivs. for inhibition and amelioration of disease)

RN 835885-11-5 CAPLUS

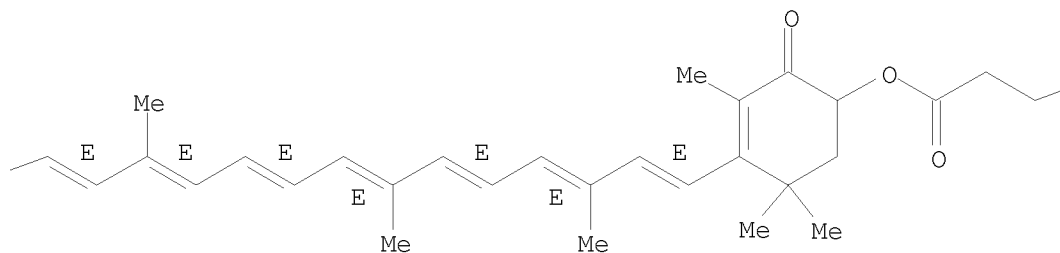
CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C

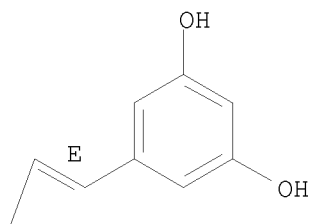
—CO<sub>2</sub>H

RN 835885-12-6 CAPLUS

CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
dioxobutoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

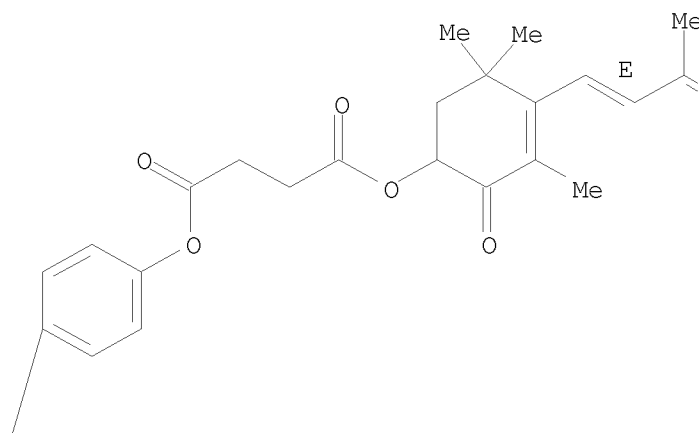
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-C

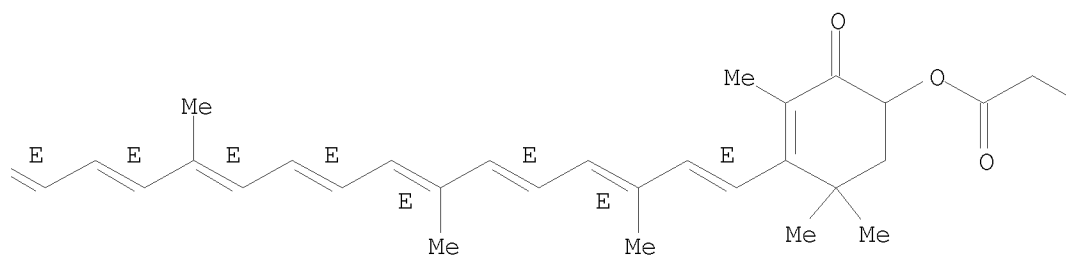




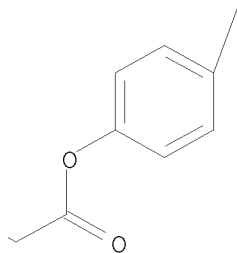
PAGE 2-A



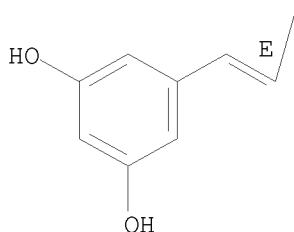
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 424 THERE ARE 424 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 29 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:259647 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:316980

TITLE: Pharmaceutical compositions including carotenoid ether analogs or derivatives for the inhibition and amelioration of disease

INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel Fournier; O'Malley, Sean; Watumull, David G.; Hix, Laura M.; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski, Geoff

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 126 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 629,538.  
CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

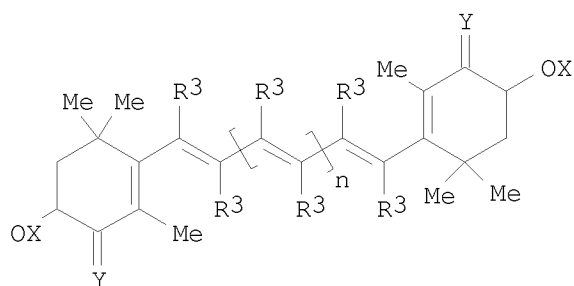
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 16

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20050065096	A1	20050324	US 2004-793680	20040304
US 7375133	B2	20080520		
US 20040162329	A1	20040819	US 2003-629538	20030729
US 7145025	B2	20061205		
US 20050065097	A1	20050324	US 2004-793696	20040304

US 20050075337 A1 20050407 US 2004-793702 20040304  
 US 20060229446 A1 20061012 US 2006-357897 20060217  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-399194P P 20020729  
 US 2003-467973P P 20030505  
 US 2003-472831P P 20030522  
 US 2003-473741P P 20030528  
 US 2003-485304P P 20030703  
 US 2003-629538 A2 20030729  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:316980; MARPAT 142:316980  
 GI



I

AB Carotenoid analogs, I, ( $n = 5-12$ ;  $R^3 = H$  or  $Me$ ;  $Y = O$  or  $H_2$ ;  $X =$  phosphate, sulfate sugar, amine, alkyl, aryl, acid, etc.) for inhibiting and/or ameliorating the occurrence of diseases associated with reactive oxygen species, reactive nitrogen species, radicals and/or non-radicals in a subject whereby a subject is administered a carotenoid analog or derivative, either alone or in combination with another carotenoid analog or derivative, or co-antioxidant formulation are prepared and evaluated. Thus, astaxanthin in dichloromethane was treated with DIPEA, and succinic anhydride to yield the corresponding disuccinic acid ester. The analog or derivative is administered such that the subject's risk of experiencing diseases associated with reactive oxygen species, reactive nitrogen species, radicals and/or non-radicals may be thereby reduced. The analog or analog combination may be administered to a subject for the inhibition and/or amelioration of any disease that involves production of reactive oxygen species, reactive nitrogen species, radicals and/or non-radicals. In some embodiments, the invention may include a pharmaceutical composition including a carotenoid analog or derivative. In some embodiments, a pharmaceutical composition may include a biol.

inactive carrier. The pharmaceutical composition may be adapted to be administered to a human subject.

IT 653566-06-4P 653566-07-5P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of carotenoid analogs as antioxidants for the inhibition and amelioration of liver disease)

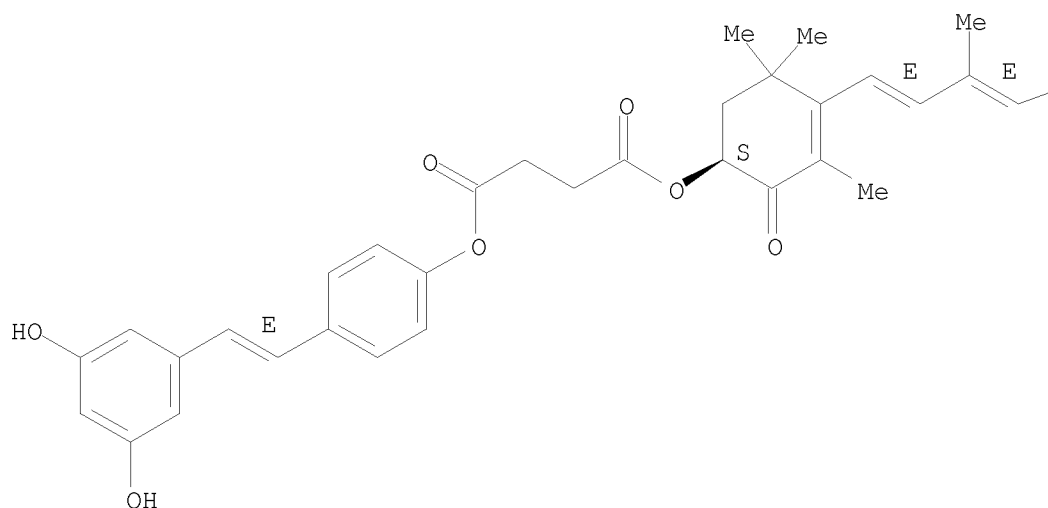
RN 653566-06-4 CAPLUS

CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
 3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)-(9CI) (CA

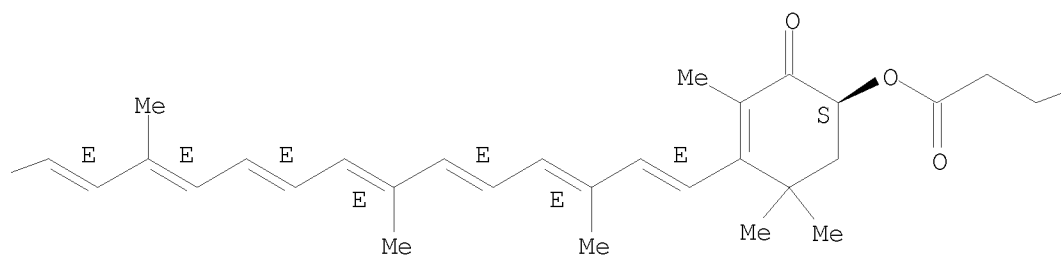
INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.

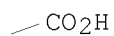
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



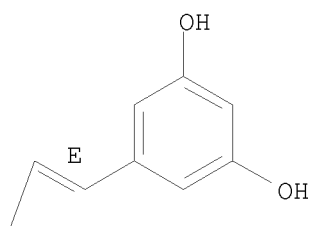
PAGE 1-C



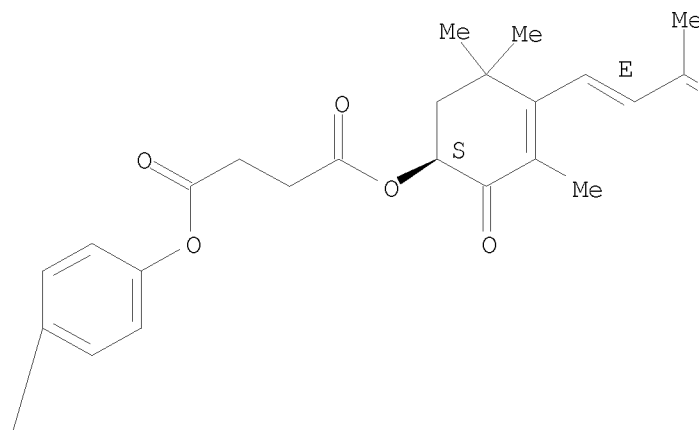
RN	653566-07-5	CAPLUS
CN	$\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione, 3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)	

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.

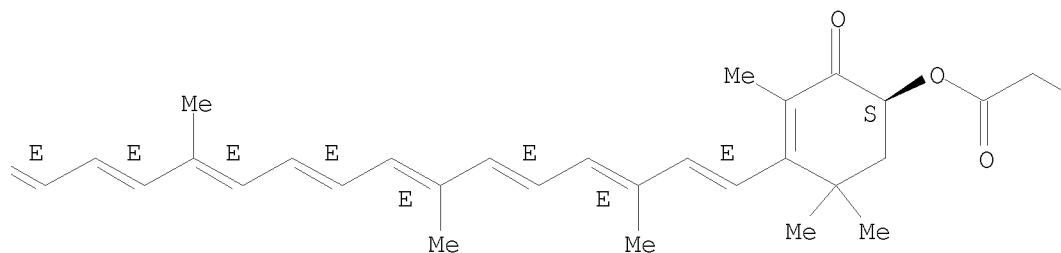
PAGE 1-C



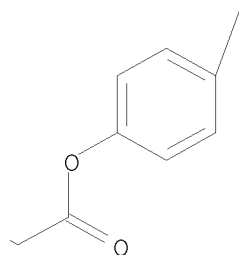
PAGE 2-A



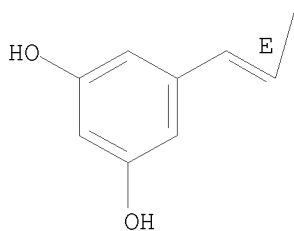
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(3 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 30 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:238691 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:291360

TITLE: Carotenoid analogs or derivatives for controlling  
c-reactive protein levels

INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel Fournier; O'Malley, Sean; Watumull,  
David G.; Hix, Laura M.; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski,  
Geoff

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 138 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 629,538.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 16  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20050059659	A1	20050317	US 2004-793685	20040304
US 20040162329	A1	20040819	US 2003-629538	20030729
US 7145025	B2	20061205		
US 20050065097	A1	20050324	US 2004-793696	20040304
US 20050075337	A1	20050407	US 2004-793702	20040304
US 20060229446	A1	20061012	US 2006-357897	20060217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-399194P	P 20020729
			US 2003-467973P	P 20030505
			US 2003-472831P	P 20030522
			US 2003-473741P	P 20030528
			US 2003-485304P	P 20030703
			US 2003-629538	A2 20030729

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:291360

AB A method of controlling (e.g., influencing or affecting) C-reactive protein levels in a subject may include administering to the subject an effective amount of a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation. The pharmaceutically acceptable formulation may include a synthetic analog or derivative of a carotenoid. The subject may be administered a carotenoid analog or derivative, either alone or in combination with another carotenoid analog or derivative, or co-antioxidant formulation. The carotenoid analog may include a conjugated polyene with between 7 to 14 double bonds. The conjugated polyene may include an acyclic alkene including at least one substituent and/or a cyclic ring including at least one substituent. In some embodiments, a carotenoid analog or derivative may include at least one substituent.

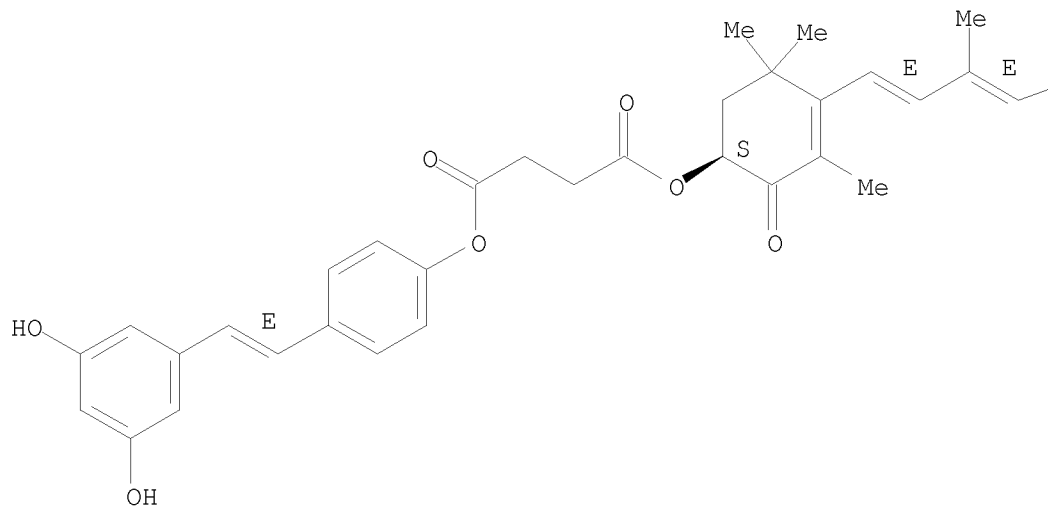
IT 653566-06-4P 653566-07-5P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (carotenoid analogs or derivs. for controlling c-reactive protein expression)

RN 653566-06-4 CAPLUS

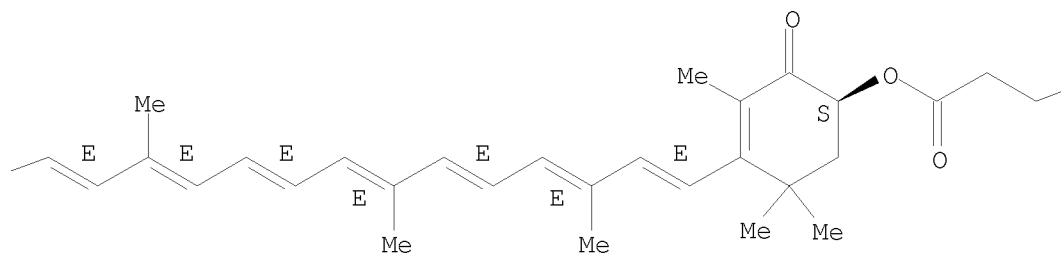
CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
 3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C

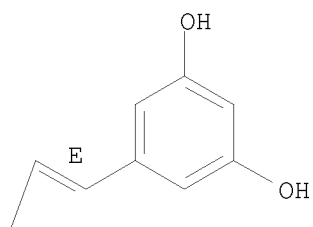
CO<sub>2</sub>H

RN 653566-07-5 CAPLUS  
 CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
 3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
 dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

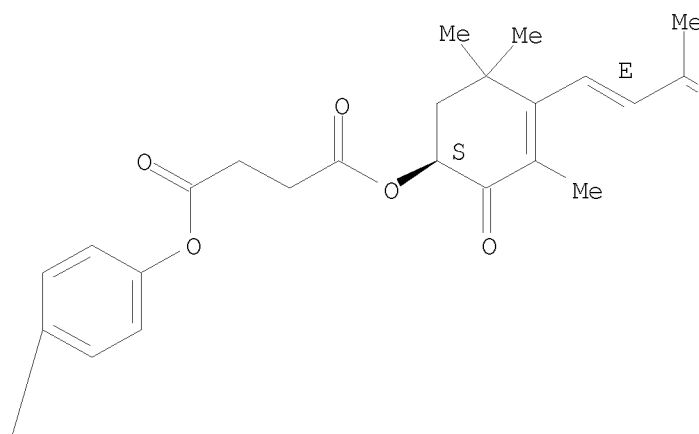
Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry as shown.



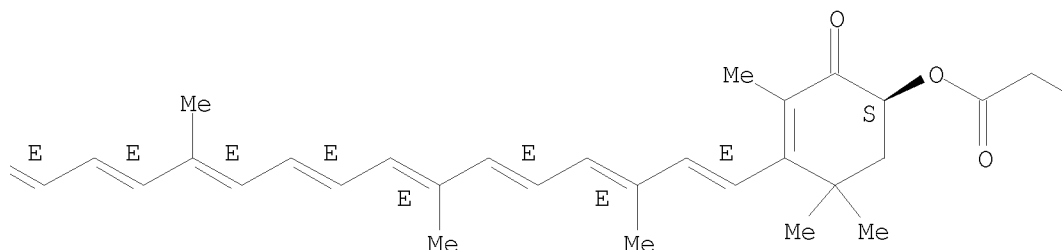
PAGE 1-C



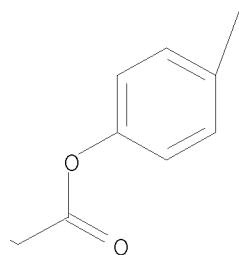
PAGE 2-A



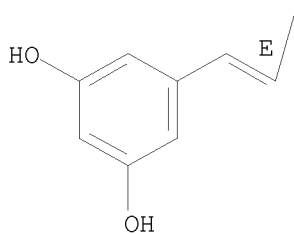
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(3 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 31 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:238683 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:291448  
TITLE: Carotenoid ester analogs or derivatives for  
controlling c-reactive protein levels  
INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel Fournier; O'Malley, Sean; Watumull,  
David G.; Hix, Laura M.; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski,  
Geoff  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 134 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 629,538.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

16

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
US 20050059635	A1	20050317	US 2004-793691	20040304
US 20040162329	A1	20040819	US 2003-629538	20030729
US 7145025	B2	20061205		
US 20050065097	A1	20050324	US 2004-793696	20040304
US 20050075337	A1	20050407	US 2004-793702	20040304
US 20060229446	A1	20061012	US 2006-357897	20060217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-399194P	P 20020729
			US 2003-467973P	P 20030505
			US 2003-472831P	P 20030522
			US 2003-473741P	P 20030528
			US 2003-485304P	P 20030703
			US 2003-629538	A2 20030729

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:291448

AB A method of controlling (e.g., influencing or affecting) C-reactive protein levels in a subject may include administering to the subject an effective amount of a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation. The pharmaceutically acceptable formulation may include a synthetic analog or derivative of a carotenoid. The subject may be administered a carotenoid analog or derivative, either alone or in combination with another carotenoid analog or derivative, or co-antioxidant formulation. The carotenoid analog may include a conjugated polyene with between 7 to 14 double bonds. The conjugated polyene may include a cyclic ring including at least one substituent. In some embodiments, a cyclic ring of a carotenoid analog or derivative may include at least one substituent. The substituent may be coupled to the cyclic ring with an ester functionality.

IT 653566-06-4P 653566-07-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(carotenoid ester analogs or derivs. for controlling c-reactive protein expression)

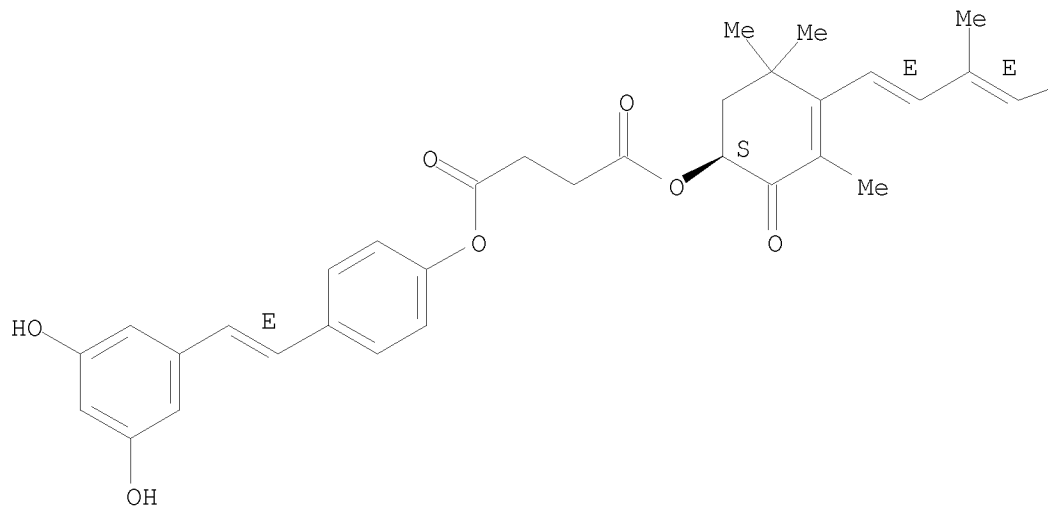
RN 653566-06-4 CAPLUS

CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

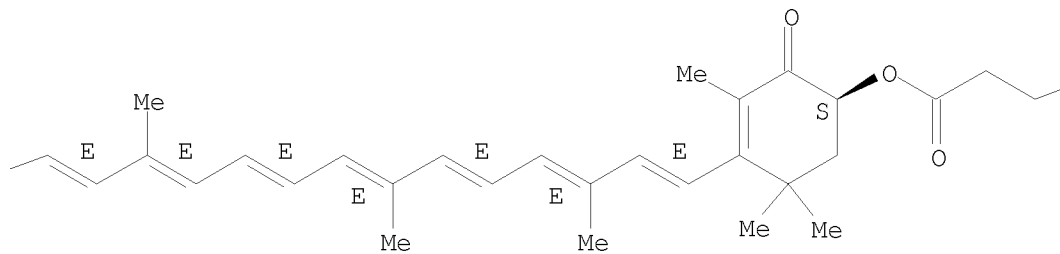
Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



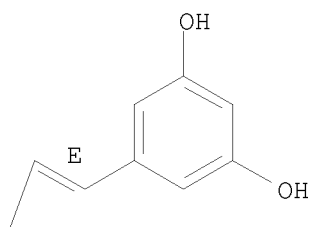
PAGE 1-C

CO<sub>2</sub>H

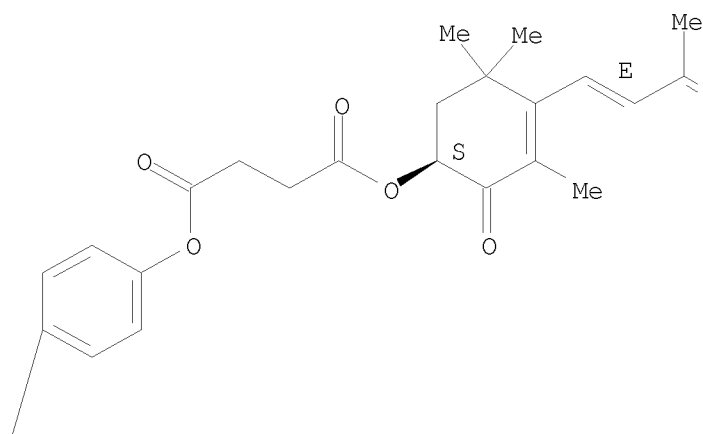
RN 653566-07-5 CAPLUS  
 CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
 3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
 dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry as shown.

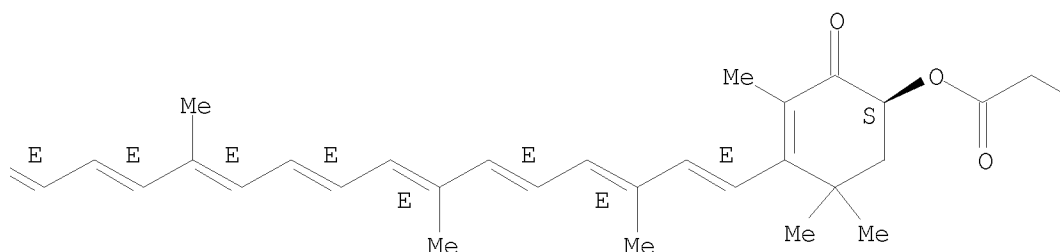
PAGE 1-C



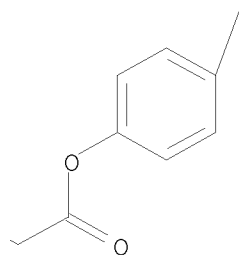
PAGE 2-A



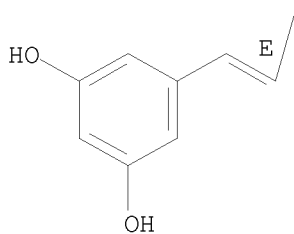
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(3 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 32 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:185383 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:261669  
TITLE: Carotenoid ether analogs or derivatives for  
controlling c-reactive protein levels  
INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel Fournier; O'Malley, Sean; Watumull,  
David G.; Hix, Laura M.; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski,  
Geoff  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 126 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 629,538.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

16

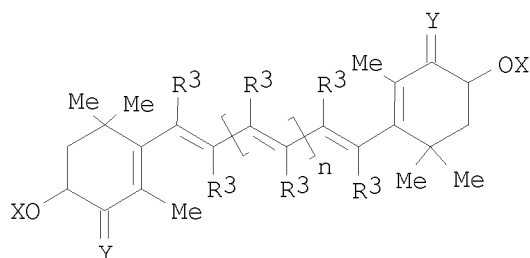
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20050049248	A1	20050303	US 2004-793676	20040304
US 20040162329	A1	20040819	US 2003-629538	20030729
US 7145025	B2	20061205		
US 20050065097	A1	20050324	US 2004-793696	20040304
US 20050075337	A1	20050407	US 2004-793702	20040304
US 20060229446	A1	20061012	US 2006-357897	20060217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-399194P	P 20020729
			US 2003-467973P	P 20030505
			US 2003-472831P	P 20030522
			US 2003-473741P	P 20030528
			US 2003-485304P	P 20030703
			US 2003-629538	A2 20030729

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 142:261669; MARPAT 142:261669

GI



I

AB The preparation and evaluation of carotenoid derivs. I (X = phosphate, sulfate, sugar, amine, amino acid, polyethylene glycol, aryl, etc.; R3 = independently H or Me; Y = O, H2; n = 5-12) for controlling C-reactive protein levels is described. Thus, astaxanthin is treated with succinic anhydride and DIPEA in CH2Cl2 to give the corresponding disuccinic ester. The subject may be administered a carotenoid analog or derivative, either alone or in combination with another carotenoid analog or derivative, or co-antioxidant formulation.

IT 653566-06-4P 653566-07-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of carotenoid analogs as antioxidants for the inhibition and amelioration of liver disease)

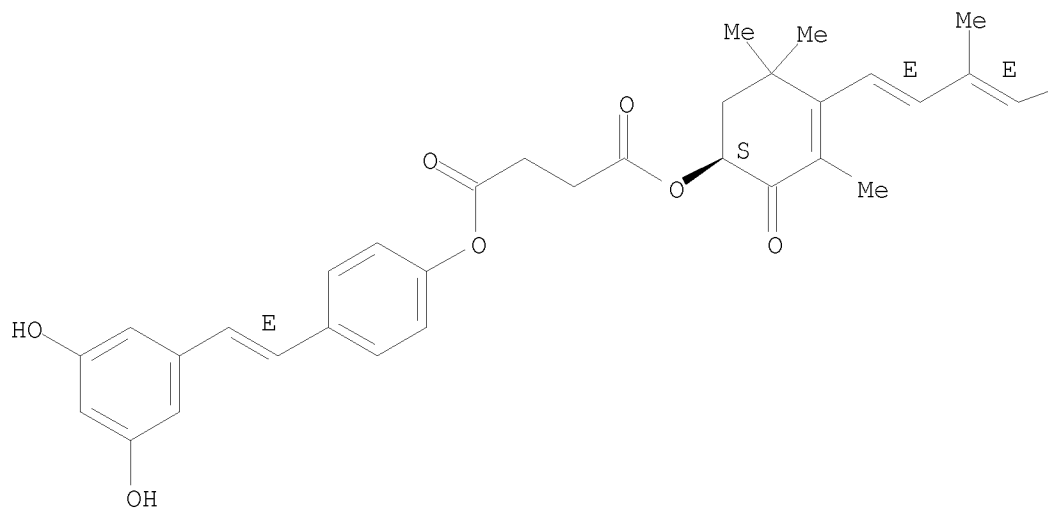
RN 653566-06-4 CAPLUS

CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,

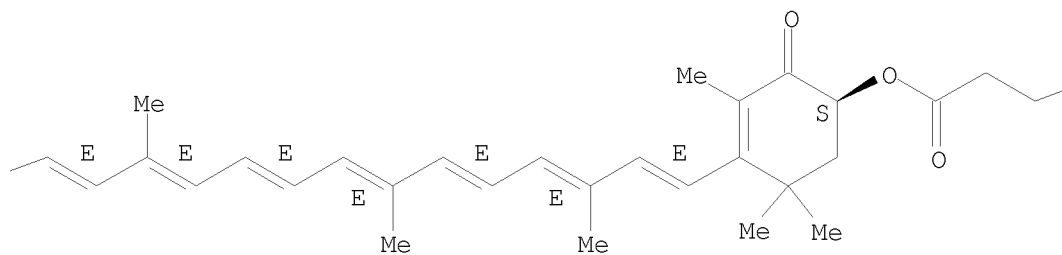
3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C

—CO<sub>2</sub>H

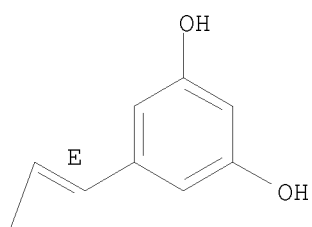
RN 653566-07-5 CAPLUS  
CN  $\beta$ ,  $\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

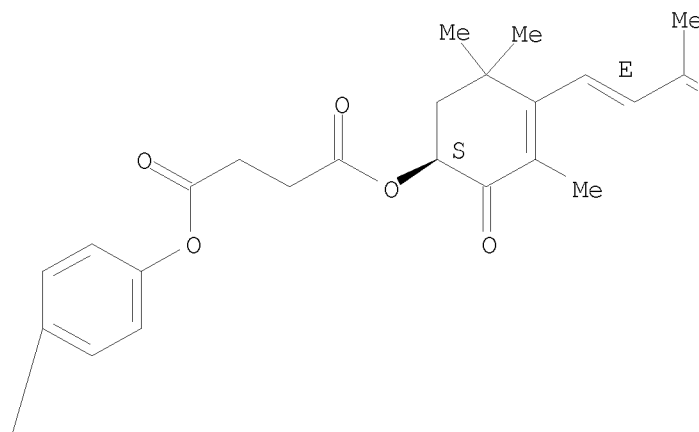


Double bond geometry as shown.

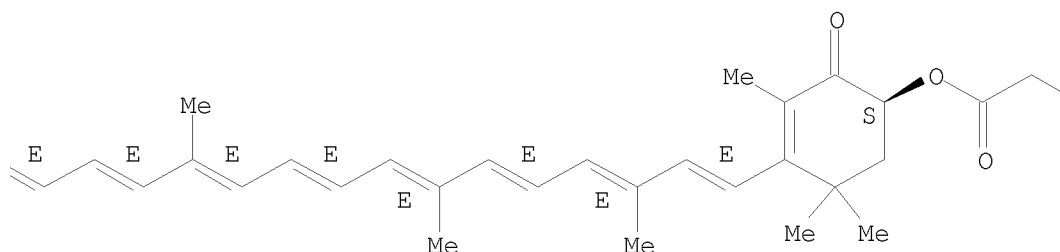
PAGE 1-C



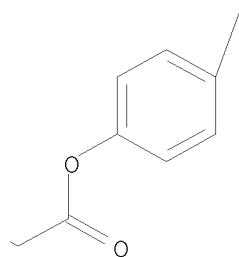
PAGE 2-A



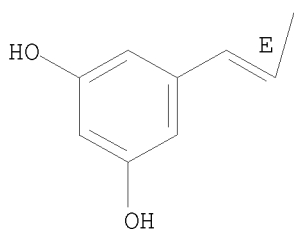
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(3 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 33 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:99144 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:198233  
TITLE: Preparation of carotenoid ether analogs or derivatives  
for the inhibition and amelioration of liver disease  
INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel Fournier; O'Malley, Sean; Watumull,  
David G.; Hix, Laura M.; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski,  
Geoff  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 130 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 629,538.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 16  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20050026874	A1	20050203	US 2004-793681	20040304
US 20040162329	A1	20040819	US 2003-629538	20030729
US 7145025	B2	20061205		
US 20050065097	A1	20050324	US 2004-793696	20040304
US 20050075337	A1	20050407	US 2004-793702	20040304
US 20060229446	A1	20061012	US 2006-357897	20060217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-399194P	P 20020729
			US 2003-467973P	P 20030505
			US 2003-472831P	P 20030522
			US 2003-473741P	P 20030528
			US 2003-485304P	P 20030703
			US 2003-629538	A2 20030729
OTHER SOURCE(S):		CASREACT 142:198233; MARPAT 142:198233		
GI				

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB A method of treating liver disease in a subject. The method may include administering to the subject an effective amount of a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation. The pharmaceutically acceptable formulation may include a synthetic analog or derivative I [Z = {CR3:CR3-(E)}z; z = 5 - 12; R3 = H, Me; Y = O, H2; X = P(:O)(OR1)2, S(:O)(OR1)2, X', alkyl-N+(R2)3, aryl-N+(R2)3, alkyl-CO2-, aryl-CO2-, N-protonated amino acid, phosphorylated N-protonated amino acid, polyethylene glycol, dextran, vitamin C, phosphorylated vitamin C, aryl; R1 = alkyl-N+(R2)3, aryl-N+(R2)3, alkyl-CO2-, aryl-CO2-, N-protonated amino acid, phosphorylated N-protonated amino acid, polyethylene glycol, dextran, H, alkyl, aryl, alkali salt; R2 = H, alkyl, aryl; (wherein X enhances the solubility of I allowing at least partial water solubility)] of a carotenoid.

The subject may be administered a carotenoid analog or derivative, either alone or in combination with another carotenoid analog or derivative, or co-antioxidant formulation. The carotenoid analog may include a conjugated polyene with between 7 to 14 double bonds. The conjugated polyene may include a cyclic ring including at least one substituent. In some embodiments, a cyclic ring of a carotenoid analog or derivative may include at least one substituent. The substituent may be coupled to the cyclic ring with an ether functionality. Thus, astaxanthin disuccinate ascorbate diester was prepared from astaxanthin via acylation with succinic anhydride in CH2Cl2 containing EtNH(CHMe2)2 and catalytic DMAP followed by reaction with 2-O-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)ascorbic acid in CH2Cl2 containing DMAP and EDCI·HCl. Astaxanthin disuccinate disodium salt was tested for its water solubility, ability to induce Connexin 43 protein expression, induce intercellular gap junction communication, inhibition of carcinogen-induced

neoplastic transformation, reduce superoxides in neutrophils, and its plasma pharmacokinetics.

IT 835885-11-5P 835885-12-6P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

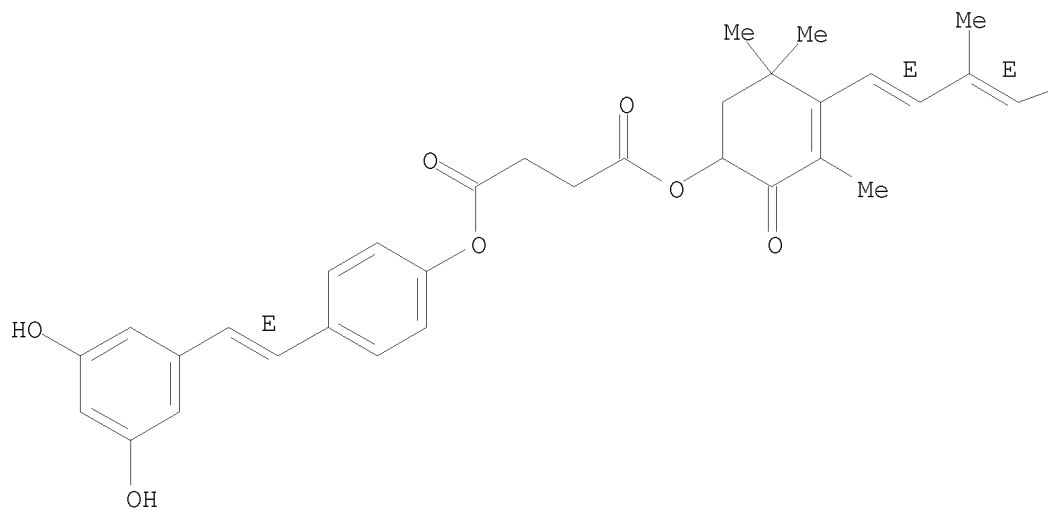
(preparation of carotenoid analogs or derivs. for the inhibition and amelioration of liver disease)

RN 835885-11-5 CAPLUS

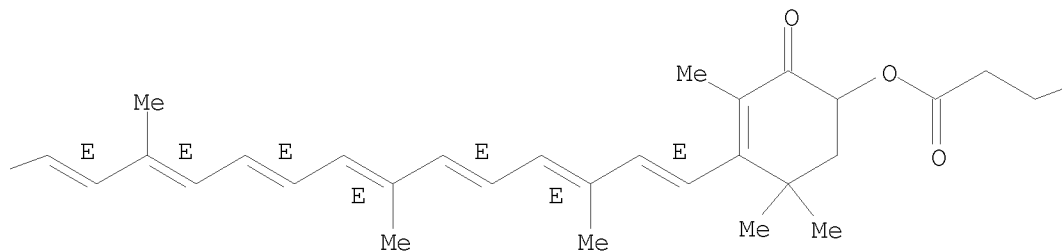
CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C

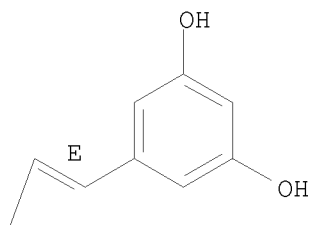
—CO<sub>2</sub>H

RN 835885-12-6 CAPLUS

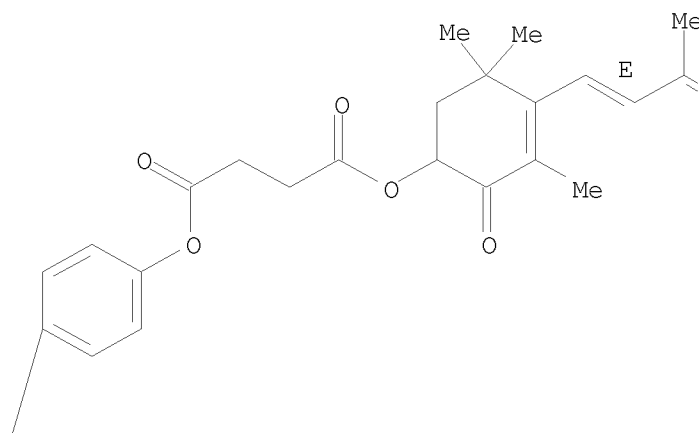
CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
dioxobutoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

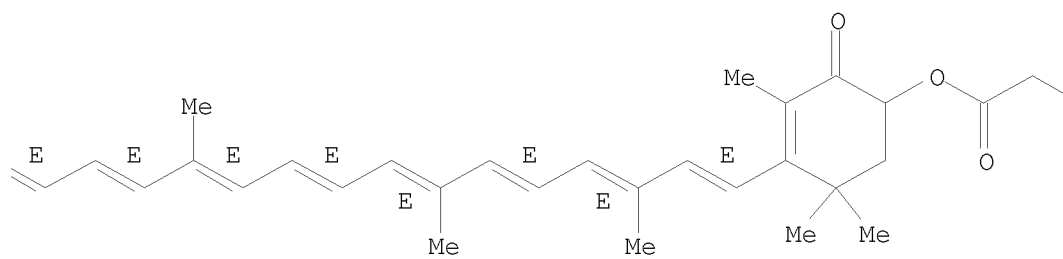
PAGE 1-C



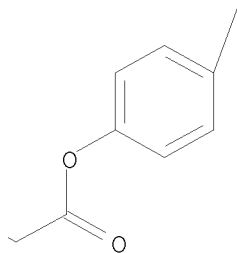
PAGE 2-A



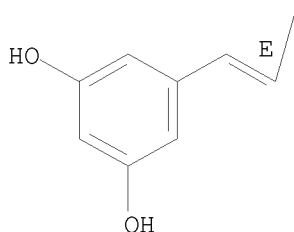
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C

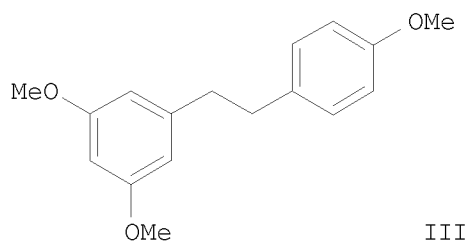
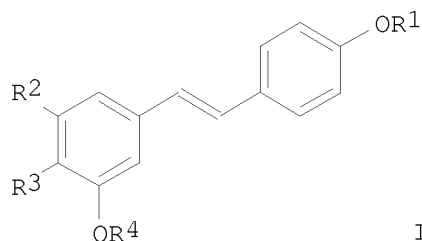


PAGE 3-A



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(3 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 34 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:69618 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:336166  
TITLE: Chemo-enzymatic synthesis and cell-growth inhibition activity of resveratrol analogues  
AUTHOR(S): Cardile, Venera; Lombardo, Laura; Spatafora, Carmela; Tringali, Corrado  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dipartimento di Scienze Fisiologiche, Universita di Catania, Catania, 95125, Italy  
SOURCE: Bioorganic Chemistry (2005), 33(1), 22-33  
CODEN: BOCMBM; ISSN: 0045-2068  
PUBLISHER: Elsevier  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:336166  
GI



AB The stilbenoid resveratrol was subjected to regioselective acetylation catalyzed by *Candida antarctica* lipase (CAL) to obtain 4'-acetylresveratrol. CAL biocatalyzed regioselective alcoholysis of 3,5,4'-triacylresveratrol, 3,5,4'-tributanoylresveratrol, and 3, 4, 5'-trioctanoylresveratrol afforded various derivs. Further resveratrol analogs were obtained through methylation and hydrogenation reactions, whereas the 3,4,4'-trimethoxystilbene was obtained by complete synthesis. Resveratrol and its lipophylic analogs were subjected to cell-growth inhibition bioassays towards DU-145 human prostate cancer cells. Compds. showed cell-growth inhibition activity comparable to or higher than resveratrol (GI50 = 24.09  $\mu$ M), displaying low or very low toxicity against non-tumorigenic human fibroblast cells. Comparison of the trimethoxy stilbenes I [R1, R4 = Me, R2 = OMe, R3 = H (II)] (GI50 = 2.92  $\mu$ M) and I [R1, R4 = Me, R2 = H, R3 = OMe] (GI50 = 25.39  $\mu$ M) indicates that the position of the substituents is important for the activity. The marked activity of Me ethers II, I [R1 = Me, R2 = OMe, R3, R4 = H], III and in comparison with that of the corresponding esters suggests that the different chemical reactivity, rather than steric factors, strongly influences the activity.

IT 411233-11-9P

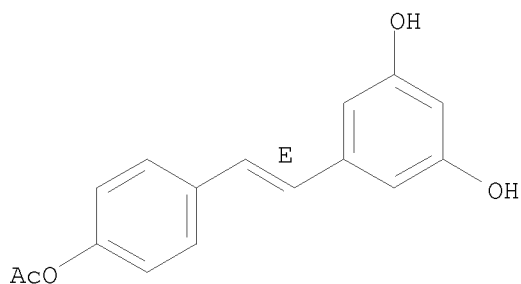
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(chemo-enzymic preparation and cell-growth inhibition activity of resveratrol analogs against androgen-non-responsive DU-145 human prostate cancer cells)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (22 CITINGS)  
REFERENCE COUNT: 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 35 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:34616 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:114303

TITLE: Carotenoid ester analogs or derivatives for controlling connexin 43 expression

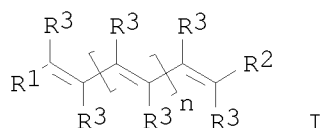
INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel Fournier; O'Malley, Sean; Watumull, David G.; Hix, Laura M.; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski,



PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Geoff  
 SOURCE: USA  
 U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 135 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.  
 Ser. No. 629,538.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 16  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20050009930	A1	20050113	US 2004-793686	20040304
US 20040162329	A1	20040819	US 2003-629538	20030729
US 7145025	B2	20061205		
US 20050065097	A1	20050324	US 2004-793696	20040304
US 20050075337	A1	20050407	US 2004-793702	20040304
US 20060229446	A1	20061012	US 2006-357897	20060217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-399194P	P 20020729
			US 2003-467973P	P 20030505
			US 2003-472831P	P 20030522
			US 2003-473741P	P 20030528
			US 2003-485304P	P 20030703
			US 2003-629538	A2 20030729

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:114303  
 GI



AB The preparation and evaluation of carotenoid derivs. I (R1, R2 = independently an acyclic alkene comprising at least one substituent, or a cyclic ring comprising at least one substituent; R3 = independently H or Me; n = 5-12) as inhibitors of connexin 43 expression for the treatment of cardiac arrhythmia and cancers. Thus, astaxanthin in CH2Cl2 was treated with DIPEA and succinic anhydride to yield the corresponding disuccinic ester.

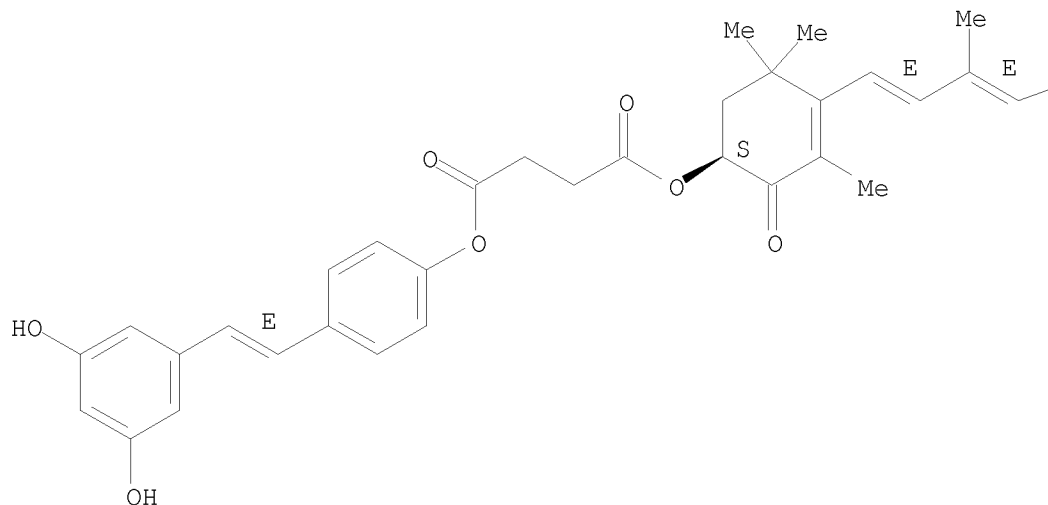
IT 653566-06-4P 653566-07-5P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of carotenoid analogs as antioxidants for the inhibition and amelioration of liver disease)

RN 653566-06-4 CAPLUS

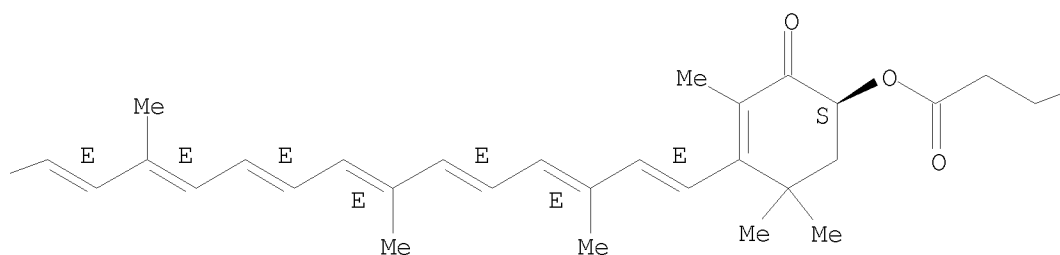
CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
 3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



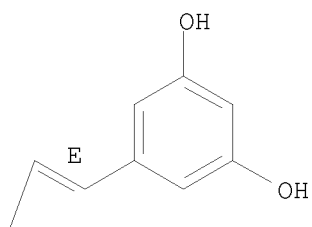
PAGE 1-C

CO<sub>2</sub>H

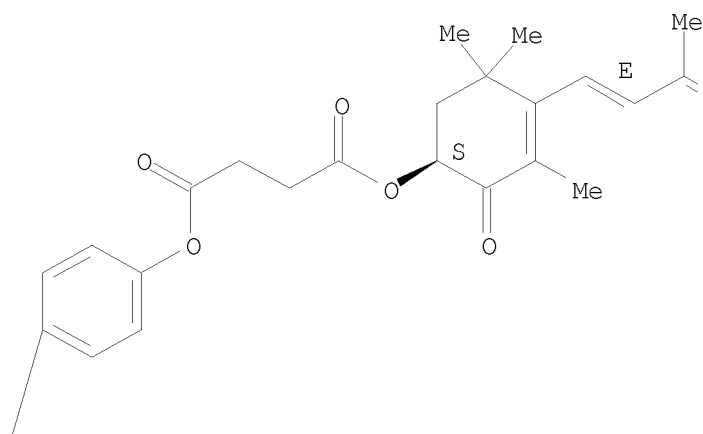
RN 653566-07-5 CAPLUS  
 CN  $\beta$ ,  $\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
 3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
 dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry as shown.

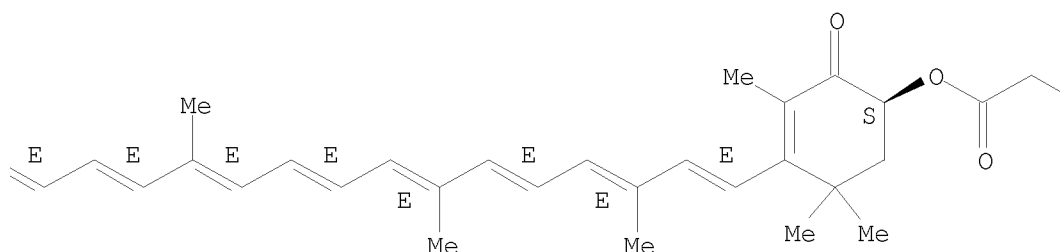
PAGE 1-C



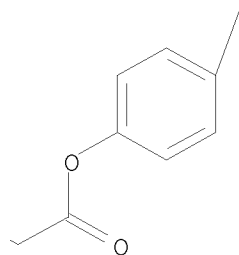
PAGE 2-A



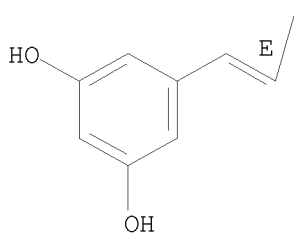
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(3 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 36 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:34594 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:114302  
TITLE: Carotenoid ester analogs or derivatives for  
controlling connexin 43 expression  
INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel Fournier; O'Malley, Sean; Watumull,  
David G.; Hix, Laura M.; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski,  
Geoff  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 133 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 629,538.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

16

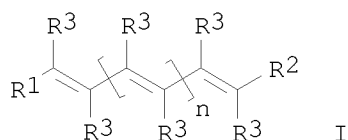
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20050009788	A1	20050113	US 2004-793697	20040304
US 20040162329	A1	20040819	US 2003-629538	20030729
US 7145025	B2	20061205		
US 20050065097	A1	20050324	US 2004-793696	20040304
US 20050075337	A1	20050407	US 2004-793702	20040304
US 20060229446	A1	20061012	US 2006-357897	20060217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-399194P	P 20020729
			US 2003-467973P	P 20030505
			US 2003-472831P	P 20030522
			US 2003-473741P	P 20030528
			US 2003-485304P	P 20030703
			US 2003-629538	A2 20030729

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 142:114302

GI



AB The preparation and evaluation of carotenoid derivs. I (R1, R2 = independently an acyclic alkene comprising at least one substituent, or a cyclic ring comprising at least one substituent; R3 = independently H or Me; n = 5-12) as inhibitors of connexin 43 expression for the treatment of cardiac arrhythmia and cancers. Thus, astaxanthin in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was treated with DIPEA and succinic anhydride to yield the corresponding disuccinic ester.

IT 653566-06-4P 653566-07-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of carotenoid analogs as antioxidants for the inhibition and amelioration of liver disease)

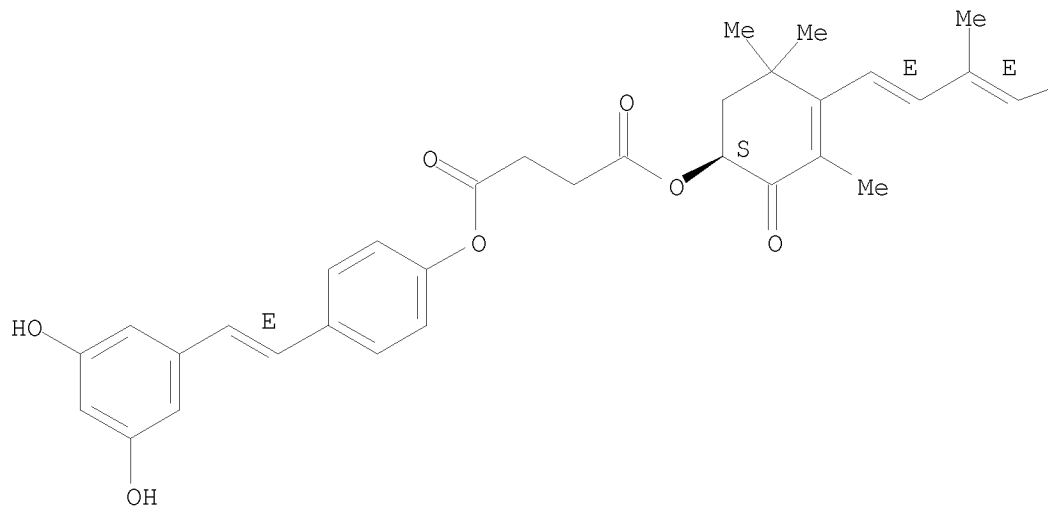
RN 653566-06-4 CAPLUS

CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

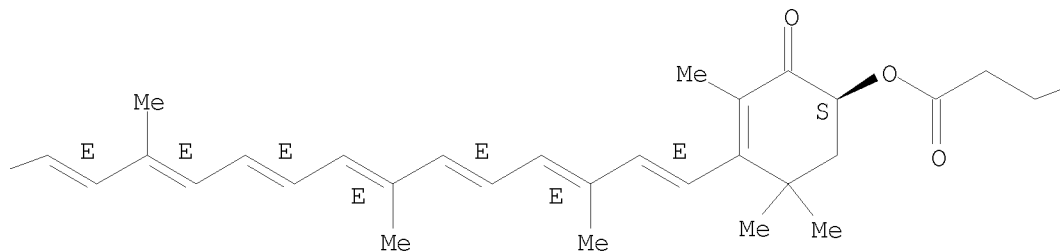
Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



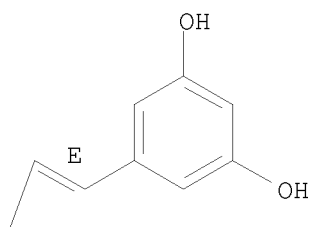
PAGE 1-C

—CO<sub>2</sub>H

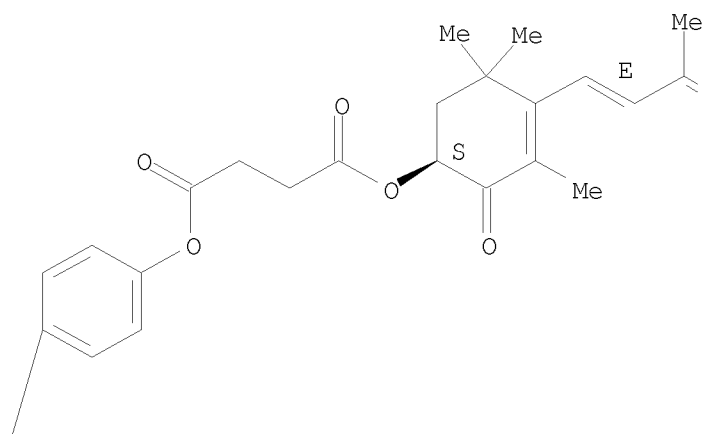
RN 653566-07-5 CAPLUS  
 CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
 3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
 dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry as shown.

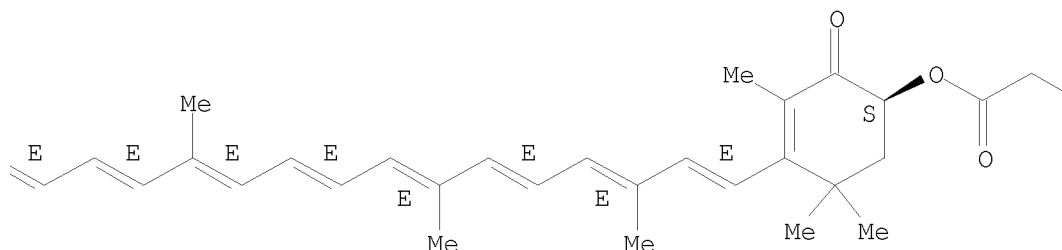
PAGE 1-C



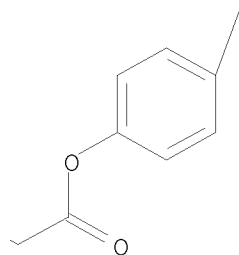
PAGE 2-A



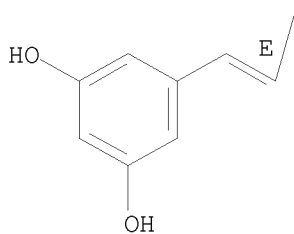
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(3 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 37 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:34587 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:114301

TITLE: Carotenoid ether analogs or derivatives for the inhibition and amelioration of diseases associated with reactive radical species

INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel Fournier; O'Malley, Sean; Watumull, David G.; Hix, Laura M.; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski, Geoff

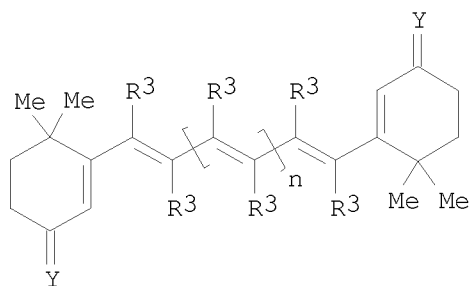
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cardax Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA



SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 125 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 629,538.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 16  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20050009758	A1	20050113	US 2004-793671	20040304
US 7345091	B2	20080318		
US 20040162329	A1	20040819	US 2003-629538	20030729
US 7145025	B2	20061205		
US 20050065097	A1	20050324	US 2004-793696	20040304
US 20050075337	A1	20050407	US 2004-793702	20040304
US 20060229446	A1	20061012	US 2006-357897	20060217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-399194P	P 20020729
			US 2003-467973P	P 20030505
			US 2003-472831P	P 20030522
			US 2003-473741P	P 20030528
			US 2003-485304P	P 20030703
			US 2003-629538	A2 20030729

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:114301  
 GI



I

AB A method for inhibiting and/or ameliorating the occurrence of diseases associated with reactive oxygen species, reactive nitrogen species, radicals and/or non-radicals in a subject whereby a subject is administered a carotenoid analog or derivative of structure I ( $n = 5-12$ ;  $R^3 = H$  or  $Me$ ;  $Y = O$  or  $H_2$ ,  $X =$  phosphate, sulfate, sugar, amine alkyl, acid, etc.) either alone or in combination with another carotenoid analog or derivative, or co-antioxidant formulation. Thus, astaxanthin is treated with succinic anhydride and DIPEA to yield the corresponding disuccinic acid ester. The analog or derivative is administered such that the subject's risk of experiencing diseases associated with reactive oxygen species, reactive nitrogen species, radicals and/or non-radicals may be thereby reduced. The analog or analog combination may be administered to a subject for the inhibition and/or amelioration of any disease that involves production of reactive oxygen species, reactive nitrogen species, radicals and/or non-radicals.

IT 653566-06-4P 653566-07-5P

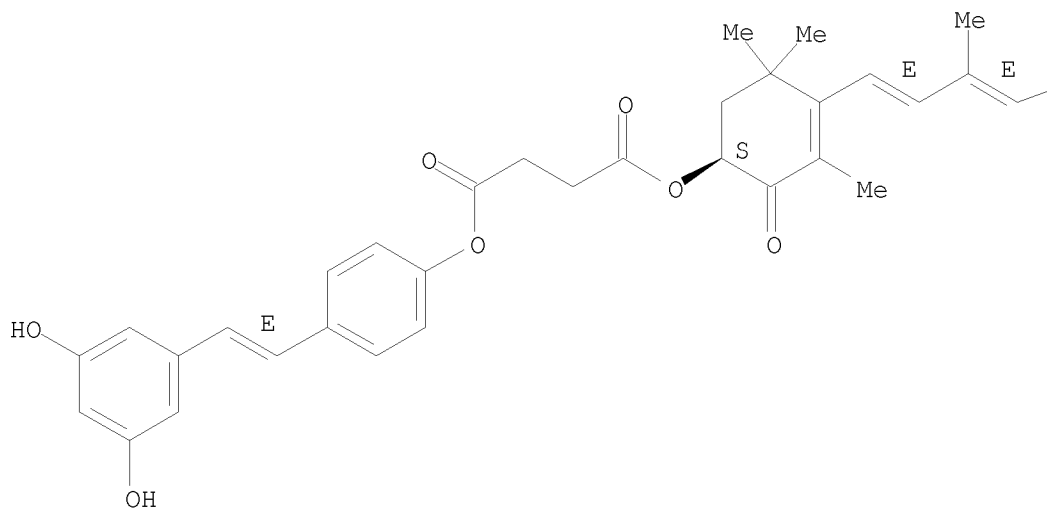
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of carotenoid analogs as antioxidants for the inhibition and amelioration of liver disease)

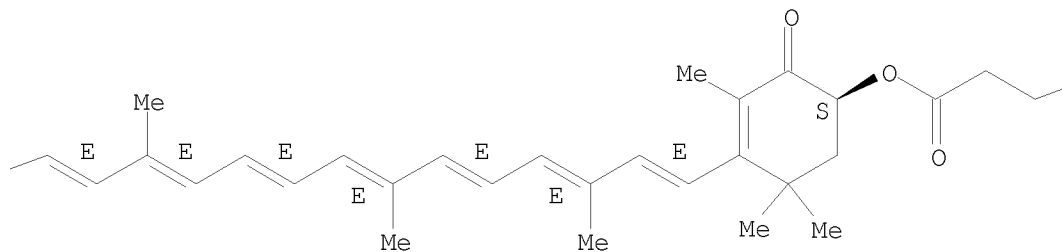
RN 653566-06-4 CAPLUS

CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C

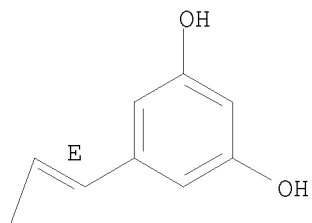
—CO<sub>2</sub>H

RN 653566-07-5 CAPLUS

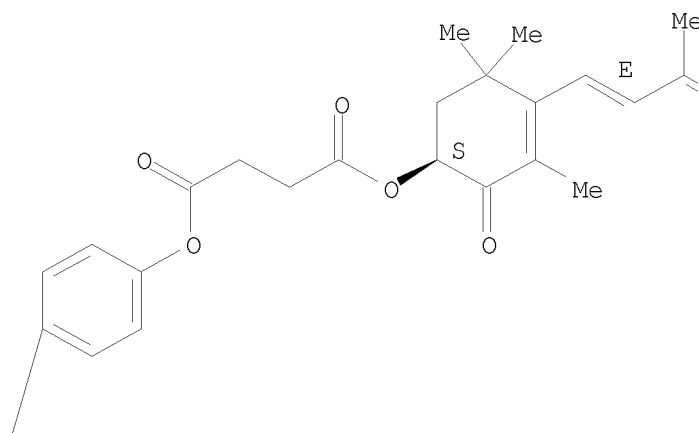
CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.

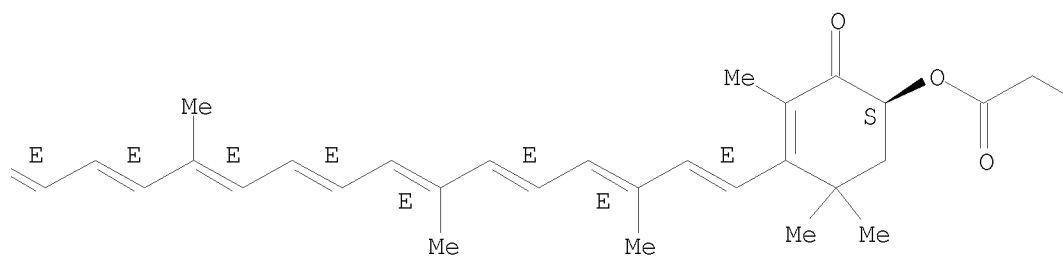
PAGE 1-C



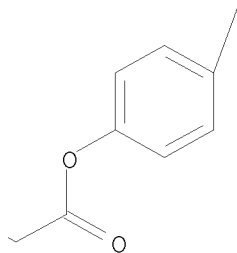
PAGE 2-A



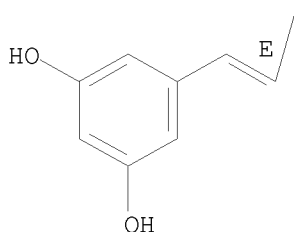
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3 CITINGS)  
REFERENCE COUNT: 422 THERE ARE 422 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 38 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:29238 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:127624  
TITLE: Compositions for manipulating the lifespan and stress response of cells and organisms  
INVENTOR(S): Sinclair, David A.; Howitz, Konrad T.; Zipkin, Robert E.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): President and Fellows of Harvard College, USA; Biomol International L.P.  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 224 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005002672	A2	20050113	WO 2004-US21465	20040701
WO 2005002672	A3	20051110		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,

TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,  
 AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,  
 EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,  
 SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,  
 SN, TD, TG

AU 2004253579 A1 20050113 AU 2004-253579 20040701  
 CA 2529510 A1 20050113 CA 2004-2529510 20040701  
 US 20060084135 A1 20060420 US 2004-884062 20040701  
 EP 1648437 A2 20060426 EP 2004-777536 20040701

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR

JP 2007530417 T 20071101 JP 2006-518817 20040701  
 JP 2007326872 A 20071220 JP 2007-203287 20070803

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2003-483949P P 20030701  
 US 2003-532158P P 20031223  
 JP 2006-518817 A3 20040701  
 WO 2004-US21465 W 20040701

AB Provided herein are methods and compns. for modulating the activity of  
 sirtuin deacetylase protein family members; p53 activity; apoptosis;  
 lifespan and sensitivity to stress of cells and organisms. Exemplary  
 methods comprise contacting a cell with an activating compound, such as a  
 flavone, stilbene, flavanone, isoflavone, catechin, chalcone, tannin or  
 anthocyanidin; or an inhibitory compound, such as a sphingolipid, e.g.,  
 sphingosine.

IT 411233-11-9, BML 221

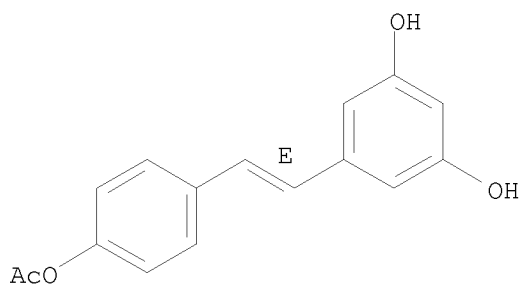
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(sirtuin deacetylase-modulating compns. for manipulating the lifespan  
 and stress response of cells and organisms)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
 (5 CITINGS)  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 39 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:17025 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:94006

TITLE: Carotenoid analogs or derivatives for the inhibition  
 and amelioration of liver disease

INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel Fournier; O'Malley, Sean; Watumull, David G.; Hix, Laura M.; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski, Geoff

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 140 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 629,538.  
CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

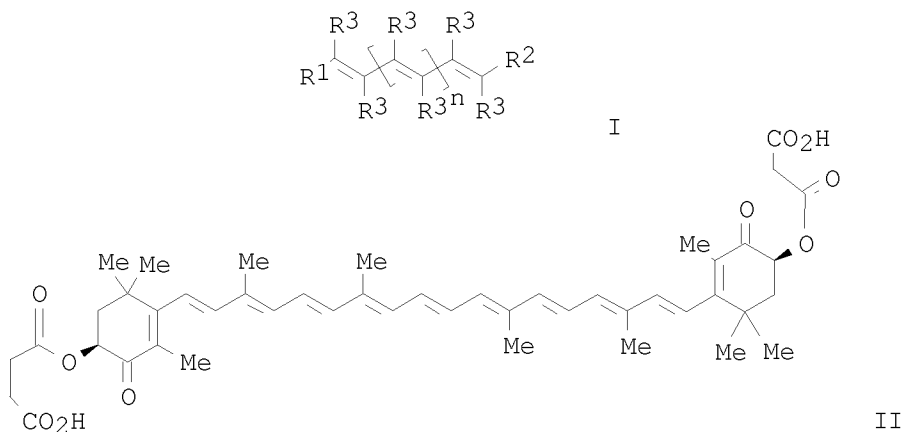
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 16

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20050004235	A1	20050106	US 2004-793675	20040304
US 20040162329	A1	20040819	US 2003-629538	20030729
US 7145025	B2	20061205		
US 20050065097	A1	20050324	US 2004-793696	20040304
US 20050075337	A1	20050407	US 2004-793702	20040304
US 20060229446	A1	20061012	US 2006-357897	20060217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-399194P	P 20020729
			US 2003-467973P	P 20030505
			US 2003-472831P	P 20030522
			US 2003-473741P	P 20030528
			US 2003-485304P	P 20030703
			US 2003-629538	A2 20030729

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:94006  
GI



AB The preparation and evaluation of carotenoid derivs. I (R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> = independently an acyclic alkene comprising at least one substituent, or a cyclic ring comprising at least one substituent; R<sub>3</sub> = independently H or Me; n = 5-12) as antioxidants for the treatment of liver disease is described. Thus, astaxanthin in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was treated with DIPEA and succinic anhydride to yield II.

IT 653566-06-4P 653566-07-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

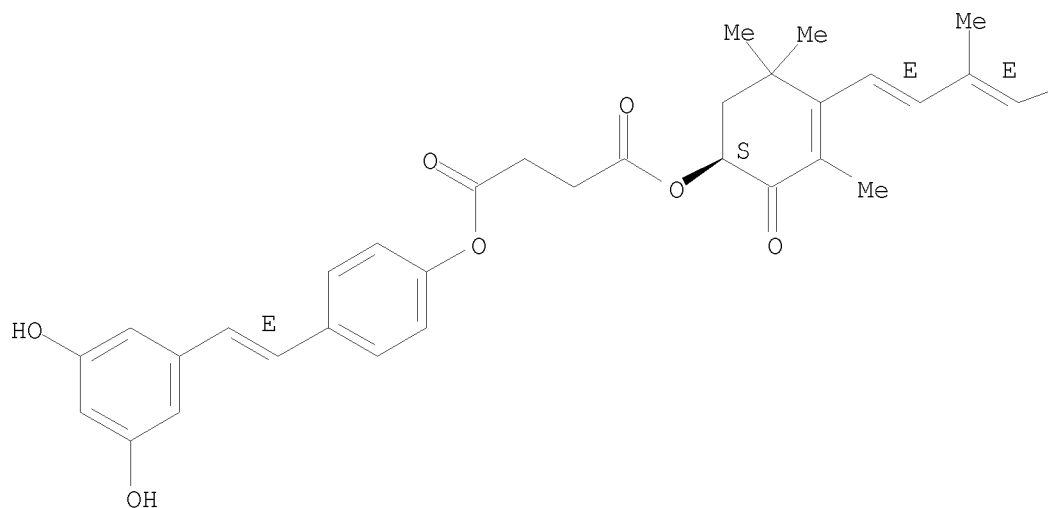
(preparation of carotenoid analogs as antioxidants for the inhibition and amelioration of liver disease)

RN 653566-06-4 CAPLUS

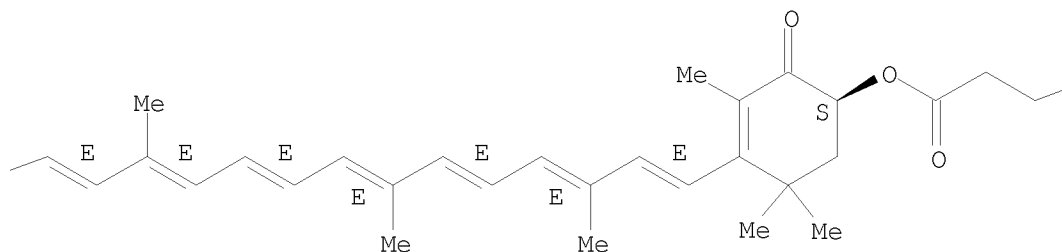
CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B





PAGE 1-C

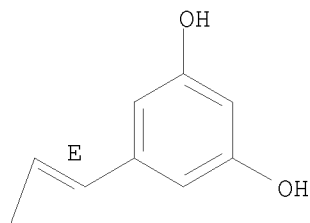
—CO<sub>2</sub>H

RN 653566-07-5 CAPLUS

CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

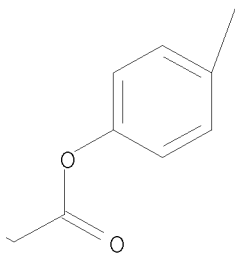
Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-C

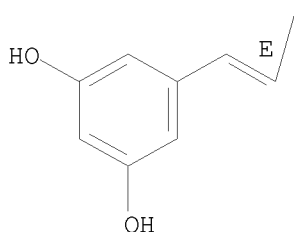


CC(C)=C/C=C/C1C(=O)C(C)=C(C1)C(=O)OCC(=O)Oc2ccccc2CCOC(=O)[C@H]1S[C@@H](C=C(C)C)C(C)(C)C1/C=C/C(C)/C=C/C(C)/C=C/C(C)/C=C/C(C)/C=C/C(C)/C=C/C

PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(3 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 40 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1059858 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:176350

TITLE: Hydrogen atom abstraction from resveratrol and two lipophilic derivatives by tert-butoxyl radicals. A laser flash photolysis study.

AUTHOR(S): Petralia, Salvatore; Spatafora, Carmela; Tringali, Corrado; Foti, Mario C.; Sortino, Salvatore

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dipartimento di Scienze Chimiche, Universita degli Studi di Catania, Catania, I-95125, Italy

SOURCE: New Journal of Chemistry (2004), 28(12), 1484-1487  
CODEN: NJCHE5; ISSN: 1144-0546

PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The reactions of tert-butoxyl radicals with resveratrol (1) and two acetylated derivs. (2 and 3) have been investigated by laser flash photolysis techniques in 1:2 (volume/volume) benzene-di-tert-Bu peroxide at room temperature. The transient absorption spectra of the phenoxyl radicals generated upon H atom abstraction by tert-butoxyl radicals from the phenols have been detected and assigned. The absolute rate consts. for these reactions have been evaluated to be  $45 \pm 10^7$ ,  $25 \pm 10^7$  and  $4 \pm 10^7$  M<sup>-1</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> for 1, 2 and 3, resp. The order of reactivity  $1 \geq 2 \gg 3$  has been rationalized in terms of the position and effect of the acetyl groups on the aromatic rings. Of the three OH groups present in resveratrol, the one in position 4' appears to be the most reactive due to the large stability of the corresponding phenoxyl radical by conjugation with the rings. However, in our system, the

H-atom-donating ability of resveratrol turns out to be inferior to that of  $\alpha$ -tocopherol by ca. one order of magnitude.

IT 411233-11-9, 4'-O-Acetylresveratrol

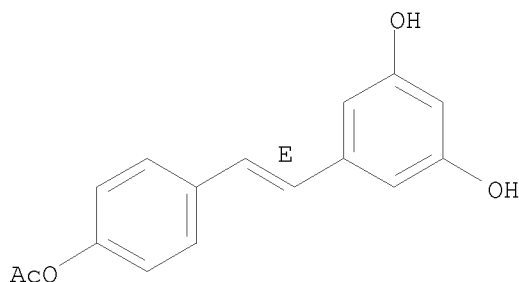
RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(laser flash photolysis study on hydrogen atom abstraction from resveratrol and two lipophilic derivs. by tert-butoxyl radicals)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (4 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 41 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:101126 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:164047

TITLE: Structural carotenoid analogs for the inhibition and amelioration of disease

INVENTOR(S): Lockwood, Samuel Fournier; O'Malley, Sean; Watumull, David G.; Hix, Laura M.; Jackson, Henry; Nadolski, Geoff

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hawaii Biotech, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 278 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

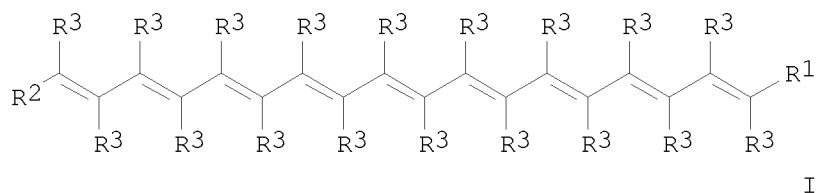
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 16

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004011423	A2	20040205	WO 2003-US23706	20030729
WO 2004011423	A3	20040506		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,			

KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,  
 FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,  
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 CA 2495167 A1 20040205 CA 2003-2495167 20030729  
 AU 2003256982 A1 20040216 AU 2003-256982 20030729  
 EP 1532108 A2 20050525 EP 2003-772051 20030729  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK  
 BR 2003013155 A 20050712 BR 2003-13155 20030729  
 CN 1708480 A 20051214 CN 2003-823260 20030729  
 JP 2006517197 T 20060720 JP 2005-505633 20030729  
 IN 2005DN00403 A 20090320 IN 2005-DN403 20050202  
 NO 2005000619 A 20050427 NO 2005-619 20050203  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-399194P P 20020729  
 US 2003-467973P P 20030505  
 US 2003-472831P P 20030522  
 US 2003-473741P P 20030528  
 US 2003-485304P P 20030703  
 WO 2003-US23706 W 20030729  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:164047; MARPAT 140:164047  
 GI



AB A method for inhibiting and/or ameliorating the occurrence of diseases associated with reactive oxygen species, reactive nitrogen species, radicals and/or non-radicals in a subject whereby a subject is administered a carotenoid structural analog I [R1, R2 = substituted acyclic alkene, ZW; R3 = H, Me; Z = unsatd. C4-10-cycloalkyl; W = XR, amino acid, ester, carbamate, amine, amide, carbonate, alc., phosphate, sulfonate, amine, sugar, glycoside, succinate, glycinate, carboxylate salt; X = O, S, N], either alone or in combination with another carotenoid analog, or co-antioxidant formulation. The analog or analog combination is administered such that the subject's risk of experiencing diseases associated with reactive oxygen species, reactive nitrogen species, radicals and/or non-radicals may be thereby reduced. The analog or analog combination may be administered to a subject for the inhibition and/or amelioration of ischemia-reperfusion injury. The analog or analog combination may be administered to a subject for the inhibition and/or amelioration of liver disease. The analog or analog combination may be administered to a subject for the inhibition and/or amelioration of cancer. The analog or analog combination may be administered to a subject for the inhibition and/or amelioration of cardiac arrhythmia and/or sudden cardiac death. The analog or analog combination may be administered to a subject for the inhibition and/or amelioration of any disease that involves production of reactive oxygen species, reactive nitrogen species, radicals and/or non-radicals. In one embodiment, a water-soluble and/or water-dispersible astaxanthin analog is particularly effective. This invention further

includes pharmaceutical compns. comprising structural carotenoid analogs either alone or in combination.

IT 653566-06-4P 653566-07-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

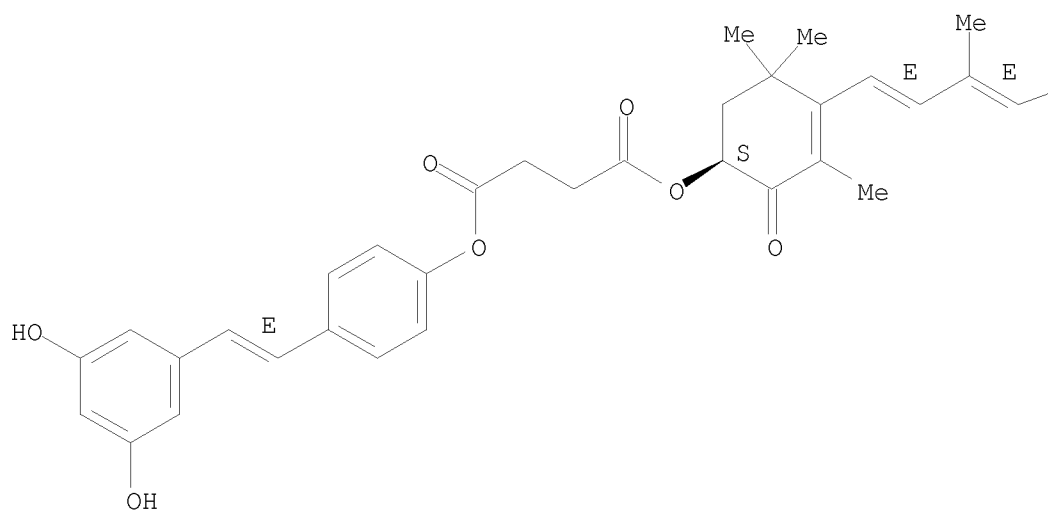
(preparation, bioactivity and pharmacol. of structural carotenoid analogs for the inhibition and amelioration of disease)

RN 653566-06-4 CAPLUS

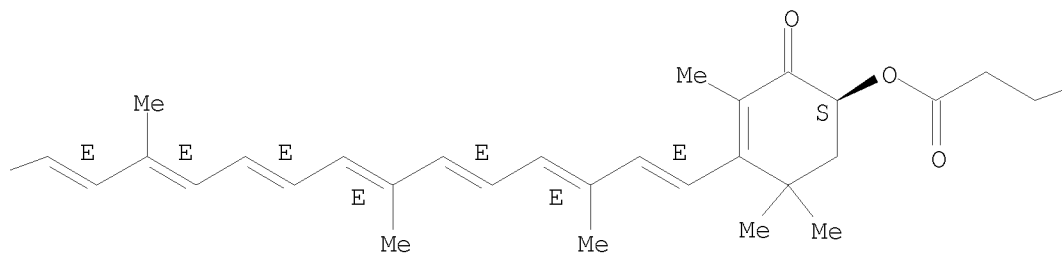
CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropoxy)-3'-[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C

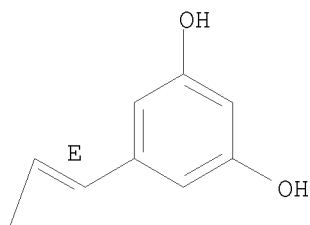
—CO<sub>2</sub>H

RN 653566-07-5 CAPLUS

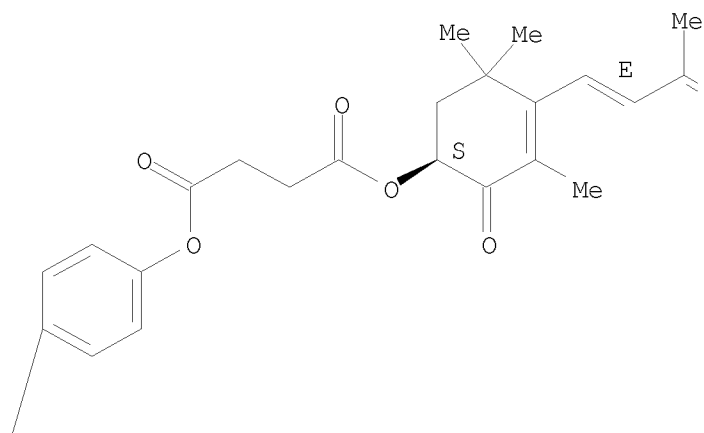
CN  $\beta,\beta$ -Carotene-4,4'-dione,  
3,3'-bis[4-[4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]-1,4-  
dioxobutoxy]-, (3S,3'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.

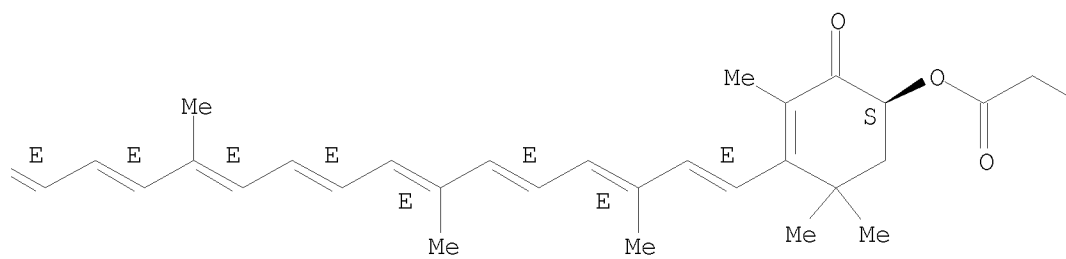
PAGE 1-C



PAGE 2-A

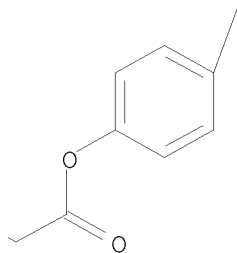


PAGE 2-B

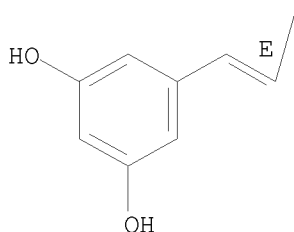




PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD  
(8 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 42 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:652131 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:214237

TITLE: Preparation of nitrate prodrugs able to release nitric oxide in a controlled and selective way and their use for prevention and treatment of inflammatory, ischemic and proliferative diseases

INVENTOR(S): Scaramuzzino, Giovanni

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Italy

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 313 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

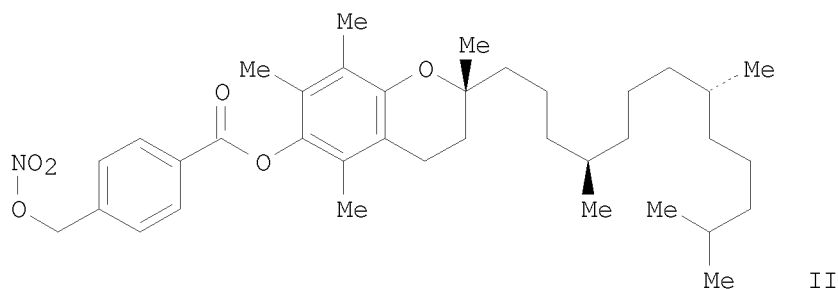
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
EP 1336602	A1	20030820	EP 2002-425075	20020213
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 2002-425075	20020213
GI				



AB New pharmaceutical compds. of general formula F-(X)<sub>q</sub> (I) [<sub>q</sub> = 1-5, preferably 1; F is chosen among drugs such as  $\delta$ -tocopherol, clidanac, diethylhomospermine, glucosamine, thymocartin, vofopitant, etc.; X is chosen among 4 groups M, T, V, and Y where M = ONO<sub>2</sub>, nitrate salt, nitrite ester, ONO, thionitrite, SNO, etc., T = OR<sub>1</sub>-M, OR<sub>1</sub>OR<sub>1</sub>-M, SR<sub>1</sub>NR<sub>2</sub>R<sub>1</sub>-M, NR<sub>2</sub>R<sub>1</sub>-M, NR<sub>2</sub>R<sub>1</sub>SR<sub>1</sub>-M, etc., R<sub>1</sub> = saturated or unsatd., linear or branched alkylene, having 1 to 21 carbon atoms or a saturated or unsatd., optionally heterosubstituted or branched cycloalkylene, having 3 to 7 carbon atoms or an optionally heterosubstituted arylene having 3 to 7 carbon atoms; R<sub>2</sub> = H, saturated or unsatd., linear or branched 1-21 carbon atom alkyl, saturated or unsatd. optionally heterosubstituted or branched 3-7 carbon cycloalkyl, optionally heterosubstituted 3-7 carbon aryl; R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> = OH, SH, F, Cl, Br, OPO<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>H, etc.; bond between F and T = carboxylic ester, carboxylic amide, glycoside, azo, thioester, sulfonic ester, etc.; V = Z-M<sub>2</sub>, OZ-M<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>2</sub>Z-M<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>1</sub>Z-M<sub>2</sub>, OR<sub>1</sub>-M<sub>2</sub>, OR<sub>1</sub>Z-M<sub>2</sub>, M<sub>2</sub> = M, R<sub>1</sub>-M, OR<sub>1</sub>-M, SR<sub>1</sub>-M, NR<sub>2</sub>R<sub>1</sub>-M; ZM<sub>2</sub> = COCH<sub>2</sub>CH(M<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>N+Me<sub>3</sub>, COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>COM<sub>2</sub>, COCH(NHR<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>M<sub>2</sub>, etc.; Y = 4-COC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>ONO<sub>2</sub>, O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>ONO<sub>2</sub>, COCH(NH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>ONO<sub>2</sub>, 3-OC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>ONO<sub>2</sub>, etc.] were prepared For example,  $\alpha$ -tocopherol reacted with 4-HO<sub>2</sub>CC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>ONO<sub>2</sub> to give the nitroxymethyl derivative II. The compds. of general formula I are nitrate prodrugs which can release nitric oxide in vivo in a controlled and selective way and without hypotensive side effects and for this reason they are useful for the preparation of medicines for prevention and treatment of inflammatory, ischemic, degenerative and proliferative diseases of musculoskeletal, tegumental, respiratory, gastrointestinal, genito-urinary and central nervous systems.

IT 586350-57-4P

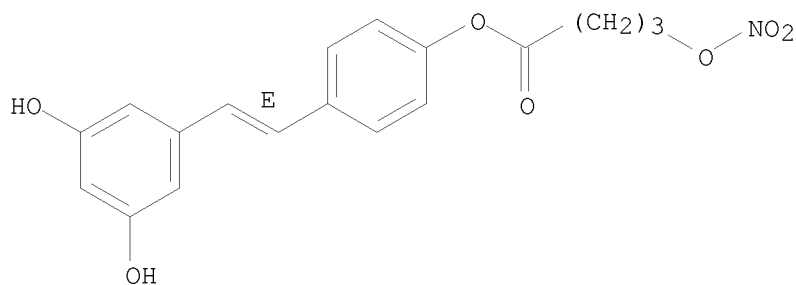
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of nitrate prodrugs for treating or preventing inflammatory, ischemic, degenerative, and proliferative diseases)

RN 586350-57-4 CAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-(nitrooxy)-, 4-[(1E)-2-(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (16 CITINGS)  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 43 OF 43 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:66575 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:308578

TITLE: Chemo-enzymatic preparation of resveratrol derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Nicolosi, Giovanni; Spatafora, Carmela; Tringali, Corrado

CORPORATE SOURCE: Istituto CNR per lo Studio delle Sostanze Naturali, Valverde CT, 95028, Italy

SOURCE: Journal of Molecular Catalysis B: Enzymatic (2002), 16(5-6), 223-229

CODEN: JMCEF8; ISSN: 1381-1177

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 136:308578

AB Regioselective derivatization of resveratrol (1) at positions 3, 5 or 4' was achieved by a chemo-enzymic procedure based on standard chemical reactions and esterification or alcoholysis in organic solvents catalyzed by the com. available *Pseudomonas cepacia* (PcL) and *Candida antarctica* (CaL) lipases.

IT 411233-11-9P, 4'-O-Acetylresveratrol

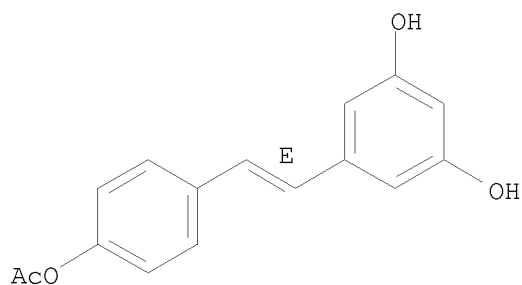
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(chemo-enzymic preparation of resveratrol derivs.)

RN 411233-11-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 5-[(1E)-2-[4-(acetyloxy)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS  
RECORD (11 CITINGS)  
REFERENCE COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=>

---Logging off of STN---

=>

Executing the logoff script...

=> LOG Y

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	243.52	429.62
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-35.26	-35.26

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 16:35:59 ON 20 AUG 2009